UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT JUNE 30, 2023 TOGETHER WITH AUDITOR'S INTERIM REVIEW REPORT



AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I of Section Three)

To the General Assembly of QNB Finansbank Anonim Şirketi;

Introduction

We have reviewed the unconsolidated balance sheet of QNB Finansbank Anonim Şirketi ("the Bank") at June 30, 2023 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the six-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated November 1, 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

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Basis for the Qualified Conclusion

As mentioned in Section Five Part II 9.4 of Explanations and Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements; the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2023 include a free provision amounting to TRY 6,000,000 thousand which consist of TRY 5,400,000 thousand provided in prior year and TRY 600,000 thousand recognized in the current year by the Bank management which is not within the requirements of BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, except for the effects of the matter on the unconsolidated financial statements described in the basis for the qualified conclusion paragraph above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial information do not present fairly in all material respects the unconsolidated financial position of QNB Finansbank A.Ş. at June 30, 2023 and its unconsolidated operations and its unconsolidated cash flows for the six-months period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation explained in detail in Section Three differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board including the application of IAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies as of June 30, 2023. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the unconsolidated financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Talar Gül, SMMM Partner

Istanbul, July 27, 2023

THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF QNB FINANSBANK A.Ş. FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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The unconsolidated financial report for the six months period ended, designed by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency in line with Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced and the Related Policies and Disclosures consists of the sections below:

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK
- UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES OF THE BANK
- INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- FOOTNOTES AND EXPLANATIONS ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INTERIM REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements and related disclosures and footnotes for the first six-month period are prepared and reviewed in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidances, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank. Unless otherwise stated, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY)**.

Mehmet Ömer Arif Aras Chairman of the Board of Directors Saleh Nofal Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee Ramzi T.A. Mari Member of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee

Noor Mohd J. A. Al-Naimi Members of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee **Durmuş Ali Kuzu** Members of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee

Osman Ömür Tan General Manager And Member of the Board of Directors Adnan Menderes Yayla Executive Vice President Responsible for Financial Control and Planning Ercan Sakarya Director of Financial, Statutory Reporting and Treasuary Control

Information related to the responsible personnel to whom the questions about the financial report can be communicated:

Name-Surname/Title: Elif Akan / Financial Reporting ManagerPhone Number: (0 212) 318 57 80Facsimile Number: (0 212) 318 55 78

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NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE GENERAL INFORMATION

I. Explanatory Note on the Establishment Date, Nature of Activities and History of the Bank

QNB Finansbank Anonim Şirketi ("the Bank") was incorporated in Istanbul on September 23, 1987. The Bank's shares have been listed on the Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") (formerly known as Istanbul Stock Exchange ("ISE")) since 1990.

II. Information About the Bank's Shareholding Structure, Shareholders Who Individually or Jointly Have Power to Control The Management and Audit Directly or Indirectly, Changes Regarding These Subjects During the Year, If Any, And Information About the Controlling Group of The Bank

A share sales agreement has been concluded between National Bank of Greece S.A. (NBG), principal shareholder of the Bank in previous periods, and Qatar National Bank Q.P.S.C. ("QNB") regarding the direct or indirect sales of NBG's shares, owned by affiliates and current associations of the Bank, at the rate of 99.81% to QNB at a price of EUR 2,750 million as of December 21, 2015. On April 7, 2016, BRSA permitted to transfer shares at ratios of 82.23%, 7.90%, 9.68% owned by National Bank of Greece S.A., NBGI Holdings B.V. and NBG Finance (Dollar) PLC respectively in the capital of the Bank to Qatar National Bank S.A.Q. in the framework of paragraph 1 of article 18 of Banking Law and dropping direct share of National Bank of Greece S.A. to 0% through the aforementioned share transfer. Necessary permissions related to share transfer have been completed on May 4, 2016 before the Competition Authority while permission transactions regarding direct/indirect share ownership which shall realize in related affiliates of the Bank (QNB Finans Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş., QNB Finans Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. and Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş.). Before the related official bodies on May 12, 2016 and share transfer of the Bank has been completed on June 15, 2016.

The Bank has decided to change the logo and the name of the company within the scope of the main shareholder change and brand strategies the new logo and the company name of The Bank has started to be used as "QNB FINANSBANK" as of October 20, 2016 and the company name started to be used with the registration of the General Assembly Resolution dated November 24, 2016 on November 30, 2016. According to the decision dated January 17, 2018 which was taken by the General Assembly. The Bank's trade name is changed from "FINANS BANK A.Ş" to "QNB FINANSBANK A.Ş" as of January 19, 2018.

Cigna Finans Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (Cigna Finans Emeklilik) as of June 2, 2023, its brand name has been changed to QNB Sigorta and its trade name has been changed to QNB Sağlık Hayat Sigorta ve Emeklilik A.Ş.

99.88% of shares of QNB Finansbank A.Ş. are controlled by Qatar National Bank as of June 30, 2023 and remaining 0.12% of related shares are public shares.

50% of QNB shares, which is the first commercial bank of Qatar founded in 1964 and has been traded at Qatar Stock Exchange since 1997, are owned by Qatar Investment Authority while 50% of related shares are public shares. QNB is operating over 28 countries mainly in Middle East and North Africa Regions as well as being the biggest bank of Qatar. Also with respect to total assets, total credits and total deposits QNB is the biggest bank of Middle East and North Africa.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

III. Information About the Chairman and Members of Board of Directors, Members of Audit Committee, Managing Directors and Executive Vice Presidents; Any Changes, and the Information About the Bank Shares They Hold and Their Responsibilities

		Date of	
Name	Titles	Appointment	Education
Dr. Ömer A. Aras	Chairman	April 16, 2010	PhD
Yousef Mahmoud H. N. Al-Neama	Deputy Chairman and Executive Member	May 28, 2019	Masters
Saleh Nofal	Board Member and Chairman of the Audit Committee	March 20, 2023	Graduate
Ramzi T. A. Mari	Board Member and Audit Committee Member	June 16, 2016	Masters
Fatma Abdulla S.S. Al-Suwaidi	Board Member	June 16, 2016	Masters
Durmuş Ali Kuzu	Board Member and Audit Committee Member	August 25, 2016	PhD
Osman Ömür Tan	Board Member and General Manager	January 1, 2022	Masters
Temel Güzeloğlu	Board Member	April 16, 2010	Masters
Yeşim Güra	Board Member	March 30, 2023	Masters
Adel Ali M. A. Al-Malki	Board Member	May 28, 2019	Graduate
Noor Mohd J. A. Al-Naimi	Board Member and Audit Committee Member	June 22, 2017	Masters
Adnan Menderes Yayla	Executive Vice President	May 20, 2008	Masters
Köksal Çoban	Executive Vice President	August 19, 2008	Masters
Dr. Mehmet Kürşad Demirkol	Executive Vice President	October 8, 2010	PhD
Enis Kurtoğlu	Executive Vice President	May 14, 2015	Masters
Murat Koraş	Executive Vice President	May 14, 2015	Masters
Engin Turhan	Executive Vice President	June 14, 2016	Masters
Cumhur Türkmen	Executive Vice President	June 11, 2018	Masters
Cenk Akıncılar	Executive Vice President	January 21, 2019	Graduate
Burçin Dündar Tüzün	Executive Vice President	December 1, 2019	Masters
Zeynep Kulalar	Executive Vice President	December 1, 2019	Graduate
Derya Düner	Executive Vice President	January 1, 2020	Graduate
Ali Yılmaz	Executive Vice President	January 1, 2020	Masters
İsmail Işık	Executive Vice President	January 18, 2023	Masters
Ahmet Erzengin	Head of the Department of Internal Control and Compliance	September 12, 2012	Graduate
Ersin Emir	Head of Internal Audit	February 18, 2011	Masters
Zeynep Aydın Demirkıran	Head of Risk Management	September 16, 2011	Masters

The top level management listed above possesses immaterial number of shares of the Bank.

IV. Information About the Persons and Institutions That Have Qualified Shares

Name Surname/Trade Name	Amount of Shares	Percentage of Shares	Paid-up Shares	Unpaid Shares
	2 245 002	00.000/	0.015.000	
Qatar National Bank Q.P.S.C. ("QNB")	3,345,892	99.88%	3,345,892	-
Other	4,108	0.12%	4,108	-

V. Explanations on The Bank's Services and Activities

The Bank's activities include trade finance and corporate banking, private and retail banking, SME banking, currency, money markets and securities operations and credit card operations. In addition, the Bank carries out insurance agency activities on behalf of insurance companies through its branches. As of June 30, 2023, the Bank operates through 434 domestic (December 31, 2022 - 434), 1 abroad (December 31, 2022 - 1) and 1 Atatürk Airport Free Trade Zone (December 31, 2022 - 1) branches. As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has 11,738 employees (December 31, 2022 - 11,427 employees).

VI. The Existing Current or Likely Actual or Legal Barriers to Immediate Transfer of Equity or Repayment of Debts Between the Bank and its Subsidiaries

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION TWO

UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Contingencies
- III. Statement of Profit or Loss
- IV. Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Statement of Cash Flows

UNCONSOLIDATED STAMENET OF BALANCE SHEET–ASSETS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

I. BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS

				Current Period 30.06.2023			Prior Period 31.12.2022	
		Section 5			TOTAL			
.		Part I	TRY	FC	TOTAL	TRY	FC	TOTAL
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET)		83,243,802	130,889,326	214,133,128	68,402,783	109,337,997	177,740,780
1.1 1.1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1)	39,080,279	112,428,452	151,508,731	20,619,505	93,032,986	113,652,491
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(1)	12,102,495	91,651,560	103,754,055	9,719,857	84,817,934	94,537,791
1.1.2	Banks	(3)	12,809,196	20,799,402	33,608,598	2,874,204	7,794,093	10,668,297
1.1.5	Money Markets Expected Credit Losses (-)	(4)	14,191,459		14,191,459	8,040,936 15,492	427,044 6,085	8,467,980 21,577
1.1.4 1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or		22,871	22,510	45,381	15,492	0,085	21,577
1.2	Loss	(2)	494,584	653,198	1,147,782	722,557	549,922	1,272,479
1.2.1	Government Debt Securities	(2)	168,317	163,786	332,103	429,424	239,920	669,344
1.2.2	Equity Securities		163,413		163,413	151,484		151,484
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		162,854	489,412	652,266	141,649	310,002	451,651
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other		102,001	107,112	052,200	111,015	510,002	101,001
	Comprehensive Income	(5)	24,272,173	11,872,220	36,144,393	29,670,635	10,468,015	40,138,650
1.3.1	Government Debt Securities		24,258,798	11,872,220	36,131,018	29,662,961	10,468,015	40,130,976
1.3.2	Equity Securities		7,674	-	7,674	7,674	-	7,674
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		5,701	-	5,701	-	-	-
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	(12)	19,396,766	5,935,456	25,332,222	17,390,086	5,287,074	22,677,160
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
1.4.2	Profit/Loss Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through		16,103,262	3,171,555	19,274,817	12,559,235	3,249,441	15,808,676
п.	Other Comprehensive Income FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT		3,293,504	2,763,901	6,057,405	4,830,851	2,037,633	6,868,484
	AMORTIZED COST (Net)		357,682,522	179,873,340	537,555,862	280,427,104	126,473,361	406,900,465
2.1	Loans	(6)	318,066,663	159,234,574	477,301,237	251,039,775	110,441,197	361,480,972
2.2	Lease Receivables	(11)						
2.3	Factoring Receivables	(11)	-	-	-	_	_	_
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized							
	Cost	(7)	56,468,987	27,007,190	83,476,177	41,598,971	20,364,334	61,963,305
2.4.1	Public Sector Debt Securities		56,468,987	26,903,569	83,372,556	41,598,971	19,872,597	61,471,568
2.4.2	Other Financial Assets		-	103,621	103,621	-	491,737	491,737
2.5	Expected Credit Losses (-)		16,853,128	6,368,424	23,221,552	12,211,642	4,332,170	16,543,812
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE							
	AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED							
	OPERATIONS (Net)	(15)	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1	Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	EQUITY INVESTMENTS		7,871,714	-	7,871,714	3,952,289	-	3,952,289
4.1	Investments in Associates (Net)	(8)	45,477	-	45,477	45,477	-	45,477
4.1.1	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates		45,477	-	45,477	45,477	-	45,477
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(9)	7,823,437	-	7,823,437	3,618,249	-	3,618,249
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		7,695,391	-	7,695,391	3,490,203	-	3,490,203
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		128,046	-	128,046	128,046	-	128,046
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	(10)	2,800	-	2,800	288,563	-	288,563
4.3.1	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		2,800	-	2,800	288,563	-	288,563
v.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		5,282,758	484	5,283,242	4,729,373	94	4,729,467
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		1,479,876	-	1,479,876	1,028,549	-	1,028,549
6.1	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2	Other		1,479,876	-	1,479,876	1,028,549	-	1,028,549
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	(13)	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSET	(14)	79,734	-	79,734	-	-	-
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	(14)	3,577,980	-	3,577,980	354,327	-	354,327
X.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	(16)	11,769,490	905,663	12,675,153	6,702,020	347,279	7,049,299
	TOTAL ASSETS		470,987,876	311,668,813	782,656,689	365,596,445	236,158,731	601,755,176

UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET–LIABILITIES AND EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

I. **BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY**

				Current Period 30.06.2023	1		Prior Period 31.12.2022	
		Section 5		30.00.2023			51.12.2022	
		Part II	TRY	FC	TOTAL	TRY	FC	TOTAL
I.	DEPOSITS	(1)	318,783,407	201,326,464		235,567,273	158,716,760	394,284,033
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(3)	274,348	74,150,361	74,424,709	361,183	41,292,134	41,653,317
III.	MONEY MARKETS	(4)	256,312	19,042,502	19,298,814	195,056	21,733,804	21,928,860
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(5)	2,315,739	28,271,136	30,586,875	4,655,384	23,284,322	27,939,706
4.1	Bills		2,315,739	8,522,176	10,837,915	4,655,384	5,911,335	10,566,719
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Bonds		-	19,748,960	19,748,960	-	17,372,987	17,372,987
v.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1	Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE							
	THROUGH PROFIT & LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		4,011,851	4,293,137	8,304,988	3,008,663	3,387,575	6,396,238
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through	(2)						
	Profit or Loss	(2)	4,003,972	3,581,582	7,585,554	3,008,663	2,942,187	5,950,850
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through							
	Other Comprehensive Income	(8)	7,879	711,555	719,434	-	445,388	445,388
VIII.	FACTORING PAYABLES						-	
IX.	LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	(7)	811,428	2,663	814,091	744,979	339	745,318
Х.	PROVISIONS	(9)	9,412,149	112,957	9,525,106	8,624,321	293,936	8,918,257
10.1	Restructuring Provisions							
10.2	Reserve for Employee Benefits		2,039,905	26,293	2,066,198	2,443,812	18,146	2,461,958
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)					-		
10.4	Other Provisions		7,372,244	86,664	7,458,908	6,180,509	275,790	6,456,299
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(10)	-	-	-	2,766,075	-	2,766,075
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND							
	ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(12)	-	24,281,874	24,281,874	-	17,127,724	17,127,724
14.1	Subordinated Loans		-	24,281,874	24,281,874	-	17,127,724	17,127,724
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES		21,526,444	18,752,206	40,278,650	18,843,473	16,886,646	35,730,119
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		55,971,203	(939,492)	55,031,711	44,937,472	(671,943)	44,265,529
16.1	Paid-in Capital	(13)	3,350,000	-	3,350,000	3,350,000	-	3,350,000
16.2	Capital Reserves		714	-	714	714	-	714
16.2.1	Share Premium	(14)	714	-	714	714	-	714
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.3	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not							
	Reclassified to Profit or Loss		(708,881)	-	(708,881)	(672,158)	-	(672,158)
16.4	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items							
	Reclassified to Profit or Loss		1,130,469	(939,492)	190,977	4,054,334	(671,943)	3,382,391
16.5	Profit Reserves		38,204,582	-	38,204,582	20,980,816	-	20,980,816
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		771,684	-	771,684	771,684	-	771,684
16.5.2	Status Reserves			-		-	-	
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		37,432,898	-	37,432,898	20,209,132	-	20,209,132
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves			-		_0,_0,,102	_	
16.6	Profit/Loss		13,994,319	_	13,994,319	17,223,766	-	17,223,766
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss			_			_	
16.6.2	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss		13,994,319	-	13,994,319	17,223,766	-	17,223,766
10.0.2			13,777,317		15,774,519	17,223,700		17,225,700
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		413,362,881	369,293,808	782,656,689	319,703,879	282,051,297	601,755,176

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

II. STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

				Current Period 30.06.2023			Prior Period 31.12.2022	
		Section 5 Part III	TRY	FC	TOTAL	TRY	FC	TOTAL
A. I. 1.1.	OFF BALANCE SHEET CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (I+II+III) GUARANTEES Letters of guarantee	(1), (2), (3), (4)	565,495,462 40,909,147 35,614,632	655,428,215 48,718,175 27,783,383	1,220,923,677 89,627,322 63,398,015	477,282,216 29,691,070 25,624,515	597,878,783 35,538,119 20,031,380	1,075,160,999 65,229,189 45,655,895
1.1.1. 1.1.2.	Guarantees subject to State Tender Law Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		917,128 16,233,339	255,981 27,527,402	1,173,109 43,760,741	884,755 12,326,738	188,383 19,842,997	1,073,138 32,169,735
1.1.3. 1.2.	Other letters of guarantee Bank loans		18,464,165 5,256,013	- 9,531,981	18,464,165 14,787,994	12,413,022 4,028,331	- 9,696,287	12,413,022 13,724,618
1.2.1. 1.2.2.	Import letter of acceptance Other bank acceptances		5,256,013	9,531,981	14,787,994	4,028,331	9,696,287	13,724,618
1.3. 1.3.1. 1.3.2.	Letters of credit Documentary letters of credit Other letters of credit		38,502 38,502	11,402,811 10,521,069 881,742	11,441,313 10,559,571 881,742	38,224 38,224	5,810,452 5,228,027 582,425	5,848,676 5,266,251 582,425
1.4. 1.5.	Prefinancing given as guarantee Endorsements		-		-	-		
1.5.1. 1.5.2.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Türkiye Other endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6. 1.7.	Securities issue purchase guarantees Factoring guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.8. 1.9.	Other guarantees Other collaterals		-	-	-	-	-	-
II. 2.1.	COMMITMENTS Irrevocable commitments	(1)	385,558,515 303,264,922	6,938,170 6,938,170	392,496,685 310,203,092	251,402,245 172,054,958	23,241,741 23,241,741	274,643,986 195,296,699
2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Forward asset purchase commitments Forward deposit purchase and sales commitments		541,047	5,816,368	6,357,415	4,018,129	10,831,566	14,849,695
2.1.5. 2.1.4. 2.1.5.	Share capital commitment to associates and subsidiaries Loan granting commitments Securities underwriting commitments		60,115,036	2,583	60,117,619	47,343,805	1,870	47,345,675
2.1.6. 2.1.7.	Commitments for reserve deposit requirements Payment commitment for checks		6,550,864	-	6,550,864	3,895,823	-	3,895,823
2.1.8. 2.1.9.	Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments Commitments for credit card expenditure limits		210,095 229,805,666	-	210,095 229,805,666	118,666 111,928,372	-	118,666 111,928,372
2.1.10. 2.1.11.	Commitments for promotions related with credit cards and banking activities Receivables from short sale commitments		248,635	-	248,635	109,533	-	109,533
2.1.12. 2.1.13.	Payables for short sale commitments Other irrevocable commitments		5,793,579	1,119,219	6,912,798	4,640,630	12,408,305	17,048,935
2.2. 2.2.1.	Revocable commitments Revocable loan granting commitments		82,293,593 82,293,593	-	82,293,593 82,293,593	79,347,287 79,347,287	-	79,347,287 79,347,287
2.2.2. III. 3.1	Other revocable commitments DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Derivative financial instruments for hedging purposes	(5), (6)	139,027,800 10,861,730	599,771,870 152,981,884	738,799,670 163,843,614	196,188,901 20,638,338	539,098,923 127,538,657	- 735,287,824 148,176,995
3.1.1 3.1.2	Fair value hedge Cash flow hedge		674,005 10,187,725	32,332,277	33,006,282 130,837,332	4,808,155 15,830,183	36,409,473 91,129,184	41,217,628
3.1.3 3.2	Hedge of net investment in foreign operations Held for trading transactions		128,166,070	446,789,986	574,956,056	175,550,563	411,560,266	587,110,829
3.2.1 3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency buy/sell transactions Forward foreign currency transactions-buy		13,514,059 11,918,436	25,535,199 6,793,169	39,049,258 18,711,605	10,544,244 10,071,714	19,818,125 5,490,339	30,362,369 15,562,053
3.2.1.2 3.2.2	Forward foreign currency transactions-sell Swap transactions related to foreign currency and interest rates		1,595,623 103,434,454	18,742,030 402,504,067	20,337,653 505,938,521	472,530 105,471,315	14,327,786 326,590,280	14,800,316 432,061,595
3.2.2.1 3.2.2.2	Foreign currency swap-buy Foreign currency swap-sell		350,691 61,058,365	156,607,455 85,073,216	156,958,146 146,131,581	6,408,566 60,927,351	132,828,947 75,675,597	139,237,513 136,602,948
3.2.2.3 3.2.2.4 3.2.3	Interest rate swaps-buy Interest rate swaps-sell Foreign currency, interest rate and securities options		21,012,699 21,012,699 8,080,876	80,411,698 80,411,698 10,486,301	101,424,397 101,424,397 18,567,177	19,067,699 19,067,699 58,709,719	59,042,868 59,042,868 58,732,290	78,110,567 78,110,567 117,442,009
3.2.3.1 3.2.3.2	Foreign currency options-buy Foreign currency options-sell		8,045,028 35,848	742,776 9,743,525	8,787,804 9,779,373	45,910,391 12,799,328	13,322,787 45,409,503	59,233,178 58,208,831
3.2.3.3 3.2.3.4	Interest rate options-buy Interest rate options-sell		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2.3.5 3.2.3.6	Securities options-buy Securities options-sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4 3.2.4.1	Foreign currency futures Foreign currency futures-buy		3,136,681 3,136,681	3,156,542	6,293,223 3,136,681	825,285	792,923 792,923	1,618,208 792,923
3.2.4.2 3.2.5	Foreign currency futures-sell Interest rate futures		-	3,156,542 3,816,722	3,156,542 3,816,722	825,285	3,570,022	825,285 3,570,022
3.2.5.1 3.2.5.2	Interest rate futures-buy Interest rate futures-sell		-	1,908,361 1,908,361	1,908,361 1,908,361	-	1,785,011 1,785,011	1,785,011 1,785,011
3.2.6 B. IV.	Other CUSTODY AND PLEDGED ITEMS (IV+V+VI) ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		2,164,212,251 56,288,295	1,291,155 999,575,382 37,643,232	1,291,155 3,163,787,633 93,931,527	1,761,989,623 41,319,622	2,056,626 700,599,629 17,448,913	2,056,626 2,462,589,252 58,768,535
4.1. 4.2.	Customer Fund and Portfolio Assets Investment securities held in custody		21,388,149 252,750	30,824,645	21,388,149 31,077,395	10,712,892 241,029	12,787,625	10,712,892
4.3. 4.4.	Checks received for collection Commercial notes received for collection		30,006,812 4,640,584	2,838,158 2,014,791	32,844,970 6,655,375	26,852,980 3,512,596	2,065,638 1,187,016	28,918,618 4,699,612
4.5. 4.6.	Other assets received for collection Assets received for public offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7. 4.8.	Other items under custody Custodians		-	1,965,638	1,965,638	125	1,408,634	1,408,759
V. 5.1.	PLEDGED ITEMS Marketable securities		1,187,230,438 6,144,999 807,511	538,246,079 27,256,889	1,725,476,517 33,401,888 2,104,131	994,474,840 5,758,007	388,564,158 25,835,961 505,077	1,383,038,998 31,593,968
5.2. 5.3.	Guarantee notes Commodity Warranty		807,511 1,042,989	1,296,620	2,104,131 1,042,989	754,876 1,005,497	505,077	1,259,953 1,005,497
5.4. 5.5. 5.6.	Warranty Properties Other pledged items		282,815,561 896,419,378	250,438,339 259,254,231	533,253,900 1,155,673,609	223,359,270 763,597,190	180,431,706 181,791,414	403,790,976 945,388,604
5.7. VI.	Pledged items-depository ACCEPTED INDEPENDENT GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		920,693,518	423,686,071	1,344,379,589	726,195,161	294,586,558	1,020,781,719
	TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)		2,729,707,713	1,655,003,597	4,384,711,310		1,298,478,412	3,537,750,251

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

III. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

		Section 5 Part IV	Current Period 01.01 - 30.06.2023	Current Period 3 Months 01.04 - 30.06.2023	Prior Period 01.01 - 30.06.2022	Prior Period 3 Months 01.04 - 30.06.2022
I.	INTEREST INCOME	(1)	41,809,957	22,466,640	24,046,830	14,579,750
1.1	Interest income on loans		30,107,784	16,413,765	16,192,924	9,296,229
1.2	Interest income on reserve deposits		238,188	68,405	130,135	18,641
1.3	Interest income on banks		364,152	257,762	27,882	19,834
1.4	Interest income on money market transactions		491,226	356,282	25,722	12,796
1.5	Interest income on securities portfolio		10,564,515	5,349,945	7,650,114	5,224,940
1.5.1	Financial assets measured at FVTPL		57,058	17,841	35,868	21,785
1.5.2	Financial assets measured at FVOCI		2,878,409	1,382,204	2,001,900	1,261,807
1.5.3 1.6	Financial assets measured at amortized cost Financial lease income		7,629,048	3,949,900	5,612,346	3,941,348
1.0	Other interest income		44,092	20,481	20,053	7,310
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	(2)	31,135,949	18,080,569	9,964,123	5,587,612
2.1	Interest on deposits	(2)	26,287,342	15,166,608	6,377,849	3,602,227
2.2	Interest on funds borrowed		2,866,581	1,785,863	1,129,039	638,941
2.3	Interest on money market transactions		729,965	426,568	1.281.795	881.811
2.4	Interest on securities issued		1,146,225	653,067	1,101,815	549,640
2.5	Interests on leasings		68,273	39,627	47,746	25,305
2.6	Other interest expenses		37,563	8,836	25,879	(110,312)
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		10,674,008	4,386,071	14,082,707	8,992,138
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES		4,776,407	2,812,351	2,514,270	1,450,666
4.1	Fees and commissions received		6,378,985	3,764,578	3,387,255	1,942,399
4.1.1	Non-cash loans		383,922	208,912	178,735	94,643
4.1.2	Others		5,995,063	3,555,666	3,208,520	1,847,756
4.2	Fees and commissions paid (-)		1,602,578	952,227	872,985	491,733
4.2.1	Non-cash loans		809	360	885	224
4.2.2	Others		1,601,769	951,867	872,100	491,509
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(3)	10,513	7,531	14,889	1,613
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME/LOSS (Net)	(4)	11,182,540	7,791,838	(402,229)	90,215
6.1	Trading account gain/losses		1,019,756	(436,922)	141,105	107,123
6.2 6.3	Gain/losses from derivative transactions		(2,783,112)	(3,218,099)	(3,469,404) 2,926,070	(1,828,243)
0.5 VII.	Foreign exchange gain/losses OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5)	12,945,896 1,697,316	11,446,859 74,925	2,926,070 185,347	1,811,335 128,622
VIII.	TOTAL OPERATING GROSS PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	(3)	28,340,784	15,072,716	16,394,984	10,663,254
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	(6)	6,976,042	2,910,355	2,999,836	2,002,213
X.	OTHER PROVISION LOSSES (-)	(0)	1,239,174	2,010,000	146,267	57,338
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		3,413,540	1,763,677	1,783,182	983,556
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(7)	4,578,093	2,345,543	2,160,918	1,166,980
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)	(.)	12,133,935	7,826,487	9,304,781	6,453,167
XIV.	INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGERS		-	-	-	-
XV.	INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING		1,562,475	1,011,250	586,154	345,607
XVI.	GAIN/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-	-	-
XVII.	OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES (XII++XV)	(8)	13,696,410	8,837,737	9,890,935	6,798,774
XVIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES OF CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(9)	(297,909)	1,475,971	2,275,435	1,566,439
18.1	Current tax charge		1,836,494	(337,041)	3,156,922	975,488
18.2	Deferred tax charge (+)		2,560,694	1,822,873	573,117	145,386
18.3	Deferred tax credit (-)		(4,695,097)	(9,861)	(1,454,604)	445,565
XIX.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (XVII±XVIII)	(10)	13,994,319	7,361,766	7,615,500	5,232,335
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-	-	-
20.1	Income from assets held for sale		-	-	-	-
20.2	Income from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-	-	-
20.3	Others		-	-	-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-	-	-
21.1 21.2	Expenses on assets held for sale Expenses on sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-	-	-
21.2	Expenses on sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures Others		-	-	-	-
21.3 XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX+XXI)		-	-	-	-
XXIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-		-	
23.1	Current tax charge		-	-	-	-
23.1	Deferred tax charge (+)		-	-	-	-
23.2	Deferred tax credit (-)		-	-	-	-
20.0	NET PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					
XXIV.	(XXII+XXIII)		-	-	-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(11)	13,994,319	7,361,766	7,615,500	5,232,335

QNB FİNANSBANK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

IV. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Current Period 01.01 – 31.06.2023	Prior Period 01.01 – 31.06.2022
т	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	13,994,319	7,615,500
л. П.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(3,228,137)	1,503,054
2.1	Not Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(36,723)	1,505,054
2.1.1	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets	(00,120)	
2.1.2	Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	(48,965)	4,697
2.1.4	Other Income/Expense Items not Reclassified to Profit or Loss		830
2.1.5	Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	12.242	10,583
2.2	Other Income/Expense Items to Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(3,191,414)	1,486,944
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Differences		-
2.2.2	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	(4,125,865)	368,596
2.2.3	Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges	(182,166)	1,396,635
2.2.4	Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5	Other Income/Expense Items to Reclassified to Profit or Loss	39,609	38,759
2.2.6	Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	1,077,008	(317,046)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	10,766,182	9,118,554

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY V.

		-						sive Income/Expense It fied to Profit or Loss	ems not	Other Comprehe	nsive Income/Expense Items Reclassifier or Loss	d to Profit				
		Section 5 Part V	Paid in Capital	Share C Premium	Share ancellation Profits	Other Capital I Reserves	Revaluation surplus on tangible assets	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	Other ^(*)	Translation Differences	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	Other ^(**)	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss I	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Total Equity
	Prior Period - 01.01 – 30.06.2022															
Ι.	Prior Period End Balance		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(213,835)	(10,108)	-	(1,608,182)	(355,345)	17,052,702	3,928,114	-	22,144,060
п.	Correction made as per TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(213,835)	(10,108)	-	(1,608,182)	(355,345)	17,052,702	3,928,114	-	22,144,060
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	16,887	(777)	-	376,958	1,109,986		-	7,615,500	9,118,554
v.	Capital Increase in Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
VII.	Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Χ.	Increase/Decrease by Others Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,928,114	(3,928,114)	-	-
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	3,928,114	(3,928,114)	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(196,948)	(10,885)	-	(1,231,224)	754,641	20,980,816	-	7,615,500	31,262,614

		Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not					ms not	Other Comprehen	d to Profit							
							Reclassifie	d to Profit or Loss			or Loss					
		Section 5 Part V	Paid-in Capital	Share Ca Premium	Share ancellation Profits	Other Capital 1 Reserves	Revaluation surplus De on tangible assets Act		Other (*)	Translation Differences	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	Others(**)	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Total Equity
_	Current Period - 01.01 - 30.06.2023															
I.	Prior Period End Balance		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(634,426)	(37,732)	-	1,851,783	1,530,608	20,980,816	17,223,766	-	44,265,529
п.	Correction made as per TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(634,426)	(37,732)	-	1,851,783	1,530,608	20,980,816	17,223,766	-	44,265,529
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	(36,723)	-	-	(3,094,400)	(97,014)	-	-	13,994,319	10,766,182
v.	Capital Increase in Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources				-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-
VII.	Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Х.	Increase/Decrease by Others Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,223,766	(17,223,766)	-	-
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,223,766	(17,223,766)	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(671,149)	(37,732)	-	(1,242,617)	1,433,594	38,204,582	-	13,994,319	55,031,711

(*) Accumulated amounts of share of investments accounted for by the equity method that cannot be classified as profit/loss from other comprehensive income with other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to other profit or loss.

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

VI. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Current Period 01.01 – 30.06.2023	Prior Period 01.01 – 30.06.2022
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM/(TO) BANKING OPERATIONS	50:00:2025	50.00.2022
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities	17,356,939	10,595,199
1.1.1	Interest Received	32,728,556	17,110,281
1.1.2	Interest Paid	(27,105,997)	(10,412,440)
1.1.3	Dividend Received	10,513	14,889
1.1.4	Fees and Commissions Received	6,398,035	3,422,664
1.1.5	Other Income	360,974	185,347
1.1.6	Collections From Previously Written Off Loans	1,124,417	1,229,616
1.1.7	Payments To Personnel and Service Suppliers	(3,658,139)	(1,685,955)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid	(70,882)	(2,430,277)
1.1.9	Others	7,569,462	3,161,074
1.2	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities	5,027,226	19,294,017
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	124,697	(236,198)
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks	(4,591,771)	(2,945,924)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans	(65,881,004)	(60,899,368)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	(3,636,469)	(1,019,954)
1.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits	9,517,698	(3,120,205)
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits	71,039,228	49,270,563
1.2.7	Net increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed	15,395,549	3,243,532
1.2.9 1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Matured Payables Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	(16,940,702)	- 35,001,571
I.	Net Cash Provided From/(Used in) Banking Operations	22,384,165	29,889,216
		22,504,105	29,009,210
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
п.	Net Cash Provided From/(Used in) Investing Activities	(4,672,742)	(14,689,031)
2.1	Purchase Of Entities Under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries	(981,000)	-
2.2	Sale of Entities Under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases	(1,073,094)	(460,739)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales	103,009	125,734
2.5 2.6	Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(16,342,713)	(8,990,333)
2.6 2.7	Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	22,175,937	2,960,350
2.7	Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(18,731,809) 10,628,255	(9,038,407) 901,285
2.8 2.9	Others	(451,327)	(186,921)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
III.	Net Cash Provided From/(Used in) Financing Activities	4,733,746	(4,370,136)
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued	3,260,636	10,811,857
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued	1,472,652	(15,147,239)
3.3	Capital increase		(
3.4	Dividends paid	-	-
3.5	Payments for finance leases	(2,087)	(2,295)
3.6	Other	2,545	(32,459)
IV.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	10,889,427	2,071,610
v.	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (I+II+III+IV)	33,334,596	12,901,659
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	72,781,418	47,100,231
VII.	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period (V+VI)	106,116,014	60,001,890

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Basis of Presentation

1. Preparation of the financial statements and the accompanying footnotes in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Principles Related to Banks' Accounting Applications and Maintaining the Documents

The unconsolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Law published in the Official Gazette no. 26333 dated November 1, 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and in case where a specific regulation is not made by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standards 34 ("TAS 34") "Interim Financial Reporting Standard" published by the Public Oversight Accounting for the format and detail of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements", published in Official Gazette no. 28337, dated June 28, 2012, and amendments to this Communiqué dated February 1, 2019 which include Turkish Accounting Standard principles.

Financial statements and the related disclosures and footnotes have been presented in thousands of Turkish Lira unless otherwise specified. The amounts expressed in foreign currency is indicated by the full amount.

2. Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements

The accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the interim financial statements are determined and applied, in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the BRSA and are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the annual financial statements prepared for the year ended December 31, 2022, excluding rearrangements mentioned in Note VIII. The accounting policies and valuation principles related with current period are explained in Notes II to XXVI below.

Financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, excluding financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income and subsidiaries and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with TFRS, the Bank's management is required to make assumptions and estimations about the assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and contingent matters as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimations are reviewed regularly, necessary corrections are made and the details of the effects of these adjustments are reflected in the profit or loss statement as explained in the related footnotes.

Due to the earthquake disaster occurred in Kahramanmaraş, Hatay and surrounding cities in February, the Bank took measures to maintain its existing banking services uninterruptedly. The Bank offered general banking services free of charge and postponed loan and credit card debt payments on an interest-free basis for its customers affected by the earthquake in addition to its supports to the earthquake region. In order to reflect the possible effects of the earthquake disaster in its financial statements, the Bank allocated additional expected loan loss provision for its existing loans in the earthquake region, taking into account the reasonable and supportable information it has.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements (Continued)

2.1. Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

In its accompanying unconsolidated financial statements, the Bank announced the Phase 1 amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39 and TFRS 7 within the scope of the Indicative Interest Rate Reform published by the POA in the Official Gazette dated Dec 14, 2019 and numbered 30978. It has been implemented since January 1, 2020.

In 2020, the International Accounting Standards Board and POA published Phase 2 standards regarding the reform and related amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16. In this context; as of January 1, 2022, the necessary changes/transitions regarding the reference interest rates have been completed.

Within the scope of the said reform; The Bank has transactions in the field of loans, securities, debt and derivative products and hedge accounting applications. With this; A significant portion of bank transactions are indexed to EURIBOR and USD LIBOR reference interest rates, and EURIBOR continues to be used after the transition. On the other hand; Overnight, USD LIBOR rates for 1M, 3M, 6M and 1Y grades, which continue to be announced until June 2023, are renewed with SOFR+spread as the interest renewal periods of the transactions come, and all changes have been completed within the scope of the relevant reform.

Considering the published standards and the Bank's portfolio of products under the reform, the benchmark interest rate reform does not have a significant impact on financial reports.

		Non-Derivative Financial
Current Period	Derivative	Instruments
USD LIBOR	212,753,955	37,973,841
Hedge Accounting Instruments	115,913,891	-
Total	328,667,846	37,973,841

		Non-Derivative Financial
Prior Period	Derivative	Instruments
USD LIBOR	163,431,174	31,878,547
Hedge Accounting Instruments	89,029,911	-
Total	252,461,085	31,878,547

2.2. Other

In TAS 29 Financial Reporting Standard in Hyperinflationary Economies, It includes threshold value to be taken as a basis for determining whether there is hyperinflation in an economy by considering the economies with high inflation and it is explained how to adjust the financial statements of the companies whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy, according to inflation. On the date of January 20, 2022, POA, Financial Reporting Standards, made a statement on whether to apply the Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ("TAS 29") Standard within the scope of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that businesses applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29. As of the preparation date of these financial statements, no new disclosure has been made by POA within the scope of TAS 29, and no inflation adjustment has been made according to TAS 29 while preparing the financial statements dated June 30, 2023.

TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts Standard was published in the Official Gazette dated February 16, 2019 and numbered 30688 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority and is valid for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. This standard replaces TFRS 4, which currently allows for a wide variety of applications. The related standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank as of June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements (Continued)

Regarding the partnership share in QNB Sağlık Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş., whose 49% capital is owned by the Parent Bank, with the decision of Bank's Board of Directors, 22,950,000 shares with a total nominal value of TRY 22,950,000, which is owned by Cigna Nederland Gamma BV and corresponds to 51% of the capital of QNB Sağlık Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş., was decided to be purchased with a price of TRY 981,000,000 (in full TRY). In this context, a Share Purchase Agreement was signed with Cigna Nederland Gamma BV on October 21, 2022. The said share transfer transaction was realized with the General Assembly held on December 21, 2022, after the necessary permissions were obtained, but due to the fact that the original of the document subject to the transfer could not be found, the decision was made by the Bank for the cancellation of the document. The registration of the General Assembly regarding the share transfer was completed on January 13, 2023.

QNB Sağlık Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş., which has been a "Joint Venture" and has been accounted for using the equity method in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022, became a "Subsidiary" as of the reporting date and accounted for using the equity method in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

As explained in detail above, 51% of the Bank's subsidiary QNB Sigorta shares were purchased on December 21, 2022. Turkish Financial Reporting Standard No. 3 ("TFRS 3"), which is about business combinations, requires the acquisition price to be accounted for by distributing the identifiable assets and assumed identifiable liabilities, including the intangible assets of the acquired business, to their fair values at the acquisition date. The studies initiated by the Bank by appointing independent valuation companies in order to determine the fair value, distribution of the purchase price and the determination of the goodwill amount that may occur have not been completed at the report date of the approval of these unconsolidated financial statements, additionally, in the unconsolidated financial statements, provisional amounts are reported for items that have not been accounted for in accordance with TFRS 3 paragraph 45.

The profit/loss calculation arising from the change of control is as follows:

Purchase price of additional QNB Sigorta shares (51%)	981,000
Fair value of QNB Sigorta shares held by the Bank before the acquisition (49%)	1,275,521
	2,256,521
Fair value of net assets controlled (100%)	2,603,105
Gain from bargaining purchase	346,584
Carrying value of QNB Sigorta shares held by the Bank before the acquisition (49%)	285,763
Fair value of QNB Sigorta shares held by the Bank before the acquisition (49%)	1,275,521
Value increase in shares owned before the acquisition	989,758
Net profit resulting from the change of control	1,336,342

The temporary determined fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition within the scope of TFRS 3 are as follows:

Assets	4,340,559
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,124,051
Agency Contract	2,130,246
Other Assets	1,086,262
Liabilities	1,737,454
Trade Payables	96,264
Insurance Technical Provisions	1,443,976
Tax Liability	68,541
Other Liabilities	128,673
Net Assets Defined at Fair Value	2,603,105
Carrying value of QNB Sigorta shares held by the Bank before the acquisition (49%)	(285,763)
Net profit as a result of control transfer	(1,336,342)
Purchase price of additional QNB Sigorta shares (51%)	981,000

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

II. Strategy for the Use of Financial Instruments and the Foreign Currency Transactions

1. Strategy for the use of financial instruments

The major funding sources of the Bank are customer deposits, bond issues and funds borrowed from international markets. The customer deposits bear fixed interest rate and have an average maturity of up to 3 months in line with the sector. Domestic bond issues are realized within the maturity of 6 months and foreign bond issues are based on long maturities with fixed interests. Funds borrowed from abroad mostly bear floating rates and are reprised at an average period of 3-6 months. The Bank diverts its placements to assets with high return and sufficient collaterals. The Bank manages the liquidity structure to meet its liabilities when due by diversifying the funding sources and keeping sufficient cash and cash equivalents. The maturity of fund sources and maturity and yield of placements are considered to the extent possible within the current market conditions and higher return on long-term placements is aimed.

Besides customer deposits, the Bank funds its long term fixed interest rate TRY loan portfolio with long term (up to 10 years) floating interest rate foreign currency funds obtained from international markets. The Bank converts the foreign currency liquidity obtained from customer deposit accounts and the international markets to TRY liquidity using long term swap transactions (fixed TRY interest rate and floating FC interest rate). Thus, the Bank generates TRY denominated resources for funding long term loans with fixed interest rates.

The Bank has determined securities portfolio limits based on the market risk limitations for money, capital and commodity markets. Products included in the securities portfolio are subject to position and risk limits. Position limits restrict the maximum nominal position based on the product. Risk limits are expressed in terms of "Value at Risk (VAR)" by taking the risk tolerance as a cap. The maximum VAR amounts are determined by interest and currency risk factors, which affect the securities portfolio that is subject to market risk, as well as determining the risk tolerance based on the total value at risk. The above mentioned limits are revised annually.

The strategies for hedging exchange rate risk resulting from the Bank's foreign currency debt securities which are categorized as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income explained in foreign currency risk section and the applications regarding the cash flow hedging of interest rate cash flow risk resulting from deposits are explained in the Interest Rate Risk section in detail.

2. Foreign currency transactions

2.1. Foreign currency exchange rates used in converting transactions denominated in foreign currencies and presentation of them in the financial statements

The Bank accounts for the transactions denominated in foreign currencies in accordance with TAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates". Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from transactions that are completed as of June 30, 2023 are translated to TRY by using historical foreign currency exchange rates. Balances of the foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities except for non-monetary items are converted into TRY by using foreign exchange gains and losses. Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at fair value are converted with currency exchange rates at the time of fair value measurement.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

II. Strategy for the Use of Financial Instruments and the Foreign Currency Transactions (Continued)

2. Foreign currency transactions (Continued)

2.2. Net profit or loss is included in the total foreign exchange differences for the period

The foreign currency position of the Bank and the profit/loss from the foreign exchange transactions realized are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of foreign exchange gains/losses and income/losses from derivative Financial instruments in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. While gain/loss from spot foreign exchange transactions are included in the profit/loss item of foreign exchange gain/loss on balance sheet, profit/loss from derivative transactions (forward, option etc.) for the purpose of hedging related transactions are included in income/loss statement of derivative financial instruments. Therefore, in order to determine the net profit/loss effects of foreign exchange transactions, two balances should be assessed together.

As of June 30, 2023, derivative financial transactions gain amounting to TRY 2,783,112 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 3,469,404 derivative financial transactions loss) and net foreign exchange gain amounting to TRY 12,945,896 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 2,926,070 net foreign exchange gain), excluding net interest income amounting to TRY 153,212 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 2,662,633 net interest expense) arising from derivative transactions, the net profit on foreign currency transactions is TRY 10,315,996 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 2,119,299 net profit on foreign currency transactions).

III. Information on Associates and Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control

The Communiqué Amending the "Communiqué on the Turkish Accounting Standard 27 (TAS 27) Concerning Individual Financial Statements" published in the Official Gazette dated April 9, 2015 and numbered 29321 came into effect for the accounting periods after January 1, 2016. While it is stated that a business that prepared its individual financial statements before the amendment can account for investments in its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates at cost or in accordance with TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard, with the amendment, while the business prepares its individual financial statements, its investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and affiliates are accounted for using the equity method. also has the opportunity to be accounted for.

The Bank decided to account according to the equity method within the scope of TAS 27, as the Bank considers that the equity method is a more reliable and accurate value representation of its financial subsidiaries in the unconsolidated financial statements than the fair value method, which is affected by the fluctuations in market conditions and for which it is not possible to make a sound calculation in terms of future projections.

IV. Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Bank enters into forward currency purchase/sale agreements and swap transactions to reduce the foreign currency risk and interest rate risk and manage foreign currency liquidity risk. The Bank also carries out currency and interest options, credit default swap and futures agreements.

Besides customer deposits, the Bank funds its long term fixed interest rate TRY loan portfolio with long term (up to 10 years) floating interest rate foreign currency funds obtained from international markets. The Bank converts the foreign currency liquidity obtained from customer deposit accounts and the international markets to TRY liquidity with long term swap transactions (fixed TRY interest rate and floating FC interest rate). Therefore, the Bank not only funds its long term fixed interest rate loans with TRY but also hedges itself against interest rate risk.

The Bank's derivative instruments held for trading and derivative instruments hedging purpose are classified, measured and accounted in accordance with "TFRS 9" and TAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", respectively. Derivative instruments held for trading and derivative instruments hedging purpose are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at fair value. Also, the liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative transactions are recorded as off-balance sheet items at their contractual values.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

The derivative transactions are accounted for at fair value subsequent to initial recognition and are presented in the "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" and "Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" the balance sheet depending on the resulting positive or negative amounts of the computed value. These amounts of derivative transactions presented on the balance sheet, represent the fair value differences based on the valuation.

Fair values of forward foreign currency purchase and sales contracts, currency and interest rate swap transactions are calculated by using internal pricing models based on market data.

Fair values of option contracts are calculated with option pricing models.

Futures transactions are accounted for at settlement as of the balance sheet date.

The Bank does not have either any hybrid contract contains a host that is not an asset within the scope of this standard or a financial instrument which shall be separated from the host and accounted for as derivative under this standard.

Credit derivatives are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another. The Bank's credit derivatives portfolio included in the off-balance sheet accounts composes of credit default swaps resulted from protection buying or sell.

Credit default swap is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to pay the protection value to the protection buyer in case of certain credit risk events in return for the premium paid by the buyer for the contract. Credit default swaps are valued daily at their fair values.

Upon valuation of derivative instruments that are not subject to hedge accounting, differences in fair value, except for currency revaluation differences, are recorded in the the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on Gains/Losses from Derivative transactions. These foreign currency valuation differences are accounted for under "Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses" account.

In cash flow hedge accounting

The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting using interest swap transactions to hedge its TRY and FC customer deposits with short term cyclical basis and subordinated loans and creditor loans which have floating interest payment. The Bank implements effectiveness tests at the balance sheet dates for hedge accounting; the effective parts are accounted as defined in TAS 39, in financial statements under equity "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income/Expense Items Reclassified to Profit or Loss" whereas the amount concerning ineffective parts is associated with the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

In cash flow hedge accounting, when the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked; the hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item are realized.

In fair value hedge accounting

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting within the framework of TAS 39 using swaps to hedge a portion of its long term, fixed rate mortgage and project finance loans against possible fair value change due to market interest rate fluctuations.

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting using interest rate swap transactions to hedge long term, fixed rate, foreign currency Eurobonds in financial assets which is classified as fair value through Other Comprehensive Income portfolio against interest rate fluctuations.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting to hedge itself against the changes in the interest rates related to long term TRY government bonds with fixed coupon payment in financial assets which is classified as fair value through Other Comprehensive Income portfolio using swap transactions as hedging instruments.

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting to hedge itself against the changes in the interest rates related to the foreign currency bonds issued by the Bank using interest rate swap transactions as hedging instruments.

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting through interest rate swaps to hedge itself against the changes in the interest rates related to the foreign currency borrowings.

At each balance sheet date the Bank applies effectiveness tests for fair value hedge accounting.

When the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked, adjustments made to the carrying amount of the hedged item are transferred to profit and loss with straight line method for portfolio hedges or with effective interest rate method for micro hedges. In case the hedged item is derecognized, hedge accounting is discontinued and within context of fair value hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of the hedged item are accounted in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As of September 30, 2018, the Bank terminated the hedge accounting for the fair value hedge of the fair value risk arising from the changes in the exchange rates for the real estates purchased in previous periods in foreign currency and the fair value of which is in foreign currency in the market and as of June 30, 2023, fair value exchange difference adjustment amounting to TRY 1,128,721 which is shown tangible assets in the balance sheet, is amortized over the economic life of the property subject to hedging.

V. Explanations on Interest Income and Expenses

Interest income is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equal to net present value of future cash flows or financial assets and liabilities) defined in the TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. When applying the effective interest rate method, an entity identifies fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate method of a financial instrument. Fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument are treated as an adjustment to the effective interest rate, unless the financial instrument is measured at fair value, with the change in fair value being recognized in profit or loss.

When applying the effective interest method, The Bank amortized any fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that are included in the calculation of the effective interest rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. In case an interest was accrued on a security before its acquisition, the collected interest is divided into two parts as interest before and after the acquisition and only the interest of the period after the acquisition is recorded as interest income in the financial statements. If the expectation for the cash flows from financial asset is revised for reasons other than the credit risk, the change is reflected in the carrying amount of asset and in the related statement of profit or loss line and is amortized over the estimated life of financial asset.

If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing receivable, the Bank applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods. Such interest income calculation is made on an individual contract basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. It is used effective interest rate during calculation of loss given default rate in expected credit loss models and accordingly, the calculation of expected credit losses includes an interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of "Expected Credit Losses" and "Interest Income From Loans" for calculated amount.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Fees and Commission Income and Expenses

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period.

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Instruments

Initial recognition of financial instruments

The Bank shall recognize a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognized and derecognized, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the settlement date.

Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of TFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers, at initial recognition, the Bank measures financial asset or financial liabilities at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit/loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Classification of financial instruments

On which category a financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

As per TFRS 9, the Bank classifies a financial asset on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Bank tested all financial assets whether their "contractual cash-flows solely represent payments of principal and interest" and assessed the asset classification within the business model.

Assessment of business model

As per TFRS 9, the Bank's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The Bank's business models are divided into three categories.

Business model aimed to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

This is a model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortized cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Receivables from the Central Bank, Banks, Money Market Placements, investments under financial assets measured at amortized cost, loans, leasing receivables, factoring receivables and other receivables are assessed within this business model.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Instruments (Continued)

Business model aimed to collect contractual cash flows and sell financial assets

This is a model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are assessed in this business model.

Other business models

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss in case they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss and derivative financial assets are assessed in this business model.

Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are classified in three main categories as listed below in accordance with TFRS 9:

- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aimed to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and in case of the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and measured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

According to uniform chart of accounts explanations interest income earned on financial asset and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as interest income in the statement of profit or loss. The differences between the amortized costs and the fair values of such assets are recorded under trading account income/losses in the statement of profit or loss. In cases where such assets are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under trading account income/losses.

The Bank has stocks, bills and bonds in portfolios of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss that are accounted in accordance with the Bank's business model.

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

In addition to financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

"Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassified to Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity. When the aforementioned securities are collected or disposed, accumulated fair value differences which were reflected under equity, are reflected in the the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

The Bank has inflation indexed (CPI) government bonds in its financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and measured at amortized cost portfolios. CPI government bonds that are constant throughout their lives and their real principal amounts are preserved from inflation. These marketable securities are valued and accounted by using effective interest rate method by considering the real coupon rates and reference inflation index at the issue date together with the index calculated by considering the estimated inflation rate as disclosed by the Turkish Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance. As disclosed in 'Inflation Indexed Bonds Manual' published by Turkish Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance, reference index used for the real payments is determined based on the inflation rates of two months before. The Bank determines the estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when necessary.

Some portion of the Eurobond portfolio which has been recognized as financial assets at FV through OCI are designated as fair value hedged items, hedged against interest rate fluctuations, starting from March and April 2009, hedged against interest rate fluctuations. Those securities are disclosed under financial assets at FV through OCI in order to be in line with balance sheet presentation. The fair value differences of Eurobond and TRY government bond hedged items are accounted for under "Trading Account Gain/ Losses" in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

In cases where fair value hedge operations cannot be effectively performed as described in TAS 39, fair value hedge accounting is ceased. After fair value accounting is ceased value differences, previously reflected to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are amortized through the equity until the maturity of related hedged securities. The fair value differences of related portfolio securities sold prior to maturity are immediately recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method. Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The Bank as explained in part IV, "Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities", performs FX swap transactions against TRY in order to hedge the possible losses which might arise due to the changes in the fair value of a certain portion of its long-term loans and applies fair value hedge accounting as per TAS 39. The Bank accounts for the hedged loan portfolio at fair value related to hedged risk, the swap transactions used as the hedging instrument at fair value and reflects the related net gain or loss to respective period's statement of profir or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the fair value hedge accounting cannot be effectively continued as stated in TAS 39, the fair value hedge accounting is ceased. The fair value differences of the hedged loans are amortized through statement of profir or loss and other comprehensive income until the maturity of the hedged loans.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Expected Credit Losses

The Bank recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets and loans measured at amortized cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit/loss based on TFRS 9 and the regulation published in the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated June 22, 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans" and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" effective from January 1, 2018. At each reporting date, the Bank shall assess whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. The Bank considers the changes in the default risk of financial instrument, when making the assessment.

The expected credit losses estimate is unbiased, probability-weighted, and includes supportable information about estimates of past events, current conditions, and future economic conditions. These financial assets are divided into the following three categories based on the increase in credit risk observed from the time they are first recognized in the financial statements:

Stage 1

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of expected credit losses on the 12-month default risk. It is calculated 12-month expected credit loss based on a probability of default realized within 12 months after the reporting date. Such expected 12-month probability of default is applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate. As of June 30, 2023, minimum probability of default of Basel II is used in the calculation for the expected loss of receivables from public institutions and organizations. Such calculation is performed for each of three scenarios explained below.

Stage 2

As of the reporting date of the financial asset, in the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses. The calculation method is similar to the one described in the above paragraph, but the probability of default and the loss rate in default are estimated throughout the life of the instrument.

Stage 3

Financial assets considered as impaired at the reporting date are classified as stage 3. The probability of default is taken into account as 100% in the calculation of impairment provision and the Bank accounts lifetime expected credit losses. In determining the impairment, the Bank takes into consideration the following criteria:

- Delay of over 90 days and impairment of creditworthiness.
- Collateral and/or equity of debtor is inadequate cover the payment of receivables on the maturity.
- In case the management believes that collection of receivables will be delayed by more than 90 days due to the macroeconomic, sector-specific or customer-specific reasons.

Calculation of expected credit losses

The Bank measured expected credit losses with the reasonable, objective and supportable information based on a probability-weighted including estimations about time value of money, past events, current conditions and future economic conditions as of the reporting date, without undue cost or effort. The calculation of expected credit losses consists of three main parameters: probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and exposure at default (EAD). PDs and LGDs used in the ECL calculation are point in time ("PIT") based for key portfolios and consider both current conditions and expected cyclical changes.

While the expected credit loss is estimated, two scenarios (internal bad, internal extreme bad) are evaluated. Each of these scenarios was associated with the different PD and LGD.

In addition, a certain portion of commercial and corporate loans is assessed individually in accordance with the internal policies in the calculation of the expected credit losses based on TFRS 9. Such calculations are made by discounting the expected cash flows from the individual financial instrument to its present value using the effective interest rate.

When measuring expected credit losses, it shall be considered the risk or probability that a credit loss occurs by reflecting the possibility that a credit loss occurs and the possibility that no credit loss occurs, even if the possibility of a credit loss occurring is very low. Such assessment is made by reflecting the estimate of expected credit losses which is unbiased and probability-weighted determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Expected Credit Losses (Continued)

Probability of Default (PD)

The PD represents the likelihood of a default over a specified time period. A 12-month PD represents the likelihood of default determined for the next 12 months and a lifetime PD represents the probability of default over the remaining lifetime of the instrument. The lifetime PD calculation is based on a series of 12-month PIT PDs that are derived from TTC PDs (Through the Cylce Probability Defaults) and scenario forecasts. It is used internal rating systems for both retail and commercial portfolios to measure risk level. The internal rating models used for the commercial portfolio include customer financial information and qualitative survey responses. Whereas behavioral and application scorecards used in the retail portfolio include; the behavioral data of the customer and the product in the Bank, the demographic information of the customer, and the behavioral data of the customer in the sector. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward looking macroeconomic parameters.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents an estimate of the loss at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. The LGD is calculated taking into account expected future cash flows from collateral and other credit enhancements by considering time value of money. LGD calculations are performed using historical data which best reflects current conditions, by formation of segments based on certain risk factors that are deemed important for each portfolio and inclusion of forward-looking information and macroeconomic expectations. LGD summarizes all cash flows from customers subsequent to default. It covers all costs and collections that occur during the collection cycle, including collections from collaterals. It also includes the "time value of money" calculated by means of deducting costs and additional losses from the present value of collections. The Bank bases its estimates on models for collateralized portfolios and on previous experience for unsecured parties, except for corporate loans that are assigned by the Basel Committee individually or as designated by the Basel Committee.

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The EAD represents an estimate of the exposure to credit risk at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. It represents the cash flows outstanding at the time of default, considering expected repayments, interest payments and accruals, discounted at the effective interest rate. Future drawdowns on facilities are considered through a credit conversion factor (CCF) that is reflective of historical drawdown and default patterns and the characteristics of the respective portfolios. While the expected credit loss is estimated, three scenarios (internal base, internal bad, internal adverse) are evaluated. Each of these scenarios was associated with the probability of different default and loss in default.

Consideration of the Macroeconomic Factors

Loss given default and probability of default parameters are determined by considering macroeconomic factors. The macroeconomic variables used in the calculation of the expected loss are as follows:

- Five years credit risk of Türkiye (CDS spread),
- Real GDP growth,
- Unemployment rate,
- Inflation rate,
- Five years government bond interest rate of Türkiye.

The stages were determined through the models created using internal information for the Bank.

The Bank revised its macroeconomic expectations and weights in the calculation of expected credit losses on March 31, 2023. Due to its nature, model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay, since the events causing the change and their effects occur at different times. For this reason, the Bank made individual valuations in order to eliminate the timing discrepancy and established additional provisions for the sectors and customers whose impact is considered to be high.

This approach, which is preferred in reserve calculations for the second quarter of 2023, will be revised in the following reporting periods, taking into account the impact of the pandemic, portfolio and future expectations.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Expected Credit Losses (Continued)

Calculating the Expected Loss Period

Lifetime ECL is calculated by taking into account maturity extensions, repayment options and the period during which the Bank will be exposed to credit risk. The time in financial guarantees and other irrevocable commitments represents the credit maturity for which the liabilities of the Bank. Behavioral maturity analysis has been performed on credit cards and overdraft accounts. With the exception of credit cards and other revolving facilities, the maximum period for which the credit losses are determined is the contractual life of a financial instrument unless there is the legal right to call it earlier.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Bank makes qualitative and quantitative assessments regarding assessment of significant increase in credit risk of financial assets to be classified as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk).

Within the scope of quantitative assessment, the quantitative reason explaining the significant increase in the credit risk is based on a comparison of the probability of default calculated at the origination of the loan and the probability of default assigned for the same loan as of the reporting date. If there is a significant deterioration in PD, it is considered that there is a significant increase in credit risk and the financial asset is classified as stage 2. In this context, the Bank has calculated thresholds at which point the relative change is a significant deterioration. In the quantitative evaluation of the significant increase in credit risk, the Bank considers the absolute thresholds as well as the relative thresholds as an additional layer. Receivables below the absolute threshold value of default are not included in the relative threshold value comparison.

The Bank classifies the financial asset as Stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where any of the following conditions are satisfied as a result of a qualitative assessment:

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date,
- Loans classified as watch-list,
- When there is a change in the payment plan due to restructuring.

Write-Off policy

Receivables that are classified as non-performing loans are collected primarily within the framework of administrative contacts with the debtors, and if no results are obtained, through legal means.

In accordance with the provisions of the "Regulation on the Amendment of the Regulation on the Classification of Loans and the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Classification of Loans and Provisions for These" published in the Official Gazette dated July, 2021 and numbered 31533, they are classified under the "Fifth Group-Loans with Losses" and are expected for life due to the default of the debtor. The portion of the loans for which there is no reasonable expectation of the recovery of the loan loss provision is deducted from the records within the period determined specifically for the situation of the borrower within the scope of TFRS 9, starting from the first reporting period (interim or year-end reporting period) following their classification in this Group. In this context, deducting the loans that cannot be collected from the records is an accounting practice and does not result in the waiver of the right to receivable.

The portion of the loan receivables that do not have reasonable expectations regarding the recovery of the following items is deducted from the records within the scope of accounting practice:

- Classified as "Fifth Group Loans with a Loss Qualification" under the regulation,
- The number of days of delay is at least one year,
- Lifetime expected credit loss provision has been made due to the default of the borrower.

The portion of the loans that do not have reasonable expectations regarding the recovery of the loans is determined by the internal organs authorized by the Board of Directors. Within the scope of this article, deducting the loans from the records is an accounting practice. Receivables are followed up by the relevant credit and operation teams before the customer.

Within the scope of TFRS 9, the amount written off by the Bank during the period is TRY 2,912 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 361,940) and the effect on the NPL ratio of the Bank is 0.00% (December 31, 2022 - 0.10%). While the NPL ratio is 1.89% (December 31, 2022 - 2.50%) with the current period non-performing loan figures, the calculated rate including the loans written off during the year is 1.89% (December 31, 2022 - 2.59%).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IX. Explanations on Netting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported on the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts, and the intention of collecting or paying the net amount of related assets and liabilities or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. Derecognition of Financial Instruments

a) Derecognition of financial assets due to change in contractual terms

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset could lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered a 'new' financial asset. When the Bank assesses the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset, it evaluates the contractual cash flows including foreign currency rate changes, conversion to equity, counterparty changes and solely principal and interest on principle.

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognized a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and the Bank retains control of the asset, the Bank continues to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset. When the Bank retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognized in its entirety and the consideration received is recognized as a liability.

b) Derecognition of financial assets without any change in contractual terms

The Bank derecognizes the asset if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party. Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit/loss.

c) Derecognition of financial liabilities

It shall be removed a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

d) Reclassification of financial instruments

Based on TFRS 9, it shall be reclassified all affected financial assets at amortized cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it is changed the business model for managing financial assets.

e) Restructuring and refinancing of financial instruments

The Bank may be changed the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and sureties) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

Restructuring is made for changing the financial terms of existing loans in order to facilitate the payment of debt. Refinancing is granting a new loan which will cover either the principal or the interest payment in whole or in part of one or a few existing loans due to the anticipated financial difficulty which the customer or group encounter currently or will encounter in the future.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

X. Derecognition of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Restructuring and refinancing of financial instruments (Continued)

Changes to the original terms of a credit risk can be made in an existing contract or in a new contract. Corporate and commercial companies that are restructured and refinanced may be excluded from close monitoring, as a minimum, within the scope of the Regulation on the Determination of the Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Provisions to be Allocated These and when the following conditions are met:

- Subsequent to the thorough review of company's financial data and its owners' equity position, at circumstances when it is not anticipated that the owner of the company will face financial difficulties; and it is assessed that the restructured debt will be paid on time (starting from the date when the debt is restructured all due principal and interest payments are made on time),
- At least 1 year should pass over the date of restructuring (or if it is later), the date of removal from nonperforming loan category, at least 10% (or the ratio specified in the legislation) of the total principal amount at the time restructuring/refinancing shall be paid.

In order for the restructured non-performing corporate and commercial loans to be classified to the watchlist category, the following conditions must be met:

- Recovery in debt service,
- At least 1 year should pass over the date of restructuring,
- Payment of all accrued and overdue amounts by debtor (interest and principal) since the date of restructuring/refinancing or the date when the debtor is classified as non-performing (earlier date to be considered) and fulfillment of the payment condition of all overdue amounts as of the date of restructuring/refinancing,
- Collection of all overdue amounts, disappearance of the reasons for classification as nonperforming receivable (based on the conditions mentioned above) and having no overdue and there is no doubt that future payments will be made on time.

During the follow-up period of at least one year following the date of restructuring/refinancing, if there is a new restructuring/refinancing or a delay of more than 30 days, the transactions which were non-performing at the beginning of the follow-up period are classified as non-performing loans again.

In personal loans, loans can be restructured in order to give liquidity power to the debtor and to ensure the collection of the receivables of the Bank in case of temporary liquidity problems due to the failure of the payment obligation to the Bank. The exclusion of customers from the scope of restructuring is carried out within the scope of the "Regulation on the Determination of the Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Provisions to be Allocated These".

XI. Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements and Lending of Securities

Securities sold under repurchase agreements are recorded on the balance in accordance with Uniform Chart of Accounts. Accordingly, government bonds and treasury bills sold to customers under repurchase agreements are classified as "Investments Subject to Repurchase Agreements" and valued based on the Bank management's future intentions, either at market prices or using discounting method with internal rate of return.

Funds obtained in return for repo agreements are monitored in the "Funds From Repo Transactions" accounts under liabilities, and the expense rediscount is calculated according to the internal yield method for the part of the difference between the sales and repurchase prices determined by the repo agreements, which corresponds to the period.

As of the balance sheet date, securities subject to repo amounting to TRY 29,189,933 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 30,168,346).

As of June 30, 2023 the Bank has no securities that are subject to lending transactions (December 31, 2022 – None).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XI. Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements and Lending of Securities (Continued)

Securities purchased with a commitment to resell (reverse repurchase agreements) are recorded in a separate account under "Cash and Cash Equivalents" and on the line of "Money Market Placements" in the balance sheet. Income rediscount is calculated for the part of the difference between the purchase and resale prices of securities purchased with reverse repo, in the corresponding period.

XII. Explanations on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

In accordance with TFRS 5 ("Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations"), assets classified as held for sale are measured at lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Amortization on subject asset is ended and these assets are presented separately on financial statements. An asset (or a disposal group) is regarded as "asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset (or a disposal group) should be actively marketed at a price consistent with its fair value. Various events and conditions may prolong the sale procedures for more than one year. In case subject delay is caused by the events and conditions beyond the bank's control and there is enough evidence that plans to sell subject asset (or a disposal group) continue subject assets continue to be classified as assets held for sale. As of June 30, 2023 the Bank has assets held for sale and discontinued operations and it is explained in footnote 1.15. of Section Five.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Bank's business classified as disposed or held-for-sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The Bank has no discontinuing operations.

The Bank classifies tangible assets which are acquired due to non-performing receivables as other assets.

XIII. Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The Bank's intangible assets consist of softwares and intangible rights.

The intangible assets are recorded at their historical cost less accumulated amortization and provision for impairment, if any. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis.

Softwares have been classified as other intangible fixed assets. The useful life of softwares is determined as 3-5 years.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the "Turkish Accounting Standard on Impairment of Assets" (TAS 36) and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is made. There is no goodwill regarding the associates, entities under common controls and subsidiaries in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

XIV. Explanations on Tangible Assets

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The tangible assets are recorded at their historical cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of tangible assets. The annual amortization rates used are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables purchased and acquired under finance lease contracts	7% - 25%

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XIV. Explanations on Tangible Assets (Continued)

The depreciation of leasehold improvements acquired before December 2009, under operating lease agreements, is calculated according to their useful lives. Depreciation of leasehold improvements acquired after this date is calculated over the lease period not exceeding 5 years where the lease duration is certain; or 5 years where the lease period is not certain in accordance with "Communiqué on the Amendment of Communiqué on Uniform Chart of Accounts and Explanatory Notes" dated January 10, 2011.

As of the balance sheet date, with respect to assets which are monitored under tangible assets for less than one year, the projected depreciation amount for a full year, is allocated in proportion to the tangible asset's period of stay in the assets.

Net book value of the property and leased assets under financial lease contracts are compared with the fair values determined by independent appraisers as of the year end and provision for impairment is recognized in "Other Operating Expenses" in the related period the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the fair value is below the net book value in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard on Impairment of Assets" (TAS 36).

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the tangible assets are recorded in the the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset. Expenses for repairs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; otherwise they are expensed.

Expenses for repairs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; otherwise they are expensed.

There are no changes in the accounting estimates in regards to amortization duration that could have a significant impact on the current and future financial statements. There are no pledges, mortgages or other restrictions on the tangible assets. There are no purchase commitments related to the fixed assets.

XV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions

With the TFRS 16 Leases Standard, the difference between operating leases and financial leases has disappeared, and fixed assets acquired under finance lease contracts are presented under "Tangible Fixed Assets" on the asset side and under "Financial Lease Payables" on the liability side at the initial date of the lease. At the beginning of the lease, the Bank calculates the right-of-use amount based on the present value of the lease payments of the fixed asset and shows it under "Tangible Fixed Assets". In liabilities, on the other hand, it measures the unpaid lease payments as of the relevant date over their present value and records them as "Financial Lease Payables". Lease payments are discounted using the borrowing interest rate. The basis for the determination of related balance sheet amounts is the lower of fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the lease asset. Lease payments include the financing costs incurred due to the leasing transaction and the principal amount of the leased asset for the current period. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the leased assets at the rate of 20% except for the buildings which are depreciated at the rate of 2%.

TFRS 16 Leases

TFRS 16 Leases standard abolishes the dual accounting model currently applied for lessees through recognizing finance leases in the balance sheet whereas not recognizing operational lease. Instead, it is set forth a single model similar to the accounting of finance leases (on balance sheet). For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. The bank has started to apply the "TFRS 16 Leases" Standard with using the modified retrospective approach from January 1, 2019.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions (Continued)

Set out below are the accounting policies of the Bank upon application of TFRS 16:

Right of use assets

The Bank recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The right use includes the presence of:

- The initial measurement of the lease,
- The amount obtained by deducting all lease payments received from all lease payments made on or on the date of actual lease and
- All initial direct costs incurred by the Bank.

At the end of the lease term of the underlying asset's service, the transfer of the Bank is reasonably finalized, and the Bank depreciates the asset until the end of the life of the underlying asset on which the lease actually began. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease Liabilities

The Bank measures the lease obligation at the present value of the unpaid lease payments on the date that the lease commences.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease obligation on the date that the lease actually commences, consists of the following payments to be made for the right of use of the underlying asset during the lease period and not paid on the date the lease actually starts:

- Fixed payments,
- Variable lease payments based on an index or rate, the first measurement made using an index or rate on the actual date of the lease,
- Amounts expected to be paid by the Bank under the residual value commitments,
- The use price of this option and, if the Bank is reasonably confident that it will use the purchase option,
- Fines for termination of the lease if the lease term indicates that the Bank will use an option to terminate the lease.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are recognized as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggered the payment occurred. The Bank revises the revised discount rate for the remainder of the lease term, if the implicit interest rate in the lease can be easily determined; the Bank's alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of the revaluation.

After the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the lease obligation as follows:

- Increase the carrying amount to reflect the interest on the lease obligation and
- Decreases the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

In addition, in the event of a change in the lease term, in essence a change in fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment of the option to buy the underlying asset, the value of the lease obligations is remeasured.

Short-Term Leases and Leases of Low-Value Assets

The Bank applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Due to the Bank's implementation of TFRS 16, assets classified under tangible assets as of June 30, 2023 amounted to TRY 864,074 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 746,576), lease liability amounted to TRY 808,796 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 738,360), financing expense amounted to TRY 67,845 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 47,109), and depreciation expense amounted to TRY 173,459 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 131,314).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVI. Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions, other than expected credit loss for loans and other receivables, and contingent liabilities are provided for in accordance with TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". Provisions are accounted for immediately when obligations arise as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the obligation is made by the Bank. Whenever the amount of such obligations cannot be measured, they are regarded as "contingent". In the financial statements, a provision is made for an existing commitment resulted from past events if it is probable that the commitment will be settled, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount obligation. If these criteria are not met, the Bank discloses these issues in the explanations and notes related to the financial statements. In cases where reliable estimate cannot be made of the amount of the obligation, it is considered contingent liabilities.For contingent liabilities if the probability that the event will occur is greater than the probability that it will not and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably, a provision is made.

XVII. Explanations on Obligations of the Bank Concerning Employee Benefits

Provision for employee severance benefits has been accounted for in accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

In accordance with the existing social legislation in Türkiye, the Bank is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities including retirement and notice payments to each employee whose employment is terminated due to resignation or for reasons other than misconduct. The retirement pay is calculated for every working year within the Bank over salary for 30 days or the official ceiling amount per year of employment and the notice pay is calculated for the relevant notice period time as determined based on the number of years worked for the Bank.

The Bank has reflected the retirement pay liability amount, which was calculated by an independent actuary, in the accompanying financial statements. According to TAS 19, The Bank recognizes all actuarial gains and losses immediately through other comprehensive income.

The Bank does not have any employees who work under limited period contracts with remaining terms longer than 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Provision for the employees' unused vacations has been booked in accordance with TAS 19 and reflected to the financial statements.

There are no foundations, pension funds or similar associations of which the employees are members.

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation

1. Corporate Tax

According to the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 published in the Official Gazette dated June 21 2006 and numbered 26205; while the corporate tax is calculated at the rate of 20% on the corporate income, with Law No. 7394 on Evaluation of Immovable Property Owned by the Treasury and Amending the Value Added Tax Law, which was published in the Official Gazette No. 31810 and dated April 15, 2022, Article 26 of the Law on Amending Certain Laws and Decree-Laws and the paragraph added to the temporary 13th article of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, the Corporate Tax rate for the banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies has been applied as 25% for the corporate earnings of the 2022 taxation period. This amendment has been valid in the taxation of corporate income for the periods starting from January 1, 2022, beginning with the declarations that must be submitted as of July 1, 2022. Prepaid taxes are followed in "Current Tax Liability" or "Current Tax Asset" accounts to be deducted from the corporate tax liability of the relevant year.

With the 75% of the profits arising from the sale of the participation shares held in the Bank's assets for more than two years and the founder's shares, usufruct shares and preference rights held for the same period and 50% of the gains arising from the sale of immovables that are in the assets of the Bank for the same period is exempt from tax on the condition that it is added to the capital or kept in a special fund account for 5 years as stipulated in the Corporate Tax Law.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation (Continued)

1. Corporate Tax (Continued)

For the 2023 taxation period, companies calculate and pay provisional tax at a rate of 25% based on their quarterly financial profits, and declare and pay it until the 17th day of the second month following the relevant period. With the 9th article of the Law No. 7338 on the Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and Some Laws published in the Official Gazette dated October 26, 2021 and numbered 31640, the repetitive article 120 of the Income Tax Law No. 193 was amended and it has been stated that provisional tax will be calculated and paid on the quarterly earnings determined for the first nine months of the relevant accounting period, which is applied from the declarations submitted. The temporary tax paid during the year belongs to that year and is deducted from the corporate tax to be calculated on the corporate tax return to be submitted in the following year. If the amount of temporary tax paid remains despite the deduction, this amount can be refunded in cash or deducted.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, financial losses shown on the declaration can be deducted from the corporate tax base of the period, if they do not exceed 5 years. According to the Tax Procedure Law, declarations and related accounting records can be examined by the tax office within five years. On the other hand, if the provision of a document subject to stamp duty, whose tax and penalty is time-barred, is utilized after the expiry of the statute of limitations, the tax receivable of the aforementioned document arises.

The corporate tax provisions calculated over the profit for the period are recorded in the "Current Tax Provision" account in the profit or loss statement, and the current tax effects of the transactions that are directly accounted for in equity are reflected in the shareholders' equity.

In cases where the profit for the period is not distributed and added to the capital or distributed to fully taxpayer institutions while not subject to withholding tax, in accordance with the Council of Ministers Decision no 2009/14593 and the Council of Ministers Decision no 2009/14594 published in the Official Gazette dated February 3, 2009, and numbered 27130, and articles 15 and 30 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520. Real persons who are fully taxpayers, those who are not liable for corporate tax and income tax, those who are exempt from corporate tax and income tax, non-resident corporations (expect for those who receive dividends through a workplace or permanent representative in Türkiye) and non-resident taxpayers while profit distribution to real persons is subject to withholding tax at the rate of 15%, this rate has been changed to 10% with the Presidential Decision published in the Official Gazette dated December 22, 2021 and numbered 31697. In the application of withholding tax rates for profit distributions to non-resident companies and real persons, the practices included in the relevant Double Taxation Agreements are also taken into consideration.

The financial statements should be subject to inflation if both of the following conditions are met within the framework of the Tax Procedure Law's reiterated article 298/A:

- The increase in the price index (D-PPI- Domestic Producer Price Index) exceeded 100% in the last three accounting periods, including the current period, and

- To be more than 10% in the current accounting period.

The law on the amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law was enacted on January 20, 2022, with the Law No. 7352, and the conditions regarding the inflation adjustment within the scope of the repeated article 298 are determined in the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods and the 2023 accounting period temporary tax periods, including the temporary accounting periods. It has been decided that the financial statements will not be subject to inflation adjustment, regardless of whether the financial statements have been made. In line with the Law No. 7352, inflation adjustment will be applied to the financial statements dated December 31, 2023, and the profit/loss difference arising from the inflation adjustment will be shown in the previous years' profit/loss account and will not be taxed.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation (Continued)

1. Corporate Tax (Continued)

A regulation has been introduced regarding the calculation of additional tax at a rate of 10% on the exemption and deduction amounts applied from the corporate income in accordance with the arrangements in the Law No. 5520 and other laws, and the discounted tax base subject to corporate income tax under Article 32/A of the same Law, without being related to the period earnings, which are to be shown in the corporate tax return for 2022 as per the Law No. 7440 on the Restructuring of Some Receivables and Amendments to Some Laws published in the Official Gazette on March 12, 2023, paragraph 27 of Article 10. Additionally, a regulation has been made for the calculation of an additional tax at a rate of 5% on the exempt gains specified in the first paragraph (a) of Article 5 of the Law No. 5520, and foreign-sourced gains confirmed to be subject to at least 15% tax burden.

Temporary Article 32 was added to the Tax Procedure Law with Article 52 of Law No. 7338. Taxpayers who can perform revaluation under the (C) paragraph added to Article 298 of the same Law with the Law that introduced this article may revalue their immovable properties and other depreciable assets (excluding immovable and depreciable assets subject to sale-leaseback transactions or lease certificate issuances, as long as they maintain their qualification) recorded in their balance sheets as of the end of the previous fiscal period before the fiscal period in which they will perform revaluation, subject to the conditions specified in the law. Revaluation under this article can only be performed once, prior to the revaluation to be made under the (C) paragraph of the aforementioned Law. In order to perform the revaluation within the scope of this article, a tax of 2% must be calculated on the value increase amount shown in a special fund account in the liabilities.

Article 31 of Law No. 7338 and additional paragraph ζ to article 298 of Law No. 213 have been added, which provides for taxpayers subject to full income or corporation tax and who keep their books on the basis of balance sheet accounting (including partnerships, ordinary limited partnerships, and ordinary companies, except for those who make inflation adjustments regardless of the conditions set forth in item (1) of the paragraph (9) of the item (A), and those who are allowed to keep their records in a currency other than the Turkish lira), to reevaluate their amortizable economic assets that are included in their balance sheets at the end of the fiscal year in which the conditions for making inflation adjustments under item (1) of paragraph (A) are not met, provided that such assets retain their qualities as such (except for those that are subject to sale-leaseback transactions or issuance of lease certificates), and their amortizations shown in the balance sheet's liabilities section, in accordance with the conditions stipulated by the law.

Explanations on the subject of revaluation of economic assets within the scope of reiterated article 298/ç and Provisional Article 32, added by Law No. 7338, were made in the Communiqué of Tax Procedure Law with serial number 537.

In this context, as of the end of the 2022 accounting period, the economic assets registered in the assets of our Bank were revalued within the scope of Provisional Article 32 and Reiterated Article 298/ç of the Tax Procedure Law.

With the "Draft Law on the Amendment of Additional Motor Vehicles Tax for Compensation of Economic Losses Caused by the Earthquakes on 6 February 2023, and Amendments to Some Laws and the Decree Law No. 375", which entered the agenda of the Grand National Assembly of Turkey on 5 July 2023, as a result of increasing the corporate tax rate by 5 points, the corporate tax rate has been increased from 25% to 30%, and it was proposed to terminate the regulation that exempts the income from the sale of real estate from corporate tax. The said bill was enacted on 15 July 2023.

2. Deferred Taxes

The Bank calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"). In the calculation of the Bank's deferred tax, the enacted tax rates that are valid in accordance with the current tax legislation are used in accordance with the tax period for the related items.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation (Continued)

2. Deferred Taxes (Continued)

With the Law No. 7394 published in the Official Gazette No. 31810 and dated April 15, 2022 on Evaluation of Immovable Property Owned by the Treasury and Amending the Value Added Tax Law, Article 26 of the Law on Amending Certain Laws and Decree-Laws and the paragraph added to the temporary 13th article of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, the Corporate Tax rate for banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies will be applied as 25%. Deferred tax calculations have been made based on the 25% rate for assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2023.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets calculated from deductible temporary differences are only recognized if it's highly probable that these will in the future create taxable profit.

The Bank is recognized deferred tax for the Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses provisions. Deferred tax effect related to transactions for which the profit or loss effect is directly accounted in equity, is also reflected to equity.

3. Transfer Pricing

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "disguised profit distribution" by way of transfer pricing. "The General Communique on Disguised Profit Distribution by way of Transfer Pricing" published on November 18, 2007 explains the application related issues in detail. According to this Communique, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes. Disguised profit distribution amount will be recognized as share in net profit and stoppage tax will be calculated depending on whether the profit distributing institution is a real or corporate entity, full-fledged or foreign based taxpayer, is subject to or exempt from tax.

As discussed under subject Communique's 7.5 Annual Documentation section, taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

XIX. Explanations on Additional Explanations on Borrowings

The Bank generates funds from domestically and internationally resident people and institutions by using debt instruments such as syndication, securitization, collateralized debt and bond issuance. Aforementioned transactions are initially recorded at transaction cost plus acquisition cost, reflective of their fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method.

XX. Explanations on Share Issues

There are no shares issued in 2023. (December 31, 2022 – None).

XXI. Explanations on Confirmed Bills of Exchange and Acceptances

Confirmed bills of Exchange and acceptances are realized simultaneously with the customer payments and recorded in off-balance sheet accounts as possible debt and commitment, if any. There are no acceptances and confirmed bills of exchange presented as liabilities against any assets.

XXII. Explanations on Government Incentives

As of June 30, 2023 the Bank does not have any government incentives or grants (December 31, 2022 – None).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XXIII. Explanations on Segment Reporting

In addition to corporate banking, retail banking and commercial banking services, the Bank also provides private banking, SME banking, treasury operations and credit card services through branches and alternative channels. The Bank serves its retail banking clients with time and demand deposits, also overdraft services, automatic account services, consumer loans, vehicle loans, housing loans and investment fund services. The Bank provides services including deposit and loans, foreign trade financing, forward and option agreements to its corporate clients. The Bank also serves in trading financial instruments and treasury operations.

The calculations based on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for retail banking (consumer banking and plastic cards), corporate and commercial banking have operational units designated as the main profit centers, have been made according to the product and customer types. During the profitability calculations, the pricing of transfers among these units and treasury unit are made by using cost/return ratios that are determined by the Bank's senior management and which are updated periodically. In this pricing method, general market conditions and the Bank's internal policies are considered.

Corporate and Commercial Banking serves corporate firms with an annual turnover of TRY 2,5 billion or more, multinational companies operating in Türkiye, and commercial firms with an annual turnover of TRY 250 million – 2,5 billion. In addition to the financing and investment needs of its customers, it offers products that will facilitate the payment and collection processes in both domestic and foreign trade. It produces solutions that will create added value for all the needs of its customers with its customer-oriented service approach, company-specific solution approach and strategy to establish long-term business partnerships.

The Consumer Banking meets the needs and expectations of the retail banking customers. The Private Banking Unit has formed and started to operate to serve customers with high level income, in a more effective way. The installments, discounts and bonus advantages are provided to the users of Card Finans in the plastic cards line. The main function of Treasury Segment is managing the liquidity of the Bank and interest and foreign currency risks resulting from market conditions. This segment is in close relation with corporate, commercial, retail and private banking units in order to increase the number of customers and the volume of transactions in treasury products of the Bank.

Current Period (January 1 - June 30, 2023)	Retail Banking	Corporate and Commercial Banking	Treasury and Head Office	Total Operations of the Bank
Operating income	17,645,014	10,545,349	1,712,896	29,903,259
Dividend Income			10,513	10,513
Gain/(Loss) on joint venture accounted for at equity				
method	-	-	1,562,475	1,562,475
Profit Before Taxes	7,599,926	6,162,611	(66,127)	13,696,410
Provision Tax (-)(*)	-	-	(297,909)	(297,909)
Net Profit/Loss	7,599,926	6,162,611	231,782	13,994,319
Total Assets	196,341,910	257,757,495	282,443,709	782,656,689
Segment Assets	196,341,910	257,757,495	282,443,709	736,543,114
Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under				
Common Control (Joint Ventures)	-	-	-	7,871,714
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	38,241,861
Total Liabilities	345,570,271	157,937,114	173,499,746	782,656,689
Segment Liabilities	345,570,271	157,937,114	173,499,746	677,007,131
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	50,617,847
Equity	-	-	-	55,031,711
Other Segment Accounts	1,271,552	856,480	(211,913)	1,916,119
Capital Expenditures	872,580	587,744	(143,764)	1,316,560
Depreciation and Amortization	398,972	268,736	(68,149)	599,559

^(*) Provision tax is not distributed.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XXIII. Explanations on Segment Reporting (Continued)

Prior Period (January 1 – June 30, 2022)	Retail Banking	Corporate and Commercial Banking	Treasury and Head Office	Total Operations of the Bank
Operating income	4,735,003	4,158,808	8,087,327	16,981,138
Dividend Income	-		14,889	14,889
Gain/(Loss) on joint venture accounted for at equity			,	,
method	-	-	586,154	586,154
Profit Before Taxes	1,336,581	909,512	7,644,842	9,890,935
Provision Tax (-)(*)	-	-	2,275,435	2,275,435
Net Profit/Loss	1,336,581	909,512	5,369,407	7,615,500
Total Assets	92,198,246	187,771,026	193,179,187	496,088,012
Segment Assets	92,198,246	187,771,026	193,179,187	473,148,459
Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under				
Common Control (Joint Ventures)	-	-	-	2,893,730
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	20,045,823
Total Liabilities	188,694,757	107,665,805	134,331,923	496,088,012
Segment Liabilities	188,694,757	107,665,805	134,331,923	430,692,485
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	34,132,913
Equity	-	-	-	31,262,614
Other Segment Accounts	666,395	455,777	(52,528)	1,069,644
Capital Expenditures	435,323	297,737	(31,255)	701,805
Depreciation and Amortization	231,072	158,040	(21,273)	367,839

^(*) Provision tax is not distributed.

XXIV. Profit Reserves and Profit Distribution

The General Assembly Meeting of the Bank was held on March 30, 2023. In the Board of Directors meeting, it was decided that profit from 2022 operations to be distributed as follows.

2022 profit distribution table	
Current Year Profit	17,223,766
A – First Legal Reserves (Turkish Commercial Code 519/A) 5%	28,298
C – Extraordinary Reserves	17,195,468

XXV. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share listed on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is calculated by dividing net profit to weighted average amount of shares issued within respective year.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Profit for the Period	13,994,319	7,615,500
Weighted Average Amount of Shares Issued (Thousands)	33,500,000	33,500,000
Earnings Per Share	0.4177	0.2273

In Türkiye, companies can increase capital through "bonus share" distributed from previous year earnings to current shareholders. Such "bonus share" distributions are accounted as issued shares while calculating earnings per share. Accordingly, weighted average amount of shares issued used in these calculations is found through taking into consideration retroactive effects of subject share distributions. In case, amount of shares issued increases after the balance sheet date but before the date of financial statement preparation due to distribution of "bonus share", earnings per share is calculated taking into consideration the new amount of shares.

Amount of issued bonus shared in 2023 is none (Amount of issued bonus shared in 2022 is none).

XXVI. Explanations on Other Matters

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK

I. Explanations on Equity

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of June 30, 2023 Bank's total capital has been calculated as TRY 81,758,471 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 64,881,289), capital adequacy ratio is 14.50% (December 31, 2022 – 15.11%).

In the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk, in accordance with the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks (Regulation) published in the Official Gazette dated October 23, 2015, as stated in the Board Decision dated April 28, 2022 and numbered 9996, with the decision dated January 31, 2023 and numbered 10496; when calculating the values of monetary assets and non-monetary assets, other than items in foreign currency measured in historical cost, pursuant to TAS and related special provisions; the application for the use of the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye foreign exchange buying rate as of December 31, 2021 has been decided to continue using the CBRT's foreign exchange buying rate as of December 30, 2022, until a BRSA Decision to the contrary is taken.

In accordance with the BRSA's decision numbered 9996, dated December 21, 2021, if the net fair value gain/loss of the securities held by banks in the "Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" portfolio are negative as of this decision date, the option is provided to not take into account these losses in the calculation of the equity amount to be used for the calculation of capital adequacy ratio, to be calculated in accordance with the Regulation on Banks' Equity published in the Official Gazette dated September 5, 2013. It is also decided to continue the application of the current provisions of the Regulation for the "Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" acquired after the date of this decision.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

I. Explanations on Equity (Continued)

	Current Period	Prior Perio
Explanations on Equity	June 30, 2023	December 31, 202
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	3,350,000	3,350,00
Share issue premiums	714	71
Reserves	38,204,582	20,980,81
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	1,202,266	3,460,02
Profit	13,994,319	17,223,76
Current Period Profit	13,994,319	17,223,76
Prior Period Profit	-	
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be		
recognized within profit for the period	1,031	1,03
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	56,752,912	45,016,35
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in		
equity in accordance with TAS	1,525,323	1,100,8
Improvement costs for operating leasing	123,793	108,4
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	125,775	100,4
Other intargibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	3,240,867	922.0
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related	5,240,807	922,0
tax liability)		
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach,	-	
total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision		
	-	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	-	
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions		
outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding		
10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions		
outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding		
10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on		
the Equity of Banks	-	
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	4,889,983	2,131,3
The positive difference between the expected loan loss provisions under TFRS 9 and the total provision amount		1 - 1-
calculated before the application of TFRS 9	-	
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	51 862 020	42,885,0
rotar Common Equity 1151 1 Capital	51,862,929	42,885,0

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

I. Explanations on Equity (Continued)

	Current Period June 30,	Prior Period December 31,
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL	2023	2022
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	13,557,128	9,815,715
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	-	
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	13,557,128	9,815,715
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial		
institutions with compatible with Article 7 Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions	-	-
where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital		
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated	-	-
Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital		
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Equity	•	
Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own		
Funds (-) Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-	-	-
paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)		
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not		
available (-)		
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital		
Total Additional Tier I Capital	13,557,128	9,815,715
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier I Capital)	65,420,057	52,700,729
TIER II CAPITAL	00,420,007	52,700,725
Debt instruments and premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA		
Debt instruments and premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	9,941,894	7,198,191
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	6,445,049	5,023,213
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	16,386,943	12,221,404
Deductions From Tier II Capital	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions		
with the conditions declared in Article 8.	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside		
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of		
Common Equity of the Bank (-)	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital		
exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	16,386,943	12,221,404
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	81,807,000	64,922,133
Deductions from Total Capital		
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law	7,996	8,049
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking		
Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	40,533	32,795
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Download Components		
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the	-	
capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the		
bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of		
the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds		
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial		
and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank owns more than 10% of		
the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional		
Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on		
Banks' Own Funds	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are		
outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued common share capital		
of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted		
of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds		

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

I. Explanations on Equity (Continued)

	Current Period June 30, 2023	Prior Period December 31, 2022
TOTAL CAPITAL		
Total Capital	81,758,471	64,881,289
Total Risk Weighted Amounts	564,043,954	429,487,393
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	9.19	9.99
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	11.60	12.27
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) BUFFERS	14.50	15.11
Bank specific total common equity tier 1 capital ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	2.50
 b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) 	2.50	2.50
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier I capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets		
(%)	3.19	3.99
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial		
institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above		
Tier I capital	-	-
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	2,800	288,563
Amount arising from mortgage-servicing rights	2,000	200,505
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences		
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	16,957,413	9,718,573
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach	10,957,115	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
used	6,445,049	5,023,213
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0.6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the		
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between Januar 1, 2018 and January 1, 2023)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	13,557,128	9,815,715
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	9,941,894	7,198,191
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

I. Explanations on Equity (Continued)

Information on debt instruments included in the calculation of equity

Informa	tion on debt instruments included in the calculation	of equity	
	1	2	3
Issuer	QATAR NATIONAL BANK Q.P.S.C.	QATAR NATIONAL BANK Q.P.S.C.	QATAR NATIONAL BANK Q.P.S.C.
Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	-	-	-
Governing law(s) of the instrument	BRSA	BRSA	BRSA
Regulatory treatment	Additional Capital	Supplementary Capital	Supplementary Capital
Since 1.1.2015 10% reduction by being subject to the application	No	No	No
Eligible at stand-alone/consolidated	Stand alone - Consolidated	Stand alone - Consolidated	Stand alone - Consolidated
Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Loan	Loan	Loan
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	14,215	3,318	6,749
Par value of instrument (Currency in million)	14,215	3,318	6,749
Accounting classification	Liability – Subordinated Loans- amortized cost	Liability – Subordinated Loans- amortized cost	Liability – Subordinated Loans- amortized cost
Original date of issuance	June 30, 2019	April 1, 2019	May 26, 2022
Perpetual or dated	Undated	Dated	Dated
Original maturity date	-	10 years	8 years
Issuer call subject to prior BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Every 5 years	5 years	3 years
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-
Coupons/dividends	-	-	-
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Floating	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	First 5 years fixed at 9.50%, next 5 years fixed at MS + 7.08%	6M LIBOR + 5.75%	SOFR + 5.10%
Existence of a dividend stopper	MS + 7.08% There will be no interest on the deducted value after the impairment	-	-
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Optional	-	-

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

I. Explanations on Equity (Continued)

Information on debt instruments included in the calculation of equity (Continued)

	1	2	3
Existence of set-up or another incentive to redeem	-	-	-
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	None	Yes	Yes
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	-	Article number 7-2-i of "Own fund regulation"	Article number 7-2-i of "Own fund regulation"
If convertible, fully or partially	-	All of the remaining capital	All of the remaining capital
If convertible, conversion rate	-	(*)	(*)
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	Optional	Optional
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	Equity Share	Equity Share
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	QNB Finansbank A.Ş.	QNB Finansbank A.Ş.
Write-down feature	Yes	None	None
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Non-existence of the core capital ratio is less than 5.125%	-	-
If write-down, full or partial	Full and partial	-	-
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Temporary	-	-
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Disappearance of non-existence and higher core capital ratio than 5.125 %	-	-
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	After borrowing and contribution capital	After borrowing, before additional capital, the same as other contribution capital	After borrowing, before additional capital, the same as other contribution capital
	It fulfills the conditions within the Article	It fulfills the conditions within the Article	It fulfills the conditions within the Article
Incompliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	number 7 of "Own fund regulation" the	number 8 of "Own fund regulation" the	number 8 of "Own fund regulation" the
	Regulation on the Equity of Banks.	Regulation on the Equity of Banks.	Regulation on the Equity of Banks.
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	-	-	-

(*) The conversion rate/value will be calculated based on the market data available when the right is exercised.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB Risk Management to Be Announced to Public by Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on October 23, 2015 and became effective as of March 31, 2016. The following tables, which must be disclosed quarterly in accordance with the relevant declaration, are not presented as of June 30, 2022, as the standard approach is used in the Bank's capital adequacy calculation:

- RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB
- RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the Internal Model Method (IMM)
- IRB (stock investment subject to specialized loans and simple risk weight approach)
- RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under an IMA
- Comparing VaR estimations with profit/loss

1. GB1 – Overview of Risk Weighted Assets

		Risk Weighted Amount			num Capital Requirement
		30.06.2023	31.12.2022	30.06.2023	31.12.2022
1	Credit Risk (excluding counterparty Credit Risk)	493,491,694	383,252,539	39,479,335	30,660,203
2	Standardized approach	493,491,694	383,252,539	39,479,335	30,660,203
3	Internal rating-based approach	-	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	22,112,213	18,604,519	1,768,977	1,488,362
5	Standardized approach for counterparty credit Risk	22,112,213	18,604,519	1,768,977	1,488,362
6	Internal model method	-	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies - look-through approach	-	-	-	-
9	Investments made in collective investment companies - mandate-based approach	-	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies - 1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-	-
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach	-	-	-	-
14	IRB Supervisory Formula Approach	-	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach	-	-	-	-
16	Market risk	8,291,838	8,757,963	663,347	700,637
17	Standardized approach	8,291,838	8,757,963	663,347	700,637
18	Internal model approaches	-	-	-	-
19	Operational Risk	40,148,209	18,872,372	3,211,857	1,509,790
20	Basic Indicator Approach	40,148,209	18,872,372	3,211,857	1,509,790
21	Standard Approach	-	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-	-
23	The amount of the discount threshold under the equity (subject to a 250% risk weight)	-	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-	-
25	TOTAL(1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	564,043,954	429,487,393	45,123,516	34,358,992

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management (Continued)

2. Credit Risk Disclosures (Continued)

a) CR1 - Credit Quality of Assets

		Gross carrying valu	es of as per TAS		
	Current Period	Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures	Allowances/impairments	Net value
1	Loans	9,026,697	468,274,540	7,469,799	469,831,438
2	Debt Securities	-	119,612,896	-	119,612,896
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	55,705	393,417,294	59,631	393,413,368
4	Total	9,082,402	981,304,730	7,529,430	982,857,702

		Gross carrying valu	es of as per TAS		
Prior Period		Defaulted	Non-defaulted		
	r nor renou	exposures	exposures	Allowances/impairments	Net value
1	Loans	9,024,926	352,456,046	7,429,113	354,051,859
2	Debt Securities	-	102,094,281	-	102,094,281
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	52,021	245,624,172	55,641	245,620,552
4	Total	9,076,947	700,174,499	7,484,754	701,766,692

b) CR2 - Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities

	Current Period	Prior Period
1 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	9,024,926	8,969,045
2 Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	1,126,458	2,663,024
3 Returned to non-defaulted status	-	-
4 Amounts written-off	2,912	361,940
5 Other changes ^(*)	1,121,775	2,245,203
6 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	9,026,697	9,024,926

(*) Includes collections from credits in default.

c) CR3 - Credit risk mitigation techniques – Overview

	Current Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
1	Loans	454,779,969	15,051,469	9,827,041	-	-	-	-
2	Debt securities	119,612,896	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	574,392,865	15,051,469	9,827,041	-	-	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	1,537,643	15,329	780	-	-	-	- -
						Collateralized		Collateralized
		Exposures unsecured: carrying amount	Exposures secured by	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by	Exposures secured by financial	collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial	Exposures secured by credit	collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit
	Prior Period	unsecured:	1	amount of exposures	secured by	amount of exposures secured by	secured by credit	amount of exposures secured by
1	Prior Period	unsecured: carrying amount	secured by	amount of exposures secured by	secured by financial	amount of exposures secured by financial	secured by credit	amount of exposures secured by credit
1 2	_	unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	secured by collateral	amount of exposures secured by collateral	secured by financial	amount of exposures secured by financial	secured by credit	amount of exposures secured by credit
1 2 3	Loans	unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS 339,778,153	secured by collateral	amount of exposures secured by collateral	secured by financial	amount of exposures secured by financial	secured by credit	amount of exposures secured by credit

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management (Continued)

d) CR4 – Standardised approach - Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation (CRM) effects

	Current Period	Exposures l and (Exposures pos CRN		RWA and R density	WA
		On-balance	Off-balance	On-balance	Off-balance		
		sheet	sheet	sheet	sheet		RWA
	Exposure Categories	amount	amount	amount	amount	RWA	density
1	Exposures to central governments or central banks	179,920,292	-	181,061,915	-	-	-
2	Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	221,621	115	221,621	-	110,810	50%
3	Exposures to public sector entities	289,305	385,758	288,863	80,813	369,676	100%
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to institutions	36,765,483	5,698,953	36,490,601	3,227,188	13,980,372	35%
7	Exposures to corporates	146,160,419	98,335,537	140,606,839	41,307,885	181,914,725	100%
8	Retail exposures	193,365,547	357,541,435	188,421,049	11,730,688	161,770,021	81%
9	Exposures secured by residential property	2,298,745	231,943	2,298,745	74,796	830,740	35%
10	Exposures secured by commercial real estate	10,209,900	3,615,306	10,209,900	2,034,312	8,214,485	67%
11	Past-due loans	1,336,786	-	1,336,006	-	806,880	60%
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	64,682,687	39,870	64,488,205	39,870	104,764,845	162%
13	Exposures in the form of covered bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term						
	credit assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective						
	investment undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Other assets	26,318,148	459,902	26,318,148	-	14,738,479	56%
17	Investments in equities	5,990,577	-	5,990,577	-	5,990,577	100%
18	Total	667,559,510	466,308,819	657,732,469	58,495,552	493,491,610	69%

	Prior Period	Exposures and (Exposures po CRI		RWA and	
	Prior Period	On-balance	Off-balance	On-balance	VI Off-balance	densit	<u>y</u>
		sheet	sheet	sheet	sheet		RWA
	Exposure Categories	amount	amount	amount	amount	RWA	
1	Exposure currents or central banks	158,304,772	-	159,642,405	-	-	- uchishty
2	Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	238,887	115	238,887	-	119,444	50%
3	Exposures to public sector entities	787,487	160,548	786,230	35,695	821,924	100%
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	-					-
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to institutions	18,339,883	3,836,139	18,330,908	2,182,661	7,123,678	35%
7	Exposures to corporates	124,727,956	100,699,305	119,225,124	39,719,492	158,944,613	100%
8	Retail exposures	124,368,290	217,242,500	121,088,035	6,650,760	102,613,238	80%
9	Exposures secured by residential property	1,760,178	173,017	1,760,178	54,521	635,145	35%
10	Exposures secured by commercial real estate	10,762,656	1,562,221	10,762,656	774,714	8,285,863	72%
11	Past-due loans	1,519,660	-	1,519,351	-	988,513	65%
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	54,488,900	30,173	53,950,544	30,173	88,008,924	163%
13	Exposures in the form of covered bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term						
	credit assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective						
	investment undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Other assets	20,474,815	56,194	20,474,815	-	11,578,994	57%
17	Investments in equities	3,959,964	-	3,959,964	-	3,959,964	100%
18	Total	519,733,448	323,760,212	511,739,097	49,448,016	383,080,300	68%

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management (Continued)

e) CR5 – Standard approach – exposures by asset classes and risk

Current Period

											Total Credit Risk Exposure
	Exposure Categories/Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	Amount
1	Exposures to central governments or										
	central banks	181,061,915	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	181,061,915
2	Exposures to regional governments										
	or local authorities	-	-	-	-	221,621	-	-	-	-	221,621
3	Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	369,676	-	-	369,676
4	Exposures to multilateral										
	development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures to international										
	organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to institutions	-	-	20,322,212	-	18,959,295	-	436,282	-	-	39,717,789
7	Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	181,914,724	-	-	181,914,724
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	153,526,871	46,624,866	-	-	200,151,737
9	Exposures secured by residential										
	property	-	-	-	2,373,541	-	-	-	-	-	2,373,541
10	Exposures secured by commercial										
	real estate	-	-	-	-	8,059,454	-	4,184,758	-	-	12,244,212
11	Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	1,058,252	-	277,754	-	-	1,336,006
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency										
	Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,874,500	15,653,575	64,528,075
13	Exposures in the form of covered										
	bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Exposures to institutions and										
	corporates with a short-term credit										
	assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of units or										
	shares in collective investment										
	undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,990,577	-	-	5,990,577
17	Other Assetd	11,578,098	-	1,963	-	-	-	14,738,087	-	-	26,318,148
18	Total	192,640,013	-	20,324,175	2,373,541	28,298,622	153,526,871	254,536,724	48,874,500	15,653,575	716,228,021

Prior	Period

											Total Credit Risk
		00/	400/	2007				1000/	4500/	0.7	Exposure
	Exposure Categories/Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	Amount
1	Exposures to central governments										
	or central banks	159,642,405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	159,642,405
2	Exposures to regional										
	governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	238,887	-		-	-	238,887
3	Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	821,925	-	-	821,925
4	Exposures to multilateral										
_	development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures to international										
	organizations	-	-		-		-		-	-	
6	Exposures to institutions	-	-	10,606,492	-	9,809,396	-	97,681	-	-	20,513,569
7	Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-		158,944,616	-	-	158,944,616
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	100,502,223	27,236,572	-	-	127,738,795
9	Exposures secured by residential										
	property	-	-	-	1,814,699	-	-	-	-	-	1,814,699
10	Exposures secured by commercial										
	real estate	-	-	-	-	6,503,016	-	5,034,354	-	-	11,537,370
11	Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	1,061,677	-	457,674	-	-	1,519,351
12	Higher-risk categories by the										
	Agency Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,083,646	12,897,071	53,980,717
13	Exposures in the form of covered										
	bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Exposures to institutions and										
	corporates with a short-term										
	credit assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of units or										
	shares in collective investment										
	undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Investments in equities	0.005.021	-	-	-	-	-	3,959,964	-	-	3,959,964
17	Other Assetd	8,895,821	-	-	-	-		11,578,994	-	-	20,474,815
18	Total	168,538,226	-	10,606,492	1,814,699	17,612,976	100,502,223	208,131,780	41,083,646	12,897,071	561,187,113

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management (Continued)

3. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk

a) CCR1 – Analysis of counterparty credit risk (CCR) exposure by approach

	Current Period	Revaluation Cost	Potential credit risk exposure	EEPE	Alpha	Exposure after credit risk mitigation	Risk Weighted Amounts
1	Standard approach - CCR (for derivatives)	14,251,970	15,299,445	-	1.4	41,372,511	11,708,709
2	Internal Model Method (for derivative financial instruments, repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long transactions and credit securities transactions)			-	-		
3	The simple method used to mitigate credit risk - repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long transactions and credit securities transactions,						
4	Comprehensive method for reducing credit risk - (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long transactions and credit securities transactions)				_	9.494.136	4,660,832
5	Repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long-term transactions with risk exposure value for credit securities transactions	-	-	-	-		4,000,852
6	Total	-	-	-	-	-	16,369,541

	Prior Period	Revaluation Cost	Potential credit risk exposure	EEPE	Alpha	Exposure after credit risk mitigation	Risk Weighted Amounts
1	Standard approach - CCR (for derivatives)	6,149,267	9,096,636	-	1.4	21,344,262	9,963,376
2	Internal Model Method (for derivative financial instruments, repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long transactions and credit securities transactions)	-	_	-	-	_	_
3	The simple method used to mitigate credit risk - repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long transactions and credit securities transactions,	-	-		-	-	-
4	Comprehensive method for reducing credit risk - (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long transactions and credit securities transactions)		-	_	-	9,716,657	5,625,466
5	Repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long-term transactions with risk exposure value for credit securities transactions	-	-	-	-	-	
6	Total	-	-	-	-	-	15,588,842

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management (Continued)

3. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk

b) CCR2 – Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) capital charge

		Exposu (After credit risk miti		Risk Weighte	ed Amounts
	-	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
	Total portfolio value with comprehensive approach				
	CVA capital adequacy	-	-	-	-
1	(i) Value at risk component (3*multiplier included)	-	-	-	-
2	(ii) Stressed Value at Risk (3*multiplier included)	-	-	-	-
3	Total portfolio value with simplified approach CVA				
	capital adequacy	41,372,511	21,344,262	5,742,672	3,187,872
4	Total amount of CVA capital adequacy	41,372,511	21,344,262	5,742,672	3,187,872

c) CCR3 – Standardised approach – CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights

										Total
	Exposure Categories/Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	Credit Risk
1	Exposures from central governments or central banks	13,887,826	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,601	13,955,427
2	Exposures from regional or local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Exposures from administrative units and non-commercial									
	enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	15
4	Exposures from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures from banks and brokerage houses	-	-	9,852,514	25,303,949	-	929,341	-	-	36,085,804
7	Exposures from corporates	-	-	-	-	-	789,221	-	-	789,221
8	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	36,180	-	-	-	36,180
9	Mortgage receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Non performing receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	High risk defined receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
12	Mortgage backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Securitization Positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short term credit rated banks and Intermediary Institutions									
	receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Collective investment undertaking investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Total	13,887,826	-	9,852,514	25,303,949	36,180	1,718,577		67,601	50,866,647

Prior	Period	

	Exposure Categories/Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	Total Credit Risk
1	Exposures from central governments or central banks	751,881	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,523	772,404
2	Exposures from regional or local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Exposures from administrative units and non-commercial									
	enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	502	-	-	502
4	Exposures from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures from banks and brokerage houses	-	-	6,462,595	18,168,968	-	900,503	-	-	25,532,066
7	Exposures from corporates	-	-	-	-	-	2,973,853	-	-	2,973,853
8	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	1,782,094	-	-	-	1,782,094
9	Mortgage receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Non performing receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	High risk defined receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Mortgage backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Securitization Positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short term credit rated banks and Intermediary Institutions									
	receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Collective investment undertaking investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Total	751,881	-	6,462,595	18,168,968	1,782,094	3,874,858	-	20,523	31,060,919

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management (Continued)

d) CCR4 – Risk class and counterparty credit risk on the basis of possibility of default

Related table is not presented due to standard method is used for calculation of capital adequacy (December 31, 2022 – None).

e) CCR5 – Composition of collateral for CCR exposure

		Collaterals f	or Derivatives		Collaterals or O	ther Transactions	
	Collater	als Taken	Collater	als Given	Collaterals Taken Segregated	Collaterals Given Unsegregated	
Current Period	Segregated	gregated Unsegregated Segregated Unsegregated		Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	
Cash-Local Currency	-	-	-	-	8,183,232	-	
Cash - Foreign Currency	-	9,472,999	-	5,736,999	18,637,057	-	
Government bond-domestic	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Government bond-other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public institution bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bond	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Equity share	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other collaterals	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	9,472,999	-	5,736,999	26,820,289		

Collaterals for Derivatives

Collaterals or Other Transactions

	Collater	als Taken	Collater	als Given	Collaterals Taken	Collaterals Given
Prior Peiod	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated
Cash-Local Currency	-	-	-	-	5,155,375	-
Cash - Foreign Currency	-	14,917,942	-	4,741,482	18,076,585	-
Government bond-domestic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government bond-other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public institution bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate bond	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity share	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collaterals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	14,917,942	-	4,741,482	23,231,960	-

f) CCR6 – Credit derivatives

Related table is not presented due to the Bank has no risk arrived from derivative credit received or sold (December 31, 2022 – None).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Risk Management (Continued)

g) CCR8 – Exposures to central counterparties

		Current Period		Prior Period	
		Exposure at default (post- CRM)	RWA	Exposure at default (post- CRM)	RWA
1	Exposure to Qualified Central Counterparties (QCCPs)(total)	67,601	1,352	20,523	410
2	Exposures for trades at QCCPs (excluding initial margin and default fund	,	,	,	
	contributions); of which	-	-	-	
3	(i) OTC Derivatives	67,601	1,352	20,523	410
4	(ii) Other derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-
5	(iii) Repo-reverse repo transactions, overdraft transactions, and lending or				
	borrowing of securities or commodities	-	-	-	-
6	(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved				
	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	
7	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	
8	Non-segregated initial margin	-	-	-	
9	Pre-funded default fund contributions	-	-	-	
0	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	
1	Exposures ton on-QCCPs (total)	-	-	-	
2	Exposures for trades at non- QCCPs (excluding initial margin and default				
	fund contributions); of which	-	-	-	
3	(i) OTC Derivatives	-	-	-	
4	(ii) Other derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	
5	(iii) Repo-reverse repo transactions, overdraft transactions, and lending or				
	borrowing of securities or commodities	-	-	-	
16	(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved				
	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	
17	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-
8	Non-segregated initial margin	-	-	-	
9	Pre-funded default fund contributions	-	-	-	
20	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-

4. Securitization exposures

The Bank has no securitization transactions (December 31, 2022 - None).

5. Disclosures regarding Market Risk

		RWA ^(**)	
		Current Period	Prior Period
(Dutright products ^(*)	7,741,913	7,828,713
	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	2,129,850	3,938,938
	Equity risk (general and specific)	326,825	272,925
	Foreign exchange risk	4,919,050	3,344,875
	Commodity risk	366,188	271,975
(Options	549,925	929,250
	Simplified approach	-	-
	Delta-plus method	549,925	929,250
	Scenario approach	-	-
S	Securitization	-	-
]	Fotal	8,291,838	8,757,963

(*) Outright products refer to position in products that are not optional.

(**) The market Risk represents the capital requirement multiplied by 12.5 times Risk Weighted Amount.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

III. Explanations on Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

1. Whether the Bank is exposed to foreign exchange risk, whether the effects of this situation are estimated, and whether the Board of Directors of the Bank sets limits for positions that are monitored daily

The difference between the Bank's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and is the basis of currency risk. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, together with purchase and sale commitments, give rise to foreign exchange exposure ("cross currency risk").

Board of Directors determine the limits considering the consistency with the "Foreign Currency Net General Position." Positions are being followed daily and limits are reviewed at least once a year depending on economic conditions and Bank strategy and updated as deemed necessary.

In measuring the exchange rate exposure of the Bank, the "standard method" used in the legal reports and the internal method are used in the VaR. The measurements made within the scope of the standard method are carried out monthly and the measurements made within the scope of VaR calculations are carried out on a daily basis. In addition, the maximum foreign currency position that can be taken is determined on the basis of foreign currency types and table, and daily limit compliance control is performed by Risk Management.

2. The magnitude of hedging foreign currency debt instruments and net foreign currency investments by using derivatives

The Group hedges foreign currency borrowings with derivative instruments. The Group does not hedge net foreign currency investments with derivative instruments. The extent of the hedging of foreign currency debt instruments and net foreign currency investments by hedging derivative instruments is explained in Note III of Section Five.

3. Bank's spot foreign exchange bid rates of the Bank as of the balance sheet date and for each of the five days prior to that date

US Dollar purchase rate at the date of the balance she Euro purchase rate at the date of the balance sheet	et	TRY 25.8231 TRY 28.1540
Date	<u>US Dollar</u>	<u>Euro</u>
June 27, 2023	25.8231	28.1540
June 26, 2023	25.8231	28.1540
June 23, 2023	25.2505	27.4579
June 22, 2023	23.6239	25.9732
June 21, 2023	23.5493	25.7113

4. The basic arithmetical average of the Bank's foreign exchange bid rate for the last thirty days

The arithmetical average of the Bank's US Dollar and Euro purchase rates for June, 2023 are TRY 23.3361 and TRY 25.2651 respectively

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

III. **Explanations on Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk (Continued)**

5. Information on the foreign currency exchange rate risk

Current Period	EUR	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit,				
Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R.				
Central Bank ⁽¹⁾	31,582,477	50,518,469	9,550,614	91,651,560
Due From Banks ⁽²⁾	11,128,932	8,382,321	1,265,639	20,776,892
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss ⁽³⁾	1,350,255	1,930,702	175	3,281,132
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	2,145	11,870,075	-	11,872,220
Loans and Receivables ⁽⁴⁾	89,907,886	62,590,535	591,308	153,089,729
Investments in Assoc., Subsidiaries and Entities under Common				
Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	1,911,765	25,095,425	-	27,007,190
Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes	174,430	2,874,644	-	3,049,074
Tangible Assets	-	-	484	484
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets ⁽⁵⁾	129,685	194,293	10,397	334,375
Total Assets	136,187,575	163,456,464	11,418,617	311,062,656
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	3,937,442	11,389,010	973,934	16,300,386
Foreign Currency Deposits ⁽⁶⁾	47,315,282	102,657,179	35,053,617	185,026,078
Money Market Borrowings	47,515,282	19,042,502		19,042,502
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	21,757,194	76,675,041	-	98,432,235
Securities Issues	2,814,469	21,833,110	3,623,557	28,271,136
Sundry Creditors	4,493,473	5,702,969	11,812	10,208,254
Derivative Fin. Liabilities for Hedging Purposes	4,495,475	1,149,607	11,012	1,149,607
Other Liabilities ⁽⁷⁾	8,365,186	2,914,663	79,492	11,359,341
Total Liabilities	88,683,046	2,914,003 241,364,081	39,742,412	369,789,539
Total Liabilities	88,083,040	241,304,081	39,742,412	309,789,539
Net Balance Sheet Position	47,504,529	(77,907,617)	(28,323,795)	(58,726,883)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(46,974,629)	81,838,595	28,362,475	63,226,441
Financial Derivative Assets	47,618,340	247,366,225	32,569,484	327,554,049
Financial Derivative Liabilities	94,592,969	165,527,630	4,207,009	264,327,608
Non-Cash Loans ⁽⁸⁾	23,779,446	24,282,164	656,565	48,718,175
Prior Period				
Total Assets	111,844,219	117,106,125	6,847,243	235,797,587
Total Liabilities	66,887,180	183,055,000	32,629,358	282,571,538
Net Balance Sheet Position	44,957,039	(65,948,875)	(25,782,115)	(46,773,951)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(44,727,420)	68,298,664	26,048,445	49,619,689
Financial Derivative Assets	32,484,296	225,660,154	28,403,576	286,548,026
Financial Derivative Liabilities	77,211,716	157,361,490	2,355,131	236,928,337
Thateful Delivative Datonities	//,211,/10	137,301,490	2,555,151	230,720,337

(1) Cash and Balances with TR Central Bank; Other FC include TRY 9,160,408 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 5,494,682) precious metal deposit account.

(2) There are foreign bank guarantees amounting to TRY 5,197,570 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 4,516,091).

(3) Does not include TRY 258,448 (December 31, 2022–TRY 369,444) of currency income accruals arising from derivative transactions. Includes TRY 223,579 (December 31, 2022–TRY 232,939) FC indexed loans.

(4)

Does not include FC prepaid expenses amounting to TRY 571,288 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 224,639) as per BRSA's Communique published in Official Gazette no 26085 on February 19, 2006. (5)

18,043,661

17,030,918

463,540

35,538,119

(6) Other foreign currency includes TRY 30,241,597 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 22,159,406) of precious metal deposit account.

Does not include currency expense accruals of derivative financial instruments kept in FC accounts amounting to TRY 443,761 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 151,702) (7) (8)

Does not have an effect on Net Off-Balance Sheet Position.

Non-Cash Loans

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk that would arise from the changes in interest rates depending on the Bank's position is managed by the Asset/Liability Committee of the Bank.

Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off balance sheet items is analyzed by top management in the Asset/Liability Committee meetings held every month by taking the market developments into consideration.

The management of the Bank follows the interest rates in the market on a daily basis and revises interest rates of the Bank when necessary.

Besides customer deposits, the Bank funds its long term fixed interest rate TRY loan portfolio with long term (up to 10 years) floating interest rate foreign currency funds obtained from international markets. The Bank changes the foreign currency liquidity obtained from the international markets and customer deposits to TRY liquidity with long term swap transactions (fixed TRY interest rate and floating FC interest rate). Therefore, the Bank not only funds its long term fixed interest rate loans with TRY but also hedges itself from interest rate and maturity risk.

Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items

(Based on repricing dates)

	Up to 1	1.2 Marcha	2 12 Manda	1 5 V		Non-Interest	T - 4 - 1
End of Current Period	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	Bearing (1)	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign							
Currency Cash, Money in Transit,							
Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal)							
and Balances with the T.R. Central							
Bank ⁽²⁾	44,819,693	-	-	-	-	58,922,400	103,742,093
Due from Banks (3)	12,803,270	-	-	-	-	20,778,635	33,581,905
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
Through Profit/Loss (4)	137,003	8,139	6,174	142,722	27,983	20,100,578	20,422,599
Money Market Placements (5)	14,010,084	181,376	-	-	-	(6,727)	14,184,733
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
Through Other Comprehensive	0 715 151	0 502 0 45	2 (7 (220	2 077 407	11 551 020	5 607 057	12 201 700
Income ⁽⁵⁾	8,715,151	9,593,845	2,676,330	3,977,487	11,551,928	5,687,057	42,201,798
Loans and Receivables	135,939,063	77,497,365	177,415,278	55,903,362	13,975,277	(6,630,940)	454,099,405
Inv. Securities Held to Maturity ⁽⁶⁾	36,632,241	347,496	5,049,076	24,204,644	11,993,997	5,229,003	83,456,457
Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-	30,967,699	30,967,699
Total Assets	253,056,505	87,628,221	185,146,858	84,228,215	37,549,185	135,047,705	782,656,689
· · · · · · ·							
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	6,412,821	6,162,206	3,556,709	-	-	470,750	16,602,486
Other Deposits	172,158,784	121,398,095	16,671,184	640,901	699	192,637,722	503,507,385
Money Market Borrowings	2,809,149	10,118,156	6,078,809	-	-	292,700	19,298,814
Sundry Creditors	10,208,255	-	-	-	-	17,387,145	27,595,400
Securities Issued	4,620,301	4,754,150	4,385,540	16,826,884	-	-	30,586,875
Funds Borrowed	15,784,363	35,240,742	32,164,287	288,803	13,557,128	1,671,260	98,706,583
Other Liabilities (7)	47	1,103	15,965	796,976	-	85,545,055	86,359,146
Total Liabilities	211,993,720	177,674,452	62,872,494	18,553,564	13,557,827	298,004,632	782,656,689
	, , .				- /- /-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
On Balance Sheet Long Position	41,062,785	-	122,274,364	65,674,651	23,991,358	-	253,003,158
On Balance Sheet Short Position	-	(90,046,231)	-			(162,956,927)	(253,003,158)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	-	24,783,370	24,760,041	-	-		49,543,411
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(3,334,190)	-	-	(16,775,191)	(20,444,452)	-	(40,553,833)
Total Position			448.004.405	40.000.470		(1 (2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.000
TOTAL FOSITION	37,728,595	(65,262,861)	147,034,405	48,899,460	3,546,906	(162,956,927)	8,989,578

⁽¹⁾ Non-Interest Bearing column includes accruals, provision for losses and derivative financial instruments' fair value valuation difference.

(2) Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank include amount of TRY 11,962 expected loss provisions.

⁽³⁾ Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TRY 26,693.

(4) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss include TRY 19,274,817 derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes.

(5) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income include TRY 6,057,405 derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes.

⁽⁶⁾ Financial Assets measured at amortized cost includes the balance of the expected loss provisions amounting to TRY 19,720.

⁽⁷⁾ Other Liabilities includes Derivative Financial Assets amounting to TRY 8,304,988.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (Continued)

	Up to 1		3-12		5 Years and	Non-Interest	
	Month	1-3 Months	Months	1-5 Years	Over	Bearing (1)	Total
End of Prior Period							
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign							
Currency Cash, Money in Transit,							
Cheques Purchased, Precious							
Metal) and Balances with the T.R.							
Central Bank ⁽²⁾	36,498,079	-	-	-	-	58,029,097	94,527,176
Due from Banks (3)	2,870,720	-	-	-	-	7,791,698	10,662,418
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
Through Profit/Loss (4)	212,289	104,379	113,413	190,798	34,143	16,426,133	17,081,155
Money Market Placements (5)	4,427,376	4,040,604	-	-	-	(5,082)	8,462,898
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
Through Other Comprehensive							
Income ⁽⁵⁾	7,070,186	5,959,770	3,354,114	9,825,209	9,627,121	11,170,734	47,007,134
Loans and Receivables	78,137,369	68,051,425	133,041,642	55,907,099	8,182,938	1,636,725	344,957,198
Inv. Securities Held to Maturity (6)	28,418,409	647,443	2,276,143	15,932,112	7,588,431	7,080,729	61,943,267
Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-	17,113,930	17,113,930
Total Assets	157,634,428	78,803,621	138,785,312	81,855,218	25,432,633	119,243,964	601,755,176
Liabilities							
	1 246 561	2,763,128	2,476,493			739,593	10,225,775
Bank Deposits Other Deposits	4,246,561 146,145,168	2,763,128	2,476,493	590 205	504	128,991,842	384,058,258
Money Market Borrowings	140,145,168	93,003,898 7,644,329	3,209,343	589,295	504	128,991,842	21,928,860
Sundry Creditors	· · ·	7,044,529	5,209,545	-	-	13,401,599	, ,
Sundry Creditors Securities Issued	15,775,865	8,111,372	2,960,503	12,135,273	-	153,957	29,177,464 27,939,706
Funds Borrowed	4,578,601 5,935,228	8,111,572	2,960,505	213,503	9.815.715	434,366	58,781,041
Other Liabilities ⁽⁷⁾	3,935,228	15,789,605	20,392,024	726,060		434,300 68,898,753	69,644,072
Other Liabilities (*)	579	1,115	17,707	/20,000	-	08,898,755	09,044,072
Total Liabilities	187,614,680	129,973,445	47,924,281	13,664,131	9,816,219	212,762,420	601,755,176
				, ,			, ,
On Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	90,861,031	68,191,087	15,616,414	-	174,668,532
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(29,980,252)	(51,169,824)	-	-	-	(93,518,456)	(174,668,532)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	14,371,955	27,735,850	-	-	-	-	42,107,805
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	(3,051,112)	(7,727,922)	(16,486,471)	-	(27,265,505)
Total Position	(15,608,297)	(23,433,974)	87,809,919	60,463,165	(870,057)	(93,518,456)	14,842,30

⁽¹⁾ Non-Interest Bearing column includes accruals, provision for losses and derivative financial instruments' fair value valuation difference.

(2) Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank include amount of TRY 10,615 expected loss provisions.

 $^{(3)}$ Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TRY 5,879.

(4) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss include TRY 15,808,676 derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes.

(5) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income include TRY 6,868,484 derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes.

⁽⁶⁾ Financial Assets measured at amortized cost includes the balance of the expected loss provisions amounting to TRY 20,038.

⁽⁷⁾ Other Liabilities includes Derivative Financial Assets amounting to TRY 6,396,238.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments

	EURO %	USD %	JPY %	TRY %
End of Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank	-	-	-	-
Due from Banks	-	-	-	16.24
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	6.59	9.24	-	22.93
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	22.56
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income				
(FVOCI)	2.77	5.53	-	19.56
Loans and Receivables	6.97	9.10	4.92	22.82
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	4.73	5.66	-	28.17
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	5.32	7.37	-	26.38
Other Deposits	1.28	1.93	0.05	20.95
Money Market Borrowings	-	6.26	-	12.69
Sundry Creditors	1.81	-	-	-
Securities Issued	5.68	7.17	-	32.01
	5 50	8.15		17.40
Funds Borrowed	5.58	6.15	-	17.10
Funds Borrowed			JPY %	
Funds Borrowed	5.58 EURO %	0.15 USD %	JPY %	TRY %
			JPY %	
End of Prior Period			JPY %	
End of Prior Period Assets			JPY %	
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques			JPY %	
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank			JPY %	TRY %
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks	EURO %	USD %	JPY %	TRY % 9.97
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	EURO %	USD %	- - -	TRY % 9.97
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements	EURO %	USD %	- - -	TRY % 9.97
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	EURO %	USD %	- - -	TRY % 9.97 24.02
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	EURO %	USD %	- - - -	TRY % 9.97 24.02 - 31.34
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Loans and Receivables	EURO %	USD %	- - - -	TRY % 9.97 24.02 - 31.34 23.28
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Loans and Receivables Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	EURO %	USD %	- - - -	TRY % 9.97 24.02 - 31.34 23.28
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Loans and Receivables Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost Liabilities	EURO %	USD % 7.22 2.92 5.42 6.87 5.65	4.92	TRY % 9.97 24.02 31.34 23.28 72.82
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Loans and Receivables Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost Liabilities Bank Deposits	EURO %	USD %	4.92	TRY % 9.97 24.02 31.34 23.28 72.82 25.86
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Loans and Receivables Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost Liabilities Bank Deposits Other Deposits	EURO %	USD %	4.92	TRY % 9.97 24.02 31.34 23.28 72.82 25.86 17.98
End of Prior Period Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank Due from Banks Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Loans and Receivables Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost Liabilities Bank Deposits Other Deposits Money Market Borrowings	EURO %	USD %	4.92	TRY % 9.97 24.02 31.34 23.28 72.82 25.86 17.98

V. Explanations on Position Risk of Equity Securities

		Comparison	
Equity Securities (shares)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
1. Investment in Shares- grade A	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
2. Investment in Shares- grade B	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
3. Investment in Shares- grade C	2,052,927	2,052,927	-
Quoted Securities	2,052,927	2,052,927	-
4. Investment in Shares- grade Other (*)	5,818,787	5,818,787	-

(*) Includes associates and subsidiaries not quoted to ISE and not classified as investment in shares by Capital Market Board (CMB).

		Revaluation Surpluses Un			Unrealized Gains and Losses		
	Gains/Losses in					Amount under Supplementary	
Portfolio	Current Period	Total	Capital	Total	Capital	Capital	
1. Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2. Quoted Shares	134,444	-	-	-	-	-	
3. Other Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4. Total	134,444	-	-	-	-	-	

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Remarks regarding Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio

Liquidity Risk of the Bank is monitored and managed in accordance with Liquidity Risk Management Policy. According to this policy, Board of Directors is responsible to review and approve risk profile and appetite of the Bank periodically. Senior Management takes necessary measures to monitor aforementioned risk and controls liquidity risk in line with accepted strategies and policies.

Treasury Department is responsible to carry out liquidity strategy determined and approved by Board of Directors. Risk Management Department is responsible to define, measure, monitor and control liquidity risk besides developing internal and external methods and procedures which are in line with context and structure of applicable activities in the Bank in order to monitor related limits. Senior management of the Bank is informed periodically regarding current liquidity risk amount exposed in order to ensure being under the approved limits of Bank's liquidity risk profile. Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) meetings, which ensure the necessary monitoring for liquidity risk, are held monthly. Risk Committee reviews the liquidity risk of the Bank monthly in addition to aforementioned meetings and informs Board of Directors. The Bank reviews its liquidity position daily. Internal and legal reports related to liquidity positions are examined in ALCO meetings monthly with the participation of senior management. Several decisions are taken related to management of short and long term liquidity in this scope. Internal metrics such as reserve liquidity coverage. Internal limit and warning level are periodically monitored and reported to related parties by the Board of Directors.

The liquidity management of the Bank is decentralized; each partnership controlled by the Bank is carried out independently from the Bank by the authorities in charge of liquidity management. Each subsidiary subject to consolidation manages its own liquidity position separately from the Bank. The amount of funds to be used by the subsidiaries from the Bank is determined within the framework of the limits.

It is essential for the Bank to monitor its liquidity position and funding strategy consistently. Funding management of the Bank is carried out in line with limits and internal warning systems within the framework of ALCO decisions. Funding and placement strategies are developed through evaluating the liquidity of the Bank. Liquidity position is evaluated and funding strategy is developed taking into consideration customer based concentration and maturity levels.

A large part of the Bank's liabilities consist of TRY, USD and EUR. Gap reports issued based on the aforementioned three currencies are presented in ALCO meetings. Maturity mismatches based on currencies are managed through FX swap and FX forward.

The Bank diversifies its funding sources as customer deposits, foreign loans and bond issuance in order to reduce its liquidity risk. Measures are taken through making investments to assets having higher capacity to generate cash against liquidity crisis. The Bank watches over reducing customer deposit concentration and controls concentration level daily in line with warning level approved by the Board of Directors.

Liquidity life cycle approach is determined as the liquidity risk stress test methodology. This approach is a stress test to measure the period in which the Bank can meet its cumulative cash outflows without providing a fund from the market. Liquidity life cycle is calculated according to various scenarios and simulated in line with possible scenarios in crisis situation and the results are reported to Risk Committee and Board of Directors.

Emergency Funding Plan (EMP) of the Bank regulates funding activities to be used in liquidity crisis periods specific to the Bank or in liquidity crisis at financial markets. EMP defines components triggering the crisis and early warning indicators which help to evaluate and manage the liquidity crisis and determine primary funding structure. EMP also defines actions of the Bank against cash and guarantee need. In addition to aforementioned issues, EMP determines duties and responsibilities in performing actions in a liquidity crisis included in risk management and emergency funding plan.

Cautious liquidity management against possible financial fluctuations in the market has been one of the main priorities of the Bank. The Bank manages LCR above the limit by keeping its high quality liquid assets at a sufficient level. The Bank has created four different stress test scenarios that measure how long it can meet the cumulative cash outflows without any new funds from the market or by providing very low levels of funds. In scenarios created by observing financial movements in the past and using statistical analysis, it has been observed that the Bank withstands stress over the minimum life expectancy of 30 days.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Remarks regarding Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Rate (Continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

Current Period – June 30, 2023 —		Consideration Unweighted Ame		Consideration Rate Weighted Amounts ^(*)		
C	irrent Feriod – Julie 30, 2023	TRY+FC	FC	TRY+FC	FC	
HI	GH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			141,112,763	74,545,808	
1	High Quality Liquid Assets			141,112,763	74,545,808	
CA	SHOUTFLOWS					
2	Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	337,910,271	117,694,486	30,619,318	11,769,449	
3	Stable deposits	63,434,176	-	3,171,709	-	
4	Less stable deposits	274,476,095	117,694,486	27,447,609	11,769,449	
5	Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small					
	Business Customers Deposits	115,835,999	53,746,632	66,116,515	31,835,728	
6	Operational deposits	4,406,373	1,009,275	1,101,593	252,319	
7	Non-Operational Deposits	87,102,322	45,033,145	46,585,060	23,924,548	
8	Other Unsecured Funding	24,327,304	7,704,212	18,429,862	7,658,861	
9	Secured funding	-	-	49,647	49,647	
10	Other Cash Outflows	60,656,729	12,799,659	60,656,729	12,799,659	
11	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and					
	market valuation changes on derivatives					
	transactions	60,656,729	12,799,659	60,656,729	12,799,659	
12	Debts related to the structured financial					
	products	-	-	-	-	
13	Commitment related to debts to financial					
	markets	-	-	-	-	
14	Commitments that are unconditionally					
	revocable at any time by the Bank and other					
	contractual commitments	109,001,189	26,120,555	5,450,059	1,306,028	
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable					
	commitments	362,072,717	40,759,621	23,812,611	3,778,985	
	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	-	-	186,704,879	61,539,496	
-	ASH INFLOWS					
17		3,165,358	-	-	-	
18	Unsecured Lending Transactions	59,058,393	17,323,788	41,248,376	14,661,172	
19	Other Cash Inflows	61,029,304	54,527,609	61,029,304	54,527,609	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	123,253,055	71,851,397	102,277,680	69,188,781	
					Applied Values	
21	TOTAL HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			141,112,763	74,545,808	
(22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			84,427,199	15,836,757	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			167.14	470.71	

(*) Basic arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of values calculated by taking the weekly basic arithmetic average.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Remarks regarding Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Rate (Continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Prior Period – December 31, 2022		Considera Unweighted		Consideration Rate Weighted Amounts ^(*)	
Prio	r Period – December 31, 2022	TRY+FC	FC	TRY+FC	FC
HIG	GH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			135,335,819	71,792,143
1	High Quality Liquid Assets	-	-	135,335,819	71,792,143
CAS	SH OUTFLOWS				
2	Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	261,208,217	127,364,753	24,183,395	12,736,475
3	Stable deposits	38,748,538	-	1,937,427	-
4	Less stable deposits	222,459,679	127,364,753	22,245,968	12,736,475
5	Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small				
	Business Customers Deposits	104,651,091	60,087,696	58,760,542	34,514,778
6	Operational deposits	3,582,794	907,722	895,699	226,931
7	Non-Operational Deposits	81,010,726	51,450,661	42,023,691	26,796,058
8	Other Unsecured Funding	20,057,571	7,729,313	15,841,152	7,491,789
9	Secured funding	-	-	-	-
10	Other Cash Outflows	90,617,498	20,253,280	90,617,498	20,253,280
11	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market				
	valuation changes on derivatives transactions	90,617,498	20,253,280	90,617,498	20,253,280
12	Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
13	Commitment related to debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any				
	time by the Bank and other contractual commitments	117,210,477	39,762,282	5,860,524	1,988,114
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable				
	commitments	224,756,397	45,467,424	16,211,722	4,491,084
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	-	-	195,633,681	73,983,731
CAS	SH INFLOWS				
17	Secured Lending Transactions	1,459,513	840,212	-	-
18	Unsecured Lending Transactions	37,486,873	16,917,100	26,729,756	14,965,787
19	Other Cash Inflows	87,780,473	74,397,584	87,780,473	74,397,584
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	126,726,859	92,154,896	114,510,229	89,363,371
				Upper Limit	t Applied Values
21	TOTAL HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS	-	-	135,335,819	71,792,143
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS	-	-	81,123,452	18,495,933
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)	-	-	166.83	388.15

(*) Basic arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of values calculated by taking the weekly basic arithmetic average.

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

The dates and values of minimum and maximum foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios calculated weekly related to the last three months of 2023 are explained in the table below. According to "Regulation on Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28948, dated March 21, 2014.

	Maximum	Week	Minimum	Week	Average
TRY+FC	211.66	30.06.2023	133.83	12.05.2023	168.56
FC	552.01	07.04.2023	400.13	30.06.2023	477.50

Liquidity coverage ratio is regulated by the BRSA to make sure that the Banks sustain high quality liquid asset stock to cover probable cash outflows in the short term.

Almost all of Bank's high quality liquid assets are comprised of first quality liquid assets, most of which are CBRT accounts and securities that are issued by the Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance that have not been collateralized. Optional use of reserve levels and fluctuations in repo amount lead up to periodical variations in liquidity coverage ratio. Additionally syndication loans and large amount funds such as foreign bond issuances that have less than 1 month to maturity, lead up to short term fall in liquidity coverage ratios.

Funding sources of the Bank mainly consist of deposits which constitute 66% of total liabilities of the bank (December 31, 2022 - 63%) and also include repo, syndication, securitization, securities issued and other instruments including subordinated debts.

The Bank effectively uses derivative transactions to manage interest and liquidity risk. Impact of derivative cash flows in terms of liquidity coverage ratio is limited. However, FX swaps used in short term foreign currency liquidity management cause liquidity coverage ratio to fluctuate due to changes in volume and 1-month maturity. In addition, possible cash outflow caused by margin call requirements of derivative transactions is taken into consideration in accordance with the respective regulations.

Secured funding consists repo securized borrowing transactions. A large part of securities which are subjects of aforementioned guaranteed funding transactions consist of Sovereign Bonds issued by Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance and transactions are carried out both in CBRT market and interbank market.

The Bank manages all the transactions made before its foreign branches and partnership in the framework of central bank, markets and related legislation of the country in which the institutions are located. Legal lending limits and high limit transactions are closely monitored in this framework.

All cash inflow and outflow items related to liquidity profile of the Bank are included in liquidity coverage ratio tables above.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

		Up to 1				5 Years	Unallocated	
Current Period	Demand	month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	and Over	(1)	Total
Assets								
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in								
Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and								
Balances with the T.R Central Bank (2)	58,934,361	44,819,694	-	-	-	-	(11,962)	103,742,093
Due from Banks (3)	15,607,758	18,000,840	-	-	-	-	(26,693)	33,581,905
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through							(,,,	
Profit/Loss (FVTPL) (4)	815,679	3,613,378	8,989,574	2,245,244	1,685,471	3,073,253	-	20,422,599
Money Markets Placements (5)	-	14.010.083	181.376				(6,726)	14.184.733
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other		,,	- ,				(-,,	, - ,
Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) (6)	7,674	48,208	72,570	4.967.239	21.522.550	15.583.557	-	42.201.798
Loans and Receivables	-	132,390,251	61,642,292	153,722,256	88,384,474	32,135,267	(14,175,135)	454.099.405
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (7)	-		2,597,470	8,486,557	, ,	- , ,	(19,720)	83,456,457
Other Assets	-	11,943,766			748,324		18,275,609	30,967,699
Total Assets	75,365,472	224,826,220	73,483,282	169,421,296		76.723.917		782,656,689
Liabilities	10,000,112		70,100,202	10,,121,2,0	100,001,120	10,120,911	1,000,070	
Bank Deposits	247,636	6,491,724	6,211,849	3,651,277	-	-	-	16,602,486
Other Deposits	187,724,886	174,700,603		17,019,274	687,708	703		503,507,385
Funds Borrowed	107,724,000	5.148.105	9.626.599	65.785.016		10.067.315		98,706,583
Money Market Borrowings	-	2,869,291	7,181,454	4,451,532	4,022,177	774,360		19,298,814
Securrities Issued	-	4,620,301	3,458,333	5,681,356	16,826,885			30,586,875
Miscellaneous Payables		27,595,400		5,001,550	10,020,005		-	27,595,400
Other Liabilities ⁽⁸⁾		14,735,972	1,366,740	1,647,077	2,648,086	1,404,456	64 556 815	86,359,146
Total Liabilities	187.972.522	236,161,396		98,235,532		12,246,834		782,656,689
Total Elabilities	107,772,522	250,101,590	101,219,100	70,200,002	52,204,404	12,240,004	04,000,010	102,000,007
Liquidity Excess/(Gap)	(112,607,050)	(11,335,176)	(77,735,904)	71,185,764	126,536,725	64,477,083	(60,521,442)	-
Net Off Balance Sheet Position (9)	-	1,365,873	6,742,077	2,597,041	2,206,735	-	-	12,911,726
Receivables from Financial Derivative Instruments	-	102,788,564	84,056,727	53,680,739	72,086,673	63,242,995	-	375,855,698
Liabilities from Derivatives	-	101,422,691	77,314,650	51,083,698	69,879,938	63,242,995	-	362,943,972
Non-cash Loans (10)	-	6,248,331	11,928,130	36,290,866	7,990,602	841,469	26,327,924	89,627,322
Prior period								
Total Assets	57,955,686	135,132,784	59,704,765	134,619,104		63,977,688		601,755,176
Total Liabilities	126,496,579	205,755,843	117,064,890	50,946,718	35,758,347	9,782,939	55,949,860	601,755,176
Liquidity Excess/(Gap)	(68,540,893)	(70,623,059)	(57,360,125)	83,672,386	103,001,188	54,194,749	(44,344,246)	-
Net-Off Balance Sheet Position (9)		1,451,298	6,050,828	4.699.451	2.600.912	37		14,802,526
Receivables from Derivative Instruments	-	138.454.055	74,488,201	40,445,173		58,949,274		375.045.175
Liabilities from Derivative Instruments	-	138,454,055	74,488,201 68,437,373	40,445,173 35,745,722		58,949,274 58,949,237		3/5,045,175
	-							
Non-cash Loans (10)		3,167,528	7,830,151	27,464,272	9,713,322	922,518	16,131,398	65,229,189

(1) The assets which are necessary to provide banking services and could not be liquidated in the short-term, such as fixed assets, investments in subsidiaries and associates, office stationery, and prepaid expenses are classified "Unallocated" column. Unallocated other liabilities include shareholders' equity amounting to TRY 55,031,711 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 44,265,529), unallocated provisions amounting to TRY 9,525,106 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 8,918,257) and does not have current tax liabilities (December 31, 2022 – 2,766,075).

(2) Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R Central Bank includes expected loss provisions the amount of TRY 11,962 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 10,615).

⁽³⁾ Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TRY 26,693 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 5,879).

(4) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss include TRY 19,274,817 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 15,808,676) derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes.

(5) Receivables from Money Markets includes the balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TRY 6,726 (December 31, 2022 – 5,082)

(6) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income include TRY 6,057,405 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 6,868,484) derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes.

(7) Financial assets measured at amortized cost include TRY 19,720 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 20,038) of expected loss provisions.

⁽⁸⁾ Other Liabilities include Derivative Financial Assets amounting to TRY 8,304,988 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 6,396,238).

(9) Liquidity excess/(deficit) related to Derivative Financial Instruments constituting Net Off-Balance positions are included in Liquidity Excess/(deficit) through valuations of related transactions to balance sheet
(10) Amounts related to latter of guerantees parsent contractual maturities and amounts included in aforementioned maturities and they have on demond and

(10) Amounts related to letter of guarantees represent contractual maturities and amounts included in aforementioned maturities and they have on demand and optionally withdrawable nature.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

VII. Explanations Regarding Leverage Ratio

Information in regards to the differences between current period and prior period leverage ratio

The Bank's leverage ratio, calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Bank's Leverage Levels" is 5.43% (December 31, 2022 - 5.97%). Subject level is above the minimum requirement which is determined as 3% by the regulation. Difference between current period and prior period leverage ratios is mostly due to increase in risk amounts of balance sheet asset items.

The table related to leverage ratio calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Bank's Leverage Levels" published in Official Gazette dated November 5, 2013 and numbered 28812 is below:

	Book V	alue
	Current	Prior
	Period (*)	Period (*)
Assets on Balance sheet		
Assets on Balance sheet (except for derivative financial instruments and credit	696,204,691	564,542,488
(Assets deducted from capital stock)	3,542,103	988,572
Total risk amount related to Assets on Balance sheet	692,662,588	563,553,916
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
Replacement cost of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	18,435,361	23,234,025
Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	14,059,161	7,924,670
Total risk amount related to derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	32,494,522	31,158,695
Financial transactions having security or commodity collateral		
Risk amount of financial transactions having security or commodity collateral	66,011	49,485
Risk amount sourcing from transactions mediated	70,756	849,565
Total risk amount related to financial transactions having security or commodity		
Collateral	136,767	899,050
Off-Balance sheet Transaction		
Gross nominal amount of off-balance sheet transactions	466,347,540	362,571,207
(Adjustment amount sourcing from multiplying to credit conversion rates)	73,353,789	94,599,387
Total risk amount related to off-balance sheet transactions	392,993,751	267,971,820
Capital and Total Risk		
Core Capital	60,763,690	51,567,778
Amount of total risk	1,118,287,628	863,583,481
Financial leverage ratio		
Financial leverage ratio	5.43%	5.97%
^{*)} Amounts stated in table shows the last three months averages of related period.		

(*) Amounts stated in table shows the last three months averages of related period.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets

1. a) Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye

	Current P	eriod	Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Cash in TRY/Foreign Currency	2,219,489	11,938,841	1,621,492	6,809,684
T.R. Central Bank	9,553,834	79,054,345	7,929,515	74,677,290
Other	329,172	658,374	168,850	3,330,960
Total	12,102,495	91,651,560	9,719,857	84,817,934

b) Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye

	Current P	eriod	Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposits	9,553,834	34,234,651	7,929,515	34,202,891
Restricted Time Deposits	-	44,819,694	-	40,474,399
Total	9,553,834	79,054,345	7,929,515	74,677,290

As of June 30, 2023 amount of TRY 11,962 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 10,615) provision provided for the account T.R. Central Bank.

As of June 30, 2023, our bank has been appointed to CBRT depending on the maturity structure, the required reserve rates for TRY liabilities vary between 0% and 8% for TRY deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities. The reserve rates for foreign currency liabilities vary between 5% and 25% for deposit and other foreign currency liabilities according to their maturities. Gold deposit liabilities vary between 22% and 26% for gold liabilities according to their maturities.

2. Further information on financial assets at fair value through profit/loss

a) Information on financial assets at fair value through profit/loss given as collateral or blocked

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Given as Collateral/ Blocked	1,979	-	-	-
Subject to repurchase agreements	-	-	-	-
Total	1,979	-	-	-

b) Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for trading

	Current Period		Prior Peri	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Forward Transactions	344,863	-	457,631	-
Swap Transactions	12,976,258	2,729,576	4,694,578	2,272,253
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	514
Options	-	156,806	-	758,724
Total	13,321,121	2,886,382	5,152,209	3,031,491

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

3. a) Information on banks accounts

	Current Period		Prior Peri	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks				
Domestic	12,809,196	861,948	2,874,204	133,353
Foreign	-	19,937,454	-	7,660,740
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	12,809,196	20,799,402	2,874,204	7,794,093

As of June 30, 2023 amount of TRY 33,419 provision provided for the Bank account (December 31, 2022 - TRY 10,961).

b) Information on foreign bank accounts

	Unrestricted Amount		Restricted Am	nount ^(**)
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
EU Countries	7,728,366	1,479,052	147,601	132,836
USA and Canada	6,210,962	892,625	-	-
OECD Countries (*)	620,420	644,395	5,049,970	4,383,255
Off-shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-
Other	180,135	128,577	-	-
Total	14,739,883	3,144,649	5,197,571	4,516,091

(*)

Includes OECD countries other than the EU countries, USA and Canada. Includes the guarantees in foreign banks for the borrowings from foreign markets. (**)

4. Information on Receivables from Reverse Repurchase Agreements

	Current Perio	d	Prior Perio	d
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Domestic Transactions	8,428,334	-	3,613,560	-
T.R Central Bank	-	-	-	-
Banks	8,428,334	-	3,613,560	-
Intermediary Institutions	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions and				
Organizations	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions and Organization	-	-	-	-
Real Persons	-	-	-	-
Foreign Transactions	-	-	-	427,044
Central Banks	-	-	-	-
Banks	-	-	-	427,044
Intermediary Institutions	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions and				
Organizations	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions and Organizations	-	-	-	-
Real Persons	-	-	-	-
Total	8,428,334	-	3,613,560	427,044

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

5. Information on Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

a) Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income that are subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral/blocked

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Given as Collateral/Blocked	5,248,608	-	12,462,239	-
Subject to repurchase agreements	13,845	7,999,632	9,095	10,279,690
Total	5,262,453	7,999,632	12,471,334	10,279,690

b) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	38,764,613	41,939,468
Quoted on a stock exchange (*)	38,764,613	41,939,468
Unquoted on a stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates	7,781	7,781
Quoted on a stock exchange	-	-
Unquoted on a stock exchange	7,781	7,781
Impairment provision(-) (**)	(2,628,001)	(1,808,599)
Total	36,144,393	40,138,650

(*) The Eurobond Portfolio amounting to TRY 5,346,374 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 5,436,447) which is accounted for as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income were hedged under fair value hedge accounting starting from 2009.

(**) As of June 30, 2023 amount of TRY 5,189 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 5,094) provision provided for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income account.

6. Information related to loans

a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank

Current Period		Prior Period	
Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
-	1,940,578	-	116,854
-	1,940,578	-	116,854
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
548,264	-	333,147	-
548,264	1,940,578	333,147	116,854
	Cash - - 548,264	Cash Non-Cash - 1,940,578 - 1,940,578 - 1,940,578 - - - - 548,264 -	Cash Non-Cash Cash - 1,940,578 - - 1,940,578 - - 1,940,578 - - - - -

^(*) Includes the advances given to the bank personnel.

b) Performing loans and loans under follow-up including restructured or rescheduled loans, and other receivables

b.1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

	_	Loans U	Jnder Close Monitoring	
	_		Restructured Loans ar	nd Receivables
Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and Receivables Not Subject to restructuring	Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-specialized Loans	414,826,387	37,972,427	304,130	15,171,596
Enterprise Loans	26,876,463	39,527	-	-
Export Loans	37,683,774	952,627	-	-
Import Loans	-	-	-	-
Loans Given to Financial Sector	8,629,417	880	-	-
Retail Loans	81,317,713	8,323,268	163,907	1,849,396
Credit Cards	97,559,245	13,779,397	-	934,698
Other	162,759,775	14,876,728	140,223	12,387,502
Specialized Loans	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	414,826,387	37,972,427	304,130	15,171,596

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

6. Information related to loans (Continued)

b) Performing loans and loans under follow-up including restructured or rescheduled loans, and other receivables (Continued)

b.1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost (Continued)

	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring
Current Period		
Provision for 12 Month Expected Credit Losses	6,264,172	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	9,467,862
Prior Period		
Provision for 12 Month Expected Credit Losses	3,485,429	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	5,609,232

b.2) Loans measured at fair value through profit/loss

In the current period, the Bank has no loans followed under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with TFRS 9 (December 31, 2022 – None).

c) Loans measured at amortized cost and other receivables according to their maturity structure

		Loans Under Close Monitoring	
		Loans Not Subject to	Loans with
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Restructuring	Restructured Loans
Short-term Loans	226,667,377	13,779,397	934,698
Medium and Long-term Loans	188,159,010	24,193,030	14,541,028
Total	414,826,387	37,972,427	15,475,726

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

6. Information related to loans (Continued)

d) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards

Housing Loans 3.609 3.555.775 3 Automobile Loans 1,335 32,789 3 Personal Need Loans 9,579,779 68,983,108 78 Other - - - Consumer Loans-FC Indexed - 800 - Housing Loans - 800 - - Automobile Loans - - - - - Other -		Short Term	Medium and Long Term	Total
Automobile Loans 1,335 32,789 Personal Need Loans 9,579,779 68,983,108 78 Other - 807 Housing Loans - 800 Automobile Loans - 7 Other - 7 Other - 7 Other - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Other - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 Installment 236,427 212 Installment 236,427 212 Personnel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,341 Other - - -	Consumer Loans-TRY	9,584,723	72,571,672	82,156,395
Personal Need Loans 9,579,779 68,983,108 78 Other - - - Consumer Loans-FC Indexed - 800 - Housing Loans - - 800 Automobile Loans - - - Personal Need Loans - - - Other - - - Consumer Loans-FC - - - Housing Loans - - - Other - - - - Personal Need Loans - - - - Other - - - - - Other - <	Housing Loans	3,609	3,555,775	3,559,384
Other - - Consumer Loans-FC Indexed - 807 Housing Loans - - Personal Need Loans - 7 Other - - Consumer Loans-FC - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 - Installment 236,427 212 - Non-Installment 236,427 212 - Personal Need Loans - - - Other - -	Automobile Loans	1,335	32,789	34,124
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed - 807 Housing Loans - 800 Automobile Loans - 7 Other - 7 Consumer Loans-FC - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Non- Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 Personal Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - - Personal Nee	Personal Need Loans	9,579,779	68,983,108	78,562,887
Housing Loans - 800 Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Musing Loans - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Non-Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 - Installment - - - - Non-Installment 236,427 212 -	Other	-	-	-
Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - 7 Other - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Non- Installment 236,427 212 21 Installment 236,427 212 21 Installment 236,427 212 21 Personnel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 46,042 199,364 Housing Loans - - - - Personnel Loans-FC Indexed - - - Personnel Loans-FC Indexed - - - Housing Loans - - - Automobile Loans - - - Other - - - - Personnel Loans-FC - - -	Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	-	807	807
Personal Need Loans - 7 Other - - Consumer Loans-FC - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Non-Installment 53,041,405 228,546 53 Installment 236,427 212 212 Installment 236,427 212 212 Personnel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 - Housing Loans - - - Personal Need Loans 46,042 199,341 - Other - - - - Personal Need Loans - - - - Other - - - - - Personal Need Loans - - - - - Other -	Housing Loans	-	800	800
Other - - Consumer Loans-FC - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 899 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Non- Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 - Non- Installment 236,427 212 - Non- Installment 236,427 212 - Non- Installment 236,427 212 - Personnel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 - Housing Loans - - - Automobile Loans - - - Personnel Loans-FC Indexed - - - Housing Loans - - - Personnel Loans - -	Automobile Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FCHousing LoansAutomobile LoansOtherIndividual Credit Cards-TRY88,298,4991,011,478899Installment35,257,094712,93235Non-Installment53,041,405298,54653Individual Credit Cards-FC236,427212Installment2Non-Installment236,42721210Personnel Loans-TRY46,042199,56810Housing LoansPersonal Need LoansPersonal Veed LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOther	Personal Need Loans	-	7	7
Housing LoansAutomobile LoansOtherIndividual Credit Cards-TRY88,298,4991,011,47889Installment35,257,094712,93235Non-Installment35,041,405298,54653Individual Credit Cards-FC236,4272121InstallmentNon-Installment236,4272121Personnel Loans-TRY46,042199,568-Housing LoansAutomobile LoansPersonnel Loans-FC IndexedHousing LoansPersonal Need LoansHousing LoansPersonal Need LoansPersonal Need LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need Loans <td>Other</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Other	-	-	-
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Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89, Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Non- Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 - Installment 236,427 212 - - Non- Installment 236,427 212 -	Housing Loans	-	-	-
Other - - Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89 Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35. Non- Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 - Installment - - - Non- Installment 236,427 212 - Personal Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 - - Housing Loans - - - - - Other -<		-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-TRY 88,298,499 1,011,478 89, Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35 Non- Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 1 Installment - - - - Non- Installment 236,427 212 2 Personnel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 - - Housing Loans - 27 - - Automobile Loans - - - - Other - - - - Housing Loans - - - - Automobile Loans - - - - Housing Loans - - - - - Personal Need Loans - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Personal Need Loans	-	-	-
Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35, Non-Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 Installment 236,427 212 Non-Installment 236,427 212 Personnel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 Housing Loans - 27 Automobile Loans 46,042 199,341 Other - - Personnel Loans-FC Indexed - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Housing Loans - - Other - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personal Loans-FC - - Other - - - Personal Need Loans - - - Other - - - Personal Need Loans <td< td=""><td>Other</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	Other	-	-	-
Installment 35,257,094 712,932 35, Non-Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53 Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 Installment - - Non-Installment 236,427 212 Personnel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 Housing Loans - 27 Automobile Loans - 27 Automobile Loans - 27 Personnel Loans-FC Indexed - - Housing Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Housing Loans - - Other - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - - Personnel Loans-FC - - - Other - - - - Personnel Loans - - - - Other	Individual Credit Cards-TRY	88,298,499	1,011,478	89,309,977
Non- Installment 53,041,405 298,546 53, Individual Credit Cards-FC 236,427 212 Installment - - - Non- Installment 236,427 212 - Non- Installment 236,427 212 - Personel Loans-TRY 46,042 199,368 - Housing Loans - 27 - - Automobile Loans - - - - Other - - - - - Personal Need Loans 46,042 199,341 - - - Other - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>35,970,026</td>				35,970,026
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InstallmentNon- Installment236,427212Personnel Loans-TRY46,042199,368Housing Loans-27Automobile Loans-27Automobile Loans46,042199,341OtherPersonal Need Loans46,042199,341OtherPersonal Need LoansAutomobile LoansAutomobile LoansPersonal Need LoansAutomobile LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Credit Cards-TRY290,3331,634Installment124,076698Non-InstallmentNon-Installment2,0042Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,224Overdraft Accounts-T	Individual Credit Cards-FC		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	236,639
Personnel Loans-TRY46,042199,368Housing Loans-27Automobile LoansPersonal Need Loans46,042199,341OtherPersonnel Loans-FC IndexedHousing LoansAutomobile LoansHousing LoansAutomobile LoansPersonnel Loans-FC IndexedHousing LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Loans-FCHousing LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Credit Cards-TRY290,3331,634Installment124,076698Non-Installment2,0042Installment2,0042Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249.9.9.060,448191,2249.		-	-	-
Personnel Loans-TRY46,042199,368Housing Loans-27Automobile LoansPersonal Need Loans46,042199,341OtherPersonnel Loans-FC IndexedHousing LoansAutomobile LoansAutomobile LoansPersonnel Loans-FC IndexedHousing LoansAutomobile LoansOtherPersonnel Loans-FCOtherPersonnel LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Credit Cards-TRY290,3331,634Installment124,076698Non-InstallmentNon-Installment2,0042Installment2,0042Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249.	Non- Installment	236.427	212	236,639
Housing Loans-27Automobile LoansPersonal Need Loans46,042199,341OtherPersonnel Loans-FC IndexedHousing LoansAutomobile LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Loans-FCHousing LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Credit Cards-TRY290,3331,634Installment124,076698Non-InstallmentNon-InstallmentNon-Installment2,0042Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249	Personnel Loans-TRY		199.368	245,410
Automobile LoansPersonal Need Loans46,042199,341OtherPersonnel Loans-FC IndexedHousing LoansAutomobile LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Loans-FCHousing LoansOtherPersonnel Loans-FCHousing LoansAutomobile LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Credit Cards-TRY290,3331,634Installment124,076698Non-Installment166,257936Personnel Credit Cards-FC2,0042InstallmentNon-Installment2,0042Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249,060,448191,2249,060,448				27
Personal Need Loans 46,042 199,341 Other - - Personnel Loans-FC Indexed - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personnel Loans-FC - - Other - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personnel Loans-FC - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - - Personal Need Loans - - - Other - - - - Personal Need Loans - - - - Other - - - - Personal Need Loans - - - - Other - - - - -		-		-
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Automobile LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Loans-FC-Housing LoansAutomobile LoansPersonal Need LoansOtherPersonnel Credit Cards-TRY290,3331,634Installment124,076698Non-Installment166,257936Personnel Credit Cards-FC2,0042InstallmentNon-Installment2,0042Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249,050		-	-	-
Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personnel Loans-FC - - Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personnel Credit Cards-TRY 290,333 1,634 Installment 124,076 698 Non-Installment 166,257 936 Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment 2,004 2 Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9,2	6	-	-	-
OtherPersonnel Loans-FC-Housing Loans-Automobile Loans-Automobile Loans-Personal Need Loans-Other-Personnel Credit Cards-TRY290,333Installment124,076Mon-Installment166,257Personnel Credit Cards-FC2,004Installment-Non-Installment-Verdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249,060,448		-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC-Housing Loans-Automobile Loans-Personal Need Loans-Other-Personnel Credit Cards-TRY290,333Installment124,076Mon-Installment166,257Personnel Credit Cards-FC2,004Installment-Non-Installment-Verdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249,060,448		-	_	-
Housing Loans - - Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personnel Credit Cards-TRY 290,333 1,634 Installment 124,076 698 Non-Installment 166,257 936 Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9,455		-	-	-
Automobile Loans - - Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personnel Credit Cards-TRY 290,333 1,634 Installment 124,076 698 Non-Installment 166,257 936 Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9,456		-	_	-
Personal Need Loans - - Other - - Personnel Credit Cards-TRY 290,333 1,634 Installment 124,076 698 Non-Installment 166,257 936 Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9,466		-	_	-
Other - - Personnel Credit Cards-TRY 290,333 1,634 Installment 124,076 698 Non-Installment 166,257 936 Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9,050		-	_	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TRY 290,333 1,634 Installment 124,076 698 Non-Installment 166,257 936 Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9			_	-
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Non-Installment 166,257 936 Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9,060			,	124,774
Personnel Credit Cards-FC 2,004 2 Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9,060				167,193
Installment - - Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9				2,006
Non-Installment 2,004 2 Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons) 9,060,448 191,224 9		2,004	-	2,000
Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Real Persons)9,060,448191,2249		2 004	2	2,006
		· · · · ·	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	9,251,672
			-	-,201,072
Total 107,518,476 73,976,397 181	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	107 518 476	73 076 307	181,494,873

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

6. Information related to loans (Continued)

e) Information on commercial loans with installments and corporate credit cards

	Medium and Long		
	Short Term	Term	Total
Commercial Loans with Installment Facility – TRY	2,029,896	28,515,122	30,545,018
Real Estate Loans	5,441	302,601	308,042
Automobile Loans	79,288	1,902,988	1,982,276
Personal Need Loans	1,945,167	26,309,533	28,254,700
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Installment Facility - FC Indexed	-	214,307	214,307
Real Estate Loans	-	1,474	1,474
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
Personal Need Loans	-	212,833	212,833
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Installment Facility – FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
Personal Need Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards –TRY	22,243,061	167,950	22,411,011
Înstallment	7,839,373	86,878	7,926,251
Non-Installment	14,403,688	81,072	14,484,760
Corporate Credit Cards –FC	21,720	20	21,740
Înstallment	-	-	-
Non-Installment	21,720	20	21,740
Overdraft Accounts-TRY (Legal Entities)	2,790,779	9,964	2,800,743
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Legal Entities)	-	-	-
Total	27,085,456	28,907,363	55,992,819

f) Allocation of loans to customers (*)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Public	6,047,217	4,285,525
Private	462,227,323	348,170,521
Total	468,274,540	352,456,046

(*) The table does not include non-performing loan amount.

g) Allocation of domestic and foreign loans (*)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	465,772,968	350,600,485
Foreign Loans	2,501,572	1,855,561
Total	468,274,540	352,456,046

(*) The table does not include non-performing loan amount.

h) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	6,827,976	5,341,116
Indirect Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	-	-
Total	6,827,976	5,341,116

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

6. Information related to loans (Continued)

i) Specific provisions for loans (Stage III/Specific Provision)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provisions		
Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	266,601	631,345
Doubtful Loans and Other Receivables	916,814	455,337
Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	6,286,384	6,342,431
Total	7,469,799	7,429,113

j) Non-performing loans (NPLs) (Net)

j.1) Non-performing loans and other receivables restructured or rescheduled

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
		Loans and	
	Loans and receivables	receivables with	
	with limited	doubtful	Uncollectible loans
	collectability	collectability	and other receivables
Current Period			
Gross Amounts Before the Provisions	-	4,182	390,927
Restructured Loans	-	4,182	390,927
Prior Period			
Gross Amounts Before the Provisions	46	9,865	393,631
Restructured Loans	46	9,865	393,631
		- ,	,

j.2) Movement of total non-performing loans

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
		Loans and	
	Loans and	receivables with	
	receivables with	doubtful	Uncollectible loans
	limited collectability	collectability	and other receivables
Prior Period End Balance	874,620	636,382	7,513,924
Additions (+)	1,015,685	32,554	78,219
Transfers from Other Categories of Non-Performing			
Loans (+)	-	1,274,368	581,798
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-Performing			
Loans (-)	1,274,368	581,798	-
Collections (-)	187,649	140,194	793,932
Write-offs (-)	-	-	2,912
Debt Sales (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Current Period End Balance	428,288	1,221,312	7,377,097
Provision (-)	266,601	916,814	6,286,384
Net Balances on Balance Sheet	161,687	304,498	1,090,713

j.3) Information on foreign currency non-performing loans and other receivables

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

6. Information related to loans (Continued)

j.4) Breakdown of non-performing loans according to their gross and net values

	III. Group Loans and receivables with limited collectability	IV. Group Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	V. Group Uncollectible loans and other receivables
Current Period (Net)	161,687	304,498	
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	428,288	1,221,312	, ,
Provision (-)	266,601	916,814	6,040,428
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	161,687	304,498	1,090,713
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	245,956
Provision (-)	-	-	245,956
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)	243,275	181,045	1,171,493
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	874,620	636,382	7,322,937
Specific provision (-)	631,345	455,337	6,151,444
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	243,275	181,045	1,171,493
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	190,987
Specific provision (-)	-	-	190,987
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and other receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Interest Accruals and Valuation Differences	34,213	150,526	1,204,862
Provision (-)	15,577	102,582	805,872
Prior Period (Net)			
Interest Accruals and Valuation Differences	120,510	56,583	1,257,336
Provision (-)	86,990	40,486	1,060,843

k) Liquidation policies for uncollectible loans and other receivables

For the unrecoverable non-performing loans under legal follow-up, the loan quality, collateral quality, bona fide of the debtor and assessment of the emergency of legal follow-up are considered, before applying the best practice for unrecoverable non-performing loans under legal follow up. The Bank prefers to liquidate the risk through negotiations with the debtors. If this cannot be possible, then the Bank starts the legal procedures for the liquidation of the risk. Ongoing legal follow-up procedures do not prevent negotiations with the debtors. An agreement is made with the debtor at all stage of the negotiations for the liquidation of the risk.

1) Explanations on write-off policy

The Bank's general policy regarding the write-off of NPLs is explained in the section three under the footnote VIII.

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

7. Information on Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

a) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral/blocked

	Curr	Prior Period		
	TRY FC		TRY	FC
Given as Collateral/Blocked	17,620,429	-	7,436,978	-
Subject to repurchase agreements	227,906	20,948,550	234,667	19,644,899
Total	17,848,335	20,948,550	7,671,645	19,644,899

b) Information on government debt securities measured at amortized cost

	Curre	Prior Period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Government Bond	56,468,987	26,395,216	41,598,971	19,504,773
Treasury Bill	-	-	-	-
Other Debt Securities	-	508,353	-	367,824
Total	56,468,987	26,903,569	41,598,971	19,872,597

c) Information on investment securities measured at amortized cost

	Curre	Prio	Prior Period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Debt Securities	56,468,987	27,007,190	41,598,971	20,364,334	
Publicly-traded	56,468,987	27,007,190	41,598,971	20,364,334	
Non-publicly traded	-	-	-	-	
Provision for losses (-)	-	-	-	-	
Total	56,468,987	27,007,190	41,598,971	20,364,334	

d) Movement of investments measured at amortized cost within the period

	Current Period	Prior Period
Value at the beginning of the period	61,963,305	29,856,976
Exchange differences on monetary assets	7,400,270	6,288,072
Acquisitions during the year	18,731,809	12,898,683
Disposals through sales and redemptions	(10,628,255)	(10,005,623)
Provision for losses (-)	-	-
Valuation effect	6,009,048	22,925,197
The sum of end of the period	83,476,177	61,963,305

As of June 30, 2023, a provision amounting to TRY 19,720 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 20,038) is provided for the financial assets measured at amortized cost.

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

8. Investments in associates (Net)

8.1. Investments in associates

a) Information on the unconsolidated subsidiaries

		Address	Bank's Share-If Different,	Bank's Risk Group
	Title	(City/Country)	Voting Rights(%)	Share(%)
1.	Bankalararası Kart Merkezi (BKM) (*)	Istanbul/Türkiye	4.52	4.52
2.	Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/Türkiye	2.86	2.86
3.	İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş. (İGE) (***)	Istanbul/Türkiye	0.44	0.44

					Income on	Current		
	Total	Shareholder's	Total Fixed	Interest	Securities	Period	Prior Period	Company's
	Assets	Equity	Assets ^(****)	Income	Portfolio	Profit/Loss	Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1.	2,068,572	1,640,651	137,037	61,586	-	955,578	53,059	-
2.	181,747	142,869	10,448	15,355	-	100,751	58,825	-
3.	4,563,113	4,532,905	13,404	429,893	-	1,154,146	22,740	-

(*) Current period information is based on March 31, 2023 financials. Prior period profit and loss amounts are based on March 31, 2022 financials.

(**) Current period information is based on December 31, 2022 financials. Prior period profit and loss amounts are based on December 31, 2021 financials.

(***) Current period information is based on December 31, 2022 financials. Prior period profit and loss amounts are based on December 31, 2021 financials.

(****) Total fixed assets consist of tangible and intangible assets.

b) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

8.2. Movements of investments in associates

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of Period	45,477	14,026
Movements During the Period	-	31,451
Purchases	-	-
Bonus Shares Received (*)	-	31,451
Dividends From Current Year Profit	-	-
Sales	-	-
Reclassifications	-	-
Increase/Decrease in Market Values	-	-
Currency Differences on Foreign Associates	-	-
Impairment Losses (-)	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	45,477	45,477
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	-

(*) Bonus Shares Received line item includes capital participation fee of İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş:

8.3. Sectoral information on investments and associates, and the related carrying amounts

	Current Period	Prior Period
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Associates	45,477	45,477
Total	45,477	45,477

8.4. Quoted Associates

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

8.5. Valuation methods of investments in associates

	Current Period	Prior Period
Valued at Cost	45,477	45,477
Valued at Fair Value	-	-
Valued at Equity Method	-	-
Total	45,477	45,477

9. Investments in subsidiaries (Net)

a) Information on the unconsolidated subsidiaries

	Title			Address (City/Co		Bank's Sha different, Ve Rights	oting Bank's	s Risk Group Share (%)	
1.	Ibtech Ul	uslararası Bilişim	ve İletişim Teknolo	· •	<i></i>	8			
	Araștırma	a, Geliştirme, Danı	şmanlık, Destek						
	San. ve Tic. A.Ş.			Istanbul/	Türkiye	Ģ	99.91	99.99	
2.	EFINAN	S Elektronik Ticar	et ve Bilişim						
	Hizmetleri A.Ş.		Ş. Istanbul/Türkiye		Türkiye	10	100.00		
	Total	Shareholder's	Total Fixed	Interest	Income on Securities	Current Period	Prior Period	Company's	
	Assets	Equity	Assets	Income	Portfolio	Profit/Loss		Fair Value	
1.	185,068	(3,248)	74,242	-	-	5,417	21,123	-	
2.	225,671	164,865	19,840	10,435	-	26,826	14,009	-	

b) Information on the subsidiaries

b.1) Information on the subsidiaries

		Bank's Share If				
		Address	Different, Voting Rights Banl	k's Risk Group		
	Subsidiary	(City/Country)	(%)	Share (%)		
1.	QNB Finans Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	99.80	100.00		
2.	QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	99.40	99.40		
3.	QNB Finans Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	88.89	100.00		
4.	QNB Finans Faktoring A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	99.99	100.00		
5.	QNB Finans Varlık Kiralama Şirketi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	-	100.00		
6.	QNB Sağlık Hayat Sigorta ve Emeklilik A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00		

Information on subsidiaries in the order presented in the table above

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income on Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Company's Fair Value ^(*)
1.	4,654,153	1,546,708	40,777	397,287	5,263	392,173	188,338	-
2.	22,821,068	2,065,319	30,175	1,278,678	-	396,680	175,270	2,052,927
3.	498,653	365,552	3,473	1,663	-	105,586	24,511	-
4.	9,987,950	997,127	20,704	1,412,159	-	445,530	108,081	-
5.	1,030,757	911,456	-	-	-	175	92	-
6.	3,391,940	918,010	76,901	207,995	35,959	431,705	194,973	-

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

9. Investments in subsidiaries (Net) (Continued)

b) Information on the subsidiaries (Continued)

b.2) Movement of subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	3,490,203	2,129,798
Movements during the period	4,205,188	1,360,405
Purchases (*)	981,000	-
Bonus Shares Received	-	-
Dividends from Current Year Profit	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Revaluation Increase (**)	3,224,188	1,360,405
Impairment Provision	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	7,695,391	3,490,203
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the end of the Period (%)	-	-

(*) Regarding the partnership share in QNB Sağlık Hayat Sigorta ve Emeklilik A.Ş., whose 49% capital is owned by the Bank, with the decision of Bank's Board of Directors, 22,950,000 shares with a total nominal value of TRY 22,950,000, which is owned by Cigna Nederland Gamma BV and corresponds to 51% of the capital of QNB Sağlık Hayat Sigorta ve Emeklilik A.Ş., was decided to be purchased with a price of TRY 981,000,000 (in full TRY). In this context, a Share Purchase Agreement was signed with Cigna Nederland Gamma BV on October 21, 2022. The Bank's shareholding in QNB Sağlık Hayat Sigorta ve Emeklilik A.Ş. has increased to 100% following the completion of the said share transfer transactions, obtaining the necessary permits, and the registration of the General Assembly regarding the share transfer on January 13, 2023.

(**) Includes equity method accounting differences.

b.3) Sectoral information on financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts

	Current Period	Prior Period
Factoring Companies	997,127	551,597
Leasing Companies	2,052,927	1,622,787
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Subsidiaries	4,645,337	1,315,819
Total	7,695,391	3,490,203

b.4) Consolidated subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted on Domestic Stock Exchanges	2,052,927	1,622,787
Quoted on International Stock Exchanges	-	-
Total	2,052,927	1,622,787

b.5) Information on shareholders' equity of the significant subsidiaries

The Bank does not have any significant subsidiaries.

10. Information on joint ventures

T	ïtle			A (City/C	Address ountry)	Bank's Shar different, Vo Rights	ting Bank	's Risk Group Share (%)
	antaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve üvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş. ^(*)		Istanbul/Türkiye		33.33		33.33	
	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Asset	Interest Income	Securities Income	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Company's Fair Value
1.	310,688	138,486	131,349	-	-	(17,102)	9,746	-

^(*) Current period information is presented as of May 31, 2023, and prior period profit and loss amounts are presented based on the financial statements prepared as of May 31, 2022.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

11. Information on lease receivables (Net)

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

12. Information on the hedging derivative financial assets

	Current P	Prior Period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Fair Value Hedge ^(*)	2,782,141	285,173	7,407,026	217,950
Cash Flow Hedge (**)	3,293,504	2,763,901	4,830,851	2,037,633
Foreign Net Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-
Total	6,075,645	3,049,074	12,237,877	2,255,583

^b Derivative financial instruments for fair value hedging consist of swaps. As of June 30, 2023, TRY 2,782,141 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 7,407,026) from loans, TRY 285,173 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 217,950) of securities represents the fair value of derivatives which are designated as hedging instruments. In the current period; Derivative financial instruments used in the fair value hedging of the securities issued have no fair value (31 December 2022 – None).

(**) Represents the fair value of derivative financial instruments for cash flow hedge of deposits and floating interest borrowings.

13. Information on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

14. Information on Tax Asset

As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has TRY 3,577,980 deferred tax asset calculated under the related regulations.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reflected to the financial statements by netting off according to TAS 12. As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has deferred tax assets amounting to TRY 9,057,429 and deferred tax liabilities amounting to TRY 5,479,449 which arise between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the tax bases determined in accordance with tax legislation and calculated over the amounts to be taken into account in the calculation of financial profit/the tax liability is netted and recorded in the records.

Deferred tax is offset against deferred tax assets or liabilities, if the differences between the carrying amount and the fair value of the related assets are related to the equity account group. The deferred tax liability amounting to TRY 1,089,250 has been netted under equity (December 31, 2022 – TRY 1,441,135 deferred tax asset).

	Accumulated Differe			Deferred Tax ets/(Liabilities)	
	30.06.2023	31.12.2022	30.06.2023	31.12.2022	
Provision for Employee Rights	2,066,198	2,461,958	516,550	615,489	
Difference Between the Book Value of Financial					
Assets and Tax Base	4,269,139	6,007,056	1,067,285	1,501,764	
Other ^(*)	29,894,379	11,882,471	7,473,594	2,970,618	
Deferred Tax Assets			9,057,429	5,087,871	
Difference Between the Book Value Financial					
Assets and Tax Base	(234)	(742,422)	(58)	(185,605)	
Difference Between the Book Value of Financial					
Assets and Tax Base	(19,546,560)	(17, 347, 120)	(4,886,640)	(4,336,781)	
Other	(2,371,004)	(844,634)	(592,751)	(211,158)	
Deferred Tax Liabilities			(5,479,449)	(4,733,544)	
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities), Net			3,577,980	354,327	

(*) Includes expected loss provision and accumulated temporary differences for other provisions.

	Current Period	Prior Period
	01.01-30.06.2023	01.01-30.06.2022
Deferred Tax as of January 1 Asset/Liability – Net	354,327	133,892
Deferred Tax (Loss)/Gain	2,134,403	881,487
Deferred Tax that is Realized Under Shareholder's Equity	1,089,250	(306,463)
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability) – Net	3,577,980	708,916

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Assets (Continued)

15. Information on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance Net Book Value	-	-
Additions	-	-
Impairment (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	-	-

16. Information on other assets

Other assets item of the balance sheet does not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total excluding off balance sheet commitments.

As of June 30, 2023, the Bank is provided provisions for other assets to TRY 16,938 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 13,215).

17. Accrued interest and income

The details of interest and income accruals and rediscounts distributed on the related accounts and the details of the unrealized fair value increases (decreases) are presented in the table below.

	Current Period		Prior F	Period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Derivative Financial Instruments	19,396,766	5,935,456	17,390,086	5,287,074
Loans	6,457,547	3,432,610	6,448,570	1,969,786
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1,991,070	(2,368,514)	6,046,279	(1,750,115)
Financial Assets measured at amortized cost	4,859,838	388,887	6,876,724	224,043
Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	6,862	3,221	10,624	3,697
Banks	69,604	-	23,280	-
Other Accruals	235,066	27,078	38,319	18,593
Total	33,016,753	7,418,738	36,833,882	5,753,078

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities

1. Information on maturity structure of deposits

								Accumulated	
Current Period	Demand	7 Days Notice	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	1 Year and Over	Deposit Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits	26,072,379	-	37,596,764	26,568,542	128,653,535	4,958,174	4,302,705	1,363	228,153,462
Foreign Currency	112,221,701	-	14,674,405	21,305,241	3,288,254	1,469,890	1,819,172	5,817	154,784,480
Residents in Türkiye.	105,024,739	-	14,495,125	20,669,252	3,068,648	837,655	1,056,055	5,817	145,157,291
Residents Abroad	7,196,962	-	179,280	635,989	219,606	632,235	763,117	-	9,627,189
Public Sector Deposits	194,357	-	53,622	11,635	-	55	-	-	259,669
Commercial Deposits	19,327,081	-	20,241,239	14,676,997	18,819,266	8,826,407	5,344,363	-	87,235,353
Other Ins. Deposits	257,293	-	180,320	1,646,152	743,003	6,036	19	-	2,832,823
Precious Metal Deposits	29,652,075	-	-	5,318	-	37,413	546,792	-	30,241,598
Bank Deposits	247,636	-	6,491,723	6,202,633	2,460,376	1,200,118	-	-	16,602,486
T.R Central Bank.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	2,034	-	260,474	-	-	-	-	-	262,508
Foreign Banks	240,955	-	6,231,249	6,202,633	2,460,376	1,200,118	-	-	16,335,331
Participation Banks	4,647	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,647
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	187,972,522	-	79,238,073	70,416,518	153,964,434	16,498,093	12,013,051	7,180	520,109,871

(*) As of June 30, 2023, the balance of savings deposits includes the amount of TRY 28,464,703 Treasury Currency Protected Deposits and TRY 139,364,811 CBRT Currency Protected Deposits.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities (Continued)

1. Information on maturity structure of deposits (Continued)

Prior Period	Demand	7 Days Notice	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	1 Year and Over	Accumulate d Deposit Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits	17,850,909	-	28,462,849	30,209,586	76,800,432	2,528,154	2,095,541	1,273	157,948,744
Foreign Currency	71,193,484	-	13,817,078	22,158,132	14,478,140	2,823,557	2,297,663	4,903	126,772,957
Residents in Türkiye	66,386,181	-	13,346,753	21,291,812	13,872,696	2,277,577	1,395,762	4,903	118,575,684
Residents Abroad	4,807,303	-	470,325	866,320	605,444	545,980	901,901	-	8,197,273
Public Sector Deposits	578,667	-	44,150	1,347	-	51	-	-	624,215
Commercial Deposits	14,618,809	-	20,438,661	14,995,790	15,036,159	5,678,716	3,316,340	-	74,084,475
Other Ins. Deposits	141,156	-	359,956	1,380,266	347,147	239,893	43	-	2,468,461
Precious Metal									
Deposits	21,420,687	-	-	22,269	14,806	25,226	676,418	-	22,159,406
Bank Deposits	692,867	-	3,762,398	3,163,722	810,537	1,796,251	-	-	10,225,775
T.R Central Bank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	10,889	-	433,921	-	-	-	-	-	444,810
Foreign Banks	678,633	-	3,328,477	3,163,722	810,537	1,796,251	-	-	9,777,620
Participation Banks	3,345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,345
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	126,496,579	-	66,885,092	71,931,112	107,487,221	13,091,848	8,386,005	6,176	394,284,033

(*) As of December 31, 2022, the balance of savings deposits includes the amount of TRY 15,313,257 Treasury Currency Protected Deposits and TRY 84,134,369 CBRT Currency Protected Deposits.

1.1. Information on savings deposits insured by Saving Deposit Insurance Fund and the total amount of the deposits exceeding the insurance coverage limit ^(*)

	Covered Deposit Insura	•	Exceeding I Insurance	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Saving Deposits	95,623,798	55,175,424	222,857,509	179,950,471
Foreign Currency Savings Deposits	52,898,487	29,307,602	132,127,591	119,624,761
Other Saving Deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign Branches' Deposits Under Foreign				
Insurance Coverage	-	-	-	-
Off-Shore Deposits Under Foreign Insurance				
Coverage	-	-	-	-
Total	148,522,285	84,483,026	354,985,100	299,575,232

(*) With the amendment of the Regulation on Deposits and Participation Funds Subject to Insurance and Premiums Collected by The Savings Deposit Insurance Fund published in the Official Gazette dated August 27, 2022 and numbered 31936, all deposits and participation funds in credit institutions, other than those belonging to official institutions, credit institutions and financial institutions, started to be insured. In this context, commercial deposits covered by insurance amount to TRY 16,292,165 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 9,717,740) is included in the footnote.

1.2. Savings deposits in Türkiye are not covered under insurance in another country since the headquarter of the Bank is not located abroad.

1.3. Savings deposits that are not covered under the guarantee of deposit insurance fund

	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposits and accounts in branches abroad	12,495	9,181
Deposits of ultimate shareholders and their close family members	-	-
Deposits of chairman and members of the Board of Directors and their close family members Deposits obtained through illegal acts defined in the 282 nd Article of the 5237	606,848	515,786
numbered Turkish Criminal Code dated September 26, 2004 Saving deposits in banks established in Türkiye exclusively for off-shore banking activities	-	-
Total	619,343	524,967

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities (Continued)

2. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities

Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities held for trading

	Current Period (*)		Currer		Prior Perio	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC		
Forwards transactions	2,200,774	-	421,525	-		
Swaps transactions	1,803,198	2,952,967	2,556,751	2,100,139		
Futures transactions	-	12,791	-	-		
Options	-	177,772	30,387	483,367		
Other	-	-	-	-		
Total	4,003,972	3,143,530	3,008,663	2,583,506		

^(*) Derivative financial liabilities held for trading in the current period are shown on the financial statement in 7.1 Derivative Financial Liabilities line.

3. Information on funds borrowed

a) Information on banks and other financial institutions

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
T.R. Central Bank Loans	-	-	-	-
Domestic Bank and Institutions	274,348	511,524	361,183	493,523
Foreign Bank, Institutions and Funds	-	73,638,837	-	40,798,611
Total	274,348	74,150,361	361,183	41,292,134

b) Maturity information on funds borrowed

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Short-Term	274,348	29,478,811	361,183	15,378,977
Medium and Long-Term	-	44,671,550	-	25,913,157
Total	274,348	74,150,361	361,183	41,292,134

The Bank's fund sources include deposits, funds borrowed, securities issued and money market borrowings. Deposit is the most significant fund source of the Bank and does not present any risk concentration with its consistent structure extended to a wide base. Funds borrowed mainly consist of funds provided by foreign financial institutions which have different characteristics and maturity-interest structure such as syndication, securitization, and post-financing. There isn't risk concentration on the fund sources of the Bank.

c) Additional information on concentrations of the Bank's liabilities

As of June 30, 2023 the Bank's liabilities comprise; 66% deposits (December 31, 2022 - 66%), 10% funds borrowed (December 31, 2022 - 7%), 4% issued bonds (December 31, 2022 - 5%) and 2% money market debts (December 31, 2022 - 4%).

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities (Continued)

4. Information on funds provided under repurchase agreements

	Current Period		Prior Peri	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
From domestic transactions	8,807	-	16,101	-
Financial institutions and organizations	-	-	116	-
Other institutions and organizations	5,399	-	8,772	-
Real persons	3,408	-	7,213	-
From foreign transactions	181,190	19,042,502	178,955	21,733,804
Financial institutions and organizations	172,315	19,042,502	169,856	13,970,191
Other institutions and organizations	8,875	-	9,099	181,991
Real persons	-	-	-	7,581,622
Total	189,997	19,042,502	195,056	21,733,804

5. Information on securities issued (Net)

	Current Period		Prior Peri	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Bank Bonds	2,315,739	8,522,176	4,655,384	5,911,335
Bills	-	19,748,960	-	17,372,987
Total	2,315,739	28,271,136	4,655,384	23,284,322

The Bank has USD 600 Million bond issuance program (Global Medium Term Note Program) and USD 100 Million green and/or sustainable debt instrument issuance limit.

6. If other liabilities account exceeds 10% of total liabilities excluding the off-balance sheet items, information given about components of other liabilities account that exceeds 20% of the individual liability item in the unconsolidated balance sheet

Other liabilities do not exceed 10% of total liabilities excluding the off-balance sheet items.

7. Criteria used in the determination of lease installments in the financial lease contracts, renewal and purchase options, restrictions, and significant burdens imposed on the bank on such contracts

Interest rate and cash flow of the Bank are the main criteria which are taken into consideration determination of payment plans in the leasing contracts.

7.1. Changes in agreements and further commitments arising

No changes have been made to the leasing agreements in the current period (December 31, 2022- None).

7.2. Explanations on financial lease liabilities

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	19,980	17,115	23,018	19,258
Between 1 - 4 years	925,913	796,976	865,856	726,060
More than 4 years	-	-	-	-
Total	945,893	814,091	888,874	745,318

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities (Continued)

7. Criteria used in the determination of lease installments in the financial lease contracts, renewal and purchase options, restrictions, and significant burdens imposed on the bank on such contracts (Continued)

7.3. Information and footnotes on operational lease

The bank makes operating lease agreements for some branches and ATM machines. The lease agreements are amortized during the lease period by measuring the lease obligation based on the present value of the lease payments (lease obligation) that has not been paid at that time (the lease obligation) as well as the relevant usage right as of the same date. Lease payments are discounted using this rate if the implicit interest rate in the lease can be easily determined. If the tenant cannot easily determine this rate, he uses the alternative borrowing interest rate. The tenant separately records the interest expense on the rental obligation and the depreciation expense of the right to use asset.

7.4. Information on "Sale -and- lease back" agreements

The Bank does non sale-and-lease back transactions in the current period (December 31, 2022 - None).

8. Information on liabilities arising from hedging purpose derivatives

	Current Period (***)		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Fair Value Hedge ^(*)	-	438,052	-	358,681
Cash Flow Hedge (**)	7,879	711,555	-	445,388
Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-
Total	7,879	1,149,607	-	804,069

(*) Derivative financial instruments for fair value hedge purposes consist of swaps. As of June 30, 2023, TRY 169,320 from securities (December 31, 2022 – TRY 136,028), TRY 268,732 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 222,653 of marketable securities issued represents the fair value of the derivative financial instruments used in the fair value hedging transaction.

(**) It represents the fair value of deposits, floating rate loans extended as FC and derivative financial instruments for cash flow hedging of floating rate borrowings.

(***) Derivative financial liabilities for the fair value hedge purposes in the period are presented in line 7.1 of the financial statements and financial liabilities for the purpose of cash flow hedges are shown in line 7.2.

9. Information on provisions

9.1. Provision for currency exchange gain/loss on foreign currency indexed loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign Exchange Provision for Foreign Currency Indexed Loans (*)	-	-

(*) The foreign exchange provision for foreign currency indexed loans netted against "Loans and Receivables" in asset.

9.2. Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified and converted into cash or expected loss provision for non-cash

	Current Period	Prior Period
Stage 1	1,101,110	544,980
Stage 2	42,230	24,102
Stage 3	59,631	55,641
Total	1,202,971	624,723

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities (Continued)

9. Information on provisions (Continued)

9.3. Information on employee termination benefits

The Bank calculated the provision for employee benefits using the actuarial valuation method specified in TAS 19 and reflected it in its financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023 the Bank presented the provision for severance pay of TRY 968,858 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 1,145,986) under the "Reserves for Employee Benefits" item in its financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has shown a total vacation liability of TRY 180,859 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 137,977) under the "Reserves for Employee Benefits" in its financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023 TRY 916,481 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 1,177,995) provision for salaries, bonuses and premiums to be paid to the personnel has been presented under the "Reserve for Employee Benefits" in its financial statements.

9.3.1. Movement of employee termination benefits

	Current Period 01.01-31.06.2023	Prior Period 01.01-31.06.2022
As of January 1	1,145,986	469,457
Service Cost	61,818	29,495
Interest Cost	56,579	44,616
Settlement/curtailment/termination loss	12,603	11,762
Actuarial Difference	48,965	(4,697)
Paid during the period	(357,093)	(36,101)
Total	968,858	514,532

9.4. Information on other provisions

Except for those stated in footnote 9.3 above, other provisions amounting to TRY 255,936 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 431,576) includes provisions for lawsuits and tax lawsuits against the Bank. The Bank has benefited from the relevant articles of the Law No. 7326 regarding various ongoing tax lawsuits.

In the unconsolidated financial statements prepared as of June 30, 2023, other provisions include a free provision of TRY 6,000,000, of which TRY 600,000 is allocated in the current period and TRY 5,400,000 in the previous period, which are not the requirements of the BRSA's Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

10. Explanations on taxation

10.1. Informations on current taxes

10.1.1. Informations on current tax liability

As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has no current tax liability (December 31, 2022 - 2,766,075). As of June 30, 2023, the Bank's prepaid tax is amounting to TRY 13,318 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 3,730).

10.1.2. Information on taxes payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate taxes payable	-	2,766,075
Banking and Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	493,562	371,255
Taxation on Securities Income	143,444	97,627
Taxation on Real Estates Income	5,497	4,333
Other	225,547	151,973
Total	868,050	3,391,263

The "Corporate Taxes Payable" balance is presented in the "Current Tax Liability" account and other taxes are presented in the "Other Liabilities" account in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities (Continued)

10. Explanations on taxation (Continued)

10.1. Informations on current taxes (Continued)

10.1.3. Information on premiums

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums - Employee Share	76,360	48,021
Social Security Premiums - Employer Share	95,007	55,190
Unemployment Insurance - Employee Share	4,970	3,375
Unemployment Insurance - Employer Share	9,942	6,752
Total	186,279	113,338

11. Information on payables related to assets held for sale

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

12. Information on subordinated loans

	Current	Current Period		riod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
To be included in the calculation of additional capital	-	14,214,561	-	9,826,193
Subordinated Loans	-	14,214,561	-	9,826,193
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments to be included in contribution capital				
calculation	-	10,067,313	-	7,301,531
Subordinated loans	-	10,067,313	-	7,301,531
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
Total	-	24,281,874	-	17,127,724

13. Information on shareholder's equity

13.1. Paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	3,350,000	3,350,000
Preferred Stock	-	-

13.2. Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at bank; if so the amount of registered share capital

Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital System	3,350,000	20,000,000

13.3. Information on share capital increases and their sources; other information on any increase in capital shares during the current period

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

13.4. Information on share capital increases from revaluation funds

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

13.5. Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments

The Bank does not have any capital commitments, all of the capital is fully paid-in.

13.6. Prior periods' indicators related with the Bank's income, profit and liquidity and the possible effects of the uncertainties in these indicators on the Bank's equity

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Liabilities (Continued)

13. Information on shareholder's equity (Continued)

13.7. Information on the privileges given to stocks representing the capital

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

14. Common stock issue premiums

	Current Period	Prior Period
Number of Stocks (Thousands)	33,500,000	33,500,000
Preferred Capital Stock	-	-
Common Stock Issue Premiums (*)	714	714
Common Stock Withdrawal Profits	-	-
Other Capital Instruments	-	-

(*) Due to the Bank's capital increase at the prior periods, common stock issue premium accounted amounting to TRY 714.

15. Securities value increase fund

	Current Period		Prior Per	iod	
	TRY FO		TRY	FC	
Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities under					
Common Control	-	-	-	-	
Valuation Difference	-	-	-	-	
Foreign Exchange Rate Difference	-	-	-	-	
Securities Measured at Fair Value Through Other					
Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	1,330,374	(2,572,991)	3,697,815	(1,846,032)	
Valuation Difference	1,330,374	(2,572,991)	3,697,815	(1,846,032)	
Foreign Exchange Rate Difference	-	-	-	-	
Total	1,330,374	(2,572,991)	3,697,815	(1,846,032)	

16. Accrued interest and expenses

The details of interest and expense accruals and rediscounts distributed on the related accounts and the details of the unrealized fair value increases (decreases) are presented in the table below.

	Current Period		Prior Peri	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Derivative Financial Liabilities	4,011,851	4,293,137	3,008,663	3,387,575
Deposits	4,860,686	322,751	2,984,346	250,152
Funds Borrowed	9,907	1,661,248	17,494	416,789
Money Market Borrowings	5,244	287,376	2,767	139,542
Securities Issued	-	595,889	-	400,290
Other Accruals	1,427,554	944,870	1,273,478	368,615
Total	10,315,242	8,105,271	7,286,748	4,962,963

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items

1. Information related to off-balance sheet contingencies

1.1. Type and amount of irrevocable commitments

	Current Period	Prior Period
Credit Cards Limit Commitments	229,805,666	111,928,372
Commitment For Use Guaranteed Credit Allocation	60,117,619	47,345,675
Forward, Asset Purchase Commitments	6,357,415	14,849,695
Other Irrevocable Commitments	6,912,798	17,048,935
Payment Commitments for Cheques	6,550,864	3,895,823
Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking	248,635	109,533
Tax and Fund Liabilities due to Export Commitments	210,095	118,666
Total	310,203,092	195,296,699

1.2. Type and amount of possible losses and commitments from off-balance sheet items

A provision of TRY 1,202,971 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 624,723) has been made for non-compensated and non-cash loans or expected loan losses on off-balance sheet loans.

1.3. Final guarantees, provisional guarantees, sureties and similar transactions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Bank Loans	14,787,994	13,724,618
Letters of Credit	11,441,313	5,848,676
Total	26,229,307	19,573,294

1.4. Final guarantees, provisional guarantees, sureties and similar transactions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Final Letters of Guarantee	23,366,913	17,059,240
Advance Letters of Guarantee	12,311,949	7,239,998
Provisional Letters of Guarantee	1,057,308	1,327,806
Letters of Guarantee Given to Customs Offices	1,173,109	1,073,138
Other Letters of Guarantee	25,488,736	18,955,713
Total	63,398,015	45,655,895

2. Total amount of non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-Cash Loans granted for Obtaining Cash Loans	10,676,608	7,519,250
Less Than or Equal to One Year with Original Maturity	494,221	578,172
More Than One Year with Original Maturity	10,182,387	6,941,078
Other Non-Cash Loans	78,950,714	57,709,939
Total	89,627,322	65,229,189

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items (Continued)

3. Information on risk concentration in sector terms in non-cash loans

		Current	Period			Prior	Period	
	TRY	(%)	FC	(%)	TRY	(%)	FC	(%)
Agricultural	246,274	0.60	-	-	165,630	0.56	596	0.00
Farming and Raising Livestock	159,444	0.39	-	-	79,656	0.27	596	0.00
Forestry	33,295	0.08	-	-	45,255	0.15	-	-
Fishing	53,535	0.13	-	-	40,719	0.14	-	-
Manufacturing	14,175,942	34.65	24,776,451	50.86	10,058,694	33.88	18,219,721	51.27
Mining and Quarrying	218,399	0.53	46,691	0.10	161,862	0.55	33,296	0.09
Production	13,335,431	32.60	24,171,155	49.61	9,498,871	31.99	17,910,743	50.40
Electricity, gas and water	622,112	1.52	558,605	1.15	397,961	1.34	275,682	0.78
Construction	7,428,674	18.16	9,802,524	20.12	6,222,108	20.96	6,167,027	17.35
Services	18,571,003	45.40	13,465,405	27.64	12,797,899	43.10	10,669,011	30.02
Wholesale and Retail Trade	12,416,420	30.35	5,421,165	11.13	8,726,222	29.39	4,304,979	12.11
Hotel, Food and Beverage								
Services	1,239,814	3.03	597,003	1.23	609,706	2.05	1,135,063	3.19
Transportation&Communication	815,254	1.99	1,159,834	2.38	713,008	2.40	842,222	2.37
Financial Institutions	2,795,315	6.83	5,027,677	10.32	1,614,311	5.44	3,808,729	10.72
Real Estate and Renting								
Services	87,072	0.21	5,631	0.01	89,435	0.30	20,669	0.06
Self Employment Services	789,390	1.93	906,947	1.86	583,415	1.96	417,290	1.17
Educational Services	26,460	0.06	-	-	31,168	0.10	-	-
Health and Social Services	401,278	0.98	347,148	0.71	430,634	1.45	140,059	0.39
Other	487,254	1.19	673,795	1.38	446,739	1.50	481,764	1.36
Total	40,909,147	100.00	48,718,175	100.00	29,691,070	100.00	35,538,119	100.00

4. Information on non-cash loans classified in first and second groups

	I.	Group	II.	II. Group	
Current Period (*)	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Letters of Guarantee	34,965,068	27,616,174	589,933	167,209	
Bills of Exchange and Acceptances	5,198,013	9,509,832	58,000	22,149	
Letters of Credit	38,317	11,334,994	185	67,817	
Endorsements	-	-	-	-	
Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued	-	-	-	-	
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-	
Other Collaterals and Sureties	-	-	-	-	
Non-Cash Loans	40,201,398	48,461,000	648,118	257,175	

(*) The amount of TRY 59,631 excluded for non-cash loans and ECL provision of non-cash loans which are under off-balance accounts and not indemnified and unliquidated but provisioned.

	I.	Group	II. G		
Prior Period ^(*)	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Letters of Guarantee	25,201,036	19,889,615	367,838	141,765	
Bills of Exchange and Acceptances	3,970,331	9,694,144	58,000	2,143	
Letters of Credit	38,039	5,809,183	185	1,269	
Endorsements	-	-	-	-	
Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued	-	-	-	-	
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-	
Other Collaterals and Sureties	-	-	-	-	
Non-Cash Loans	29,209,406	35,392,942	426.023	145,177	

(*) The amount of TRY 55,641 excluded for non-cash loans and ECL provision of non-cash loans which are under off-balance accounts and not indemnified and unliquidated but provisioned.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

Explanations and Disclosures Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items (Continued) III.

5. Information on derivative financial instruments

	Current Period	Prior Period
Types of trading transactions		
Foreign Currency Related Derivative Transactions (I)	373,356,800	440,112,742
Forward transactions ^(*)	45,406,673	45,212,064
Swap transactions	303,089,727	275,840,461
Futures transactions	6,293,223	1,618,208
Option transactions	18,567,177	117,442,009
Interest Related Derivative Transactions (II)	206,665,516	159,791,156
Forward rate transactions	-	-
Interest rate swap transactions	202,848,794	156,221,134
Interest option transactions	-	-
Futures interest transactions	3,816,722	3,570,022
Security option transactions	-	-
Other trading derivative transactions (III)	1,291,155	2,056,626
A.Total Trading Derivative Transactions (I+II+III)	581,313,471	601,960,524
Types of hedging transactions		
Fair value hedges	33,006,282	41,217,628
Cash flow hedges	130,837,332	106,959,367
Net investment hedges	-	-
B.Total Hedging Related Derivatives	163,843,614	148,176,995
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	745,157,085	750,137,519

(*) This line also includes Forward Asset Purchase Commitments accounted for under Commitments.

Breakdown of the Bank's foreign currency forward and swap and interest rate swap transactions based on currencies are disclosed below in their TRY equivalents:

	Forward Buy ^(**)	Forward Sell (**)	Swap Buy ^(*)	Swap Sell (*)	Option Buy	Option Sell	Futures Buy	Futures Sell	Other
Current Period									
TRY	12,229,148	1,825,958	25,540,340	88,755,844	8,045,028	35,848	3,136,681	-	-
USD	5,228,037	15,764,825	242,132,404	145,748,504	606,850	9,439,535	1,908,361	4,263,040	1,291,155
Euro	4,306,083	3,339,370	43,202,815	91,153,524	118,996	303,990	-	-	-
Other	121,122	2,592,130	32,435,688	813,016	16,930	-	-	801,863	-
Total	21,884,390	23,522,283	343,311,247	326,470,888	8,787,804	9,779,373	5,045,042	5,064,903	1,291,155

^(*) This column also includes hedging purpose derivatives.
 ^(**) This column also includes Forward Asset Purchase Commitments and accounted for under Commitments.

	Forward Buy ^(**)	Forward Sell ^(**)	Swap Buy ^(*)	Swap Sell ^(*)	Option Buy	Option Sell	Futures Buy	Futures Sell	Other
Prior Period	Duj	Sen	Sing Duy	S ap Sta	Duj	501	T utur to Duj	<u> </u>	<u></u>
TRY	13,715,428	846,945	30,998,215	95,111,438	45,910,391	12,799,328	-	825,285	-
USD	3,300,933	17,975,259	211,928,771	114,947,182	11,634,673	36,843,573	2,577,934	1,785,011	2,056,626
Euro	4,944,415	2,287,495	26,712,416	72,128,001	1,684,385	7,378,288	-	-	-
Other	369,698	1,771,891	28,032,607	379,960	3,729	1,187,642	-	-	-
Total	22,330,474	22,881,590	297,672,009	282,566,581	59,233,178	58,208,831	2,577,934	2,610,296	2,056,626

(*) This column also includes hedging purpose derivatives

(**) This column also includes Forward Asset Purchase Commitments and accounted for under Commitments.

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items (Continued)

5. Information on derivative financial instruments (Continued)

5.1. Fair value hedge accounting

a) Loans

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting within the framework of TAS 39 by performing swap transactions in order to protect itself against changes that may occur in the fair value of a certain part of its long term fixed interest loans resulting from changes in market interest rates. On June 30,2023, the TRY installment loans amounting to TRY 565,287 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 2,113,014) were subject to hedge accounting by swaps with a nominal amount of TRY 674,005 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 4,808,155). On June 30, 2023, the net market valuation difference loss of TRY 47,076 arising from TRY 31,464 gain from the aforementioned loans (December 31, 2022 – TRY 196,115 gain) and TRY 78,539 loss from swaps (December 31, 2022 – TRY 301,175 loss), is shown under "Gains/Losses From Derivative Transactions" account in the financial statements.

According to TAS 39, fair value hedge accounting definitions, some of the fair value hedge accounting applications ceased. The fair value differences of the hedged loans are amortized through statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income until the maturity of the hedged loans. The Bank has booked the valuation effect amounting to TRY 121,523 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 67,268 gain) related to the loans that are ineffective for hedge accounting under "Gain/(Loss) From Financial Derivatives Transactions" as gain during the current period.

b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting through swaps in order to hedge long term fixed coupon foreign currency eurobonds in its portfolio against interest rate fluctuations. As of the balance sheet date, eurobonds with a nominal value of USD 231,034 Million (December 31, 2022 – USD 259,315 Million and EUR 44 Million) were subject to hedge accounting by interest swaps of the same nominal value. On June 30, 2023, net market valuation difference loss of TRY 278, arising from, TRY 3,375 loss from aforementioned eurobonds (December 31, 2022 – 844,795 loss) and TRY 3,097 gain from swaps (December 31, 2022 – TRY 839,160 gain), is shown under "Gains/Losses From Derivative Transactions" account in the financial statements.

The Bank does not have a TRY denominated government bond portfolio subject to fair value hedge accounting in the current period (December 31, 2022 – None).

c) Marketable Securities Issued

The Bank applies fair value hedge accounting using interest rate swaps in order to hedge against changes in interest rate with regard to fixed rated, FC denominated securities issued. As of the balance sheet date, bonds with a nominal value of USD 330 Million (December 31, 2022 – USD 330 Million) are subject to hedge accounting with the same nominal amount of swaps. As of June 30, 2023, a net market valuation difference gain of TRY 1,087, consisting of TRY 52,478 gain from the aforementioned securities (December 31, 2022 – TRY 417,088 gain) and TRY 51,391 loss from swaps (December 31, 2022 – TRY 414,503 loss), is shown under "Gains/Losses From Derivative Transactions" account in the financial statements.

5.2. Cash flow hedge accounting

a) Floating Rate Loans

The Bank subjects a certain portion of its floating rate TRY and FX loans to cash flow hedge accounting using interest swaps in order to hedge against changes in market interest rates. The Bank applies efficiency tests for hedge accounting at every balance sheet date, the active parts are accounted under equity in the "Hedge Funds" account line in the financial statements as defined in TAS 39, and the amount related to the ineffective part is associated with the profit or loss.

In this context; as of the balance sheet date, swaps with a nominal amount of USD 525 Million (December 31, 2022 – USD 525 Million) regarding the floating rate TRY loans extended by the Bank are subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments. As a result of the aforementioned hedge accounting, the fair value loss before tax amounting to TRY 41,490 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 572,313 loss) has been accounted for under equity in the current period. The loss amounting to TRY 709 related to the ineffective portion is associated with the profit or loss statement (December 31, $2022 - TRY 4 \log_2$).

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items (Continued)

5. Information on derivative financial instruments (Continued)

5.2. Cash flow hedge accounting (Continued)

On the other hand; as of the balance sheet date, swaps with a nominal amount of TRY 3,622 Million (December 31, 2022 - TRY 5,472 Million) regarding the floating rate TRY loans extended by the Bank are subject to hedge accounting as a hedging instrument. As a result of the said hedge accounting, fair value gain before tax amounting to TRY 112,532 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 330,708 gain) has been accounted for under equity in the current period. The gain of the ineffective portion amounting to TRY 906 is associated with the statement of profit or loss (December 31, 2022 – TRY 75 gain).

b) Deposit

The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting using interest rate swaps in order to hedge itself from the interest rate changes of deposits that have an average maturity until 3 months, the Bank implements cash flow hedge accounting with interest rate swaps. The Bank implements efficiency tests at the balance sheet dates for hedging purposes; the effective portions are accounted for under equity "Hedging Funds", whereas the ineffective portions are accounted for at statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as defined in TAS 39. As of the balance sheet date, swaps amounting to TRY 555,000 are subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments (December 31, 2022 – TRY 50,000). As a result of the mentioned hedge accounting, fair value loss before taxes amounting to TRY 5,394 are accounted for under equity during the current period (December 31, 2022 – TRY 2,192 loss). There is no ineffective portion in the mentioned hedge accounting transaction. (December 31, 2022 – None.)

As of the balance sheet date, swaps with a nominal amount of USD 1,356 Million (December 31, 2022 – USD 1,621 Million) have been subject to hedge accounting with USD deposits and swaps with a nominal amount of EUR 136 Million (December 31, 2022 – EUR 114 Million) have been subject to hedge accounting with Euro deposits. As a result of above mentioned hedge accounting, fair value gain before taxes amounting to TRY 277,852 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 2,123,518 gain) are accounted for under equity during the current period. The gain amounting to TRY 2,334 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 13,216 gain) related to the ineffective portion is associated with the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

c) Floating Rate Liabilities

The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting through interest rate swaps in order to protect its subordinated loans with floating rate payments from changes in interest rates. In this context; bank applies effectiveness tests for hedge accounting at each balance sheet date, the effective parts are accounted for in the "Hedging Funds" account item under equity in the financial statements as defined in TAS 39, and the amount related to the ineffective part is associated with the profit or loss statement. As of the balance sheet date, swaps with a nominal amount of USD 407 Million (December 31, 2022 – USD 423 Million) are subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments. As a result of the aforementioned hedge accounting, the fair value gain before tax amounting to TRY 82,056 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 423,008 gain) has been accounted for under equity in the current period. The gain amounting to TRY 4,976 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 8 gain) related to the ineffective portion is associated with the profit or loss statement.

On the other hand, accounting application is terminated when cash flow hedge accounting is not effectively maintained as defined in TAS 39. According to this; The valuation effects classified under equity due to hedge accounting are reflected in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income throughout the life of the item subject to hedge accounting. Due to hedge accounting practices terminated in the current year, a loss amounting to TRY 28,551 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 39,964 loss) was transferred from the "Gain/losses from derivative transactions" to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

In this context, in the current period, the Bank has transferred loss of TRY 17,689 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 12,357 loss) from equity to the profit or loss statement related to terminated hedge accounting practices.

The measurements as of June 30, 2023, hedge of cash flow transactions stated above are determined as effective.

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items (Continued)

6. Credit derivatives and risk exposures on credit derivatives

As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has no commitments "Credit Linked Notes" (As of December 31, 2022 - None).

As of June 30, 2023, "Other Derivative Financial Assets" with nominal amount of USD 50,000,000 (December 31, 2022 – USD 110,000,000) are included in Bank's "Credit Default Swap.". In aforementioned transaction, the Bank is the seller of the protection for USD 50,000,000.

7. Information on contingent liabilities and assets

The Bank has recorded a provision of TRY 70,982 (December 31, 2022 - TRY 280,929) for the lawsuits filed against the Bank with a high probability of occurrence, in accordance with Principle of Prudence. Except for the claims where provisions are recorded, management considers as remote the probability of a negative result in ongoing litigations and therefore does not foresee cash outflow for such claims.

8. Information on the services in the name and account of third parties

The Bank acts as an investment agent for banking transactions on behalf of its customers and provides custody services. Such transactions are followed under off-balance sheet accounts.

9. Information on the Bank's rating by international rating institutions

MOODY's August 2022		FITCH June 2023	
Long-Term Deposit Rating (FC)	B3	Long -Term Issuer Default Rating(FC)	B- (Negative)
Long-Term Deposit Rating (TRY)	B1	Short-Term Issuer Default Rating(FC)	В
Short-Term Deposit Rating (FC)	NP	Long-Term Issuer Default Rating(TRY)	B (Negative)
Short-Term Deposit Rating (TRY)	NP	Short-Term Issuer Default Rating(TRY)	В
Main Credit Evaluation	b3	Long-Term National Appearance	AA(tur) (Stable)
Adjusted Main Credit Evaluation	b1	Support	b-
Appearance	Stable	Financial Capacity Rating	b-
Long-Term Foreign Currency	B3		
Denominated Debt Rating(FC)			

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

1. a) Information on interest income received from loans

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Short-Term Loans	11,794,286	1,912,632	7,009,572	592,661
Medium and Long-Term Loans	12,330,781	3,717,229	6,334,236	1,953,130
Non-Performing Loans	352,856	-	303,325	-
Resource Utilization Support Fund Premiums	-	-	-	-
Total (*)	24,477,923	5,629,861	13,647,133	2,545,791

(*) Includes fee and commission income related to cash loans.

b) Information on interest income from banks

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
T.R. Central Bank (*)	389	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	111,299	-	5,144	276
Foreign Banks	2,039	250,425	344	22,118
Foreign Headquarters and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	113,727	250,425	5,488	22,394

^(*) The interest income on Required Reserve amounting TRY 238,188 is not included into interest income on Banks (June 30, 2022 – TRY 130,135).

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

c) Information on interest income from securities portfolio

	Current Period		
	TRY	FC	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	46,631	10,427	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	2,508,594	369,815	
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	6,969,973	659,075	
Total	9,525,198	1,039,317	
	Prior Period		
	TRY	FC	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	33,630	2,238	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	1,649,958	351,942	
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	5,104,518	507,828	

As stated in Section Three disclosure VII. 2, the Bank has inflation indexed (CPI) government bonds in its Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) and Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost portfolios. As disclosed in 'Inflation Indexed Bonds Manual' published by Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance, reference index used for the actual payments is determined based on the inflation rates of two months before. In parallel with this, the Bank determines the estimated inflation rate used in the valuation of the related securities. The estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when deemed necessary. As of June 30, 2023, an annual rate of 35% has been taken into account for the estimated inflation rate used in the valuation of these securities. If the valuation of these CPI-indexed securities were made according to the reference index valid for June 30, 2023, the Bank's securities valuation differences under shareholders' equity would have decreased by TRY 126.400 after tax, and the net profit for the period would have increased by TRY 795.300 to TRY 14.789.619.

6,788,106

862,008

d) Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Received from Associates and Subsidiaries	419,986	187,873

2.

Total

a) Information on interest expense related to funds borrowed ^(*)

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks	31,174	2,835,407	40,434	1,088,605
T.R. Central Bank	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	29,266	19,241	38,523	6,987
Foreign Banks	1,908	2,816,166	1,911	1,081,618
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	31,174	2,835,407	40,434	1,088,605

(*) Includes fee and commission expenses related to cash loans.

b) Information on interest expense paid to associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Paid to Associates and Subsidiaries	82,024	7,861

c) Information on interest expense paid to securities issued

As of June 30, 2023 interest paid to securities issued is TRY 1,146,225 (June 30, 2022 - TRY 1,101,815).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

2. d) Information on maturity structure of interest expenses on deposits (Current Period)

	Time Deposits								
					Ac		ccumulated		
Account	Demand Deposits	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 Months	Up to 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Deposit Account	Total	
Turkish Lira									
Bank Deposits	-	37,736	-	-	-	-	-	37,736	
Saving Deposits	28	3,826,330	4,867,352	8,547,857	287,739	219,772	-	17,749,078	
Public Sector Deposits	-	2,045	298	-	5	-	-	2,348	
Commercial Deposits	32	2,309,504	2,212,181	1,770,893	536,861	347,935	-	7,177,406	
Other Deposits	-	29,530	256,366	28,848	18,722	1	-	333,467	
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	60	6,205,145	7,336,197	10,347,598	843,327	567,708	-	25,300,035	
Foreign Currency			, ,	, ,	<i>.</i>	,			
Deposits	8	6,052	54,183	303,979	18,163	34,296	-	416,681	
Bank Deposits	1,141	219,651	220,868	105,868	21,613	· -	-	569,141	
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Precious Metal Deposits	-	1,485	-	-	-	-	-	1,485	
Total	1,149	227,188	275,051	409,847	39,776	34,296	-	987,307	
Grand Total	1,209	6,432,333	7,611,248	10,757,445	883,103	602,004		26,287,342	

Information on maturity structure of interest expense on deposits (Prior Period)

				Tir	ne Deposits			
						Ac	cumulated	
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	Over 1	Deposit	
Account	Deposits	Month	Months	Months	Year	Year	Account	Total
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	-	40,326	-	-	-	-	-	40,326
Saving Deposits	13	1,039,805	1,233,502	1,585,466	136,635	79,280	-	4,074,701
Public Sector Deposits	-	1,283	1,231	30	55	-	-	2,599
Commercial Deposits	2	495,713	325,856	56,671	738,759	36,049	-	1,653,050
Other Deposits	-	4,162	36,680	307	4,834	5	-	45,988
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	15	1,581,289	1,597,269	1,642,474	880,283	115,334	-	5,816,664
Foreign Currency								
Deposits	3	63,877	321,382	77,793	14,748	26,837	-	504,640
Bank Deposits	95	26,103	23,660	1,212	172	-	-	51,242
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal		5 202						5 202
Deposits	-	5,303	-	-	-	-	-	5,303
Total	98	95,283	345,042	79,005	14,920	26,837	-	561,185
Grand Total	113	1,676,572	1,942,311	1,721,479	895,203	142,171	-	6,377,849

e) Information on interest expense on repurchase agreements

	Current Per	iod	Prior Perio	d
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Interest Expense on Repurchase Agreements (*)	234,748	495,343	1,149,838	131,957

(*) Includes "Interest on Money Market Transactions

f) Information on lease expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Leasing Expenses	68,273	47,746

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

2. g) Information on interest expense on factoring payables

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

3. Information on dividend income

	Current Period	Prior Period
From Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss	10,513	-
From Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Other	-	14,889
Total	10,513	14,889

4. Information on trading gain/loss

	Current Period	Prior Period	
Trading Gain	31,479,138	14,600,786	
Gains on Capital Market Transactions	2,043,793	393,034	
From Derivative Financial Instruments	11,192,868	5,813,510	
Foreign Exchange Gains	18,242,477	8,394,242	
Trading Loss (-)	20,296,598	15,003,015	
Losses on Capital Market Transactions	1,024,037	251,929	
From Derivative Financial Instruments	13,975,980	9,282,914	
Foreign Exchange Losses	5,296,581	5,468,172	
Net Trading Gain/Loss	11,182,540	(402,229)	

5. Information on other operating income

The Bank recorded the current year collections from loans written off in the previous period, portfolio management fees and expense accrual cancelations in "Other Operating Income" account.

6. Provision for losses and other provision expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Loss	6,975,947	2,998,482
12 month expected credit loss (stage 1)	2,805,952	575,602
Significant increase in credit risk (stage 2)	3,859,323	1,661,560
Non-performing loans (stage 3)	310,672	761,320
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	95	1,354
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	95	1,354
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Held-to-maturity Securities Value		
Decrease	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other ^(*)	1,239,174	146,267
Total	8,215,216	3,146,103

(*) Includes free provision expense for possible risks amounting to TRY 600,000 allocated in the current period.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

7. Information on other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits (*)	130,999	49,771
Depreciation Expenses of Fixed Assets	430,039	266,110
Amortization Expenses of Intangible Assets	169,520	101,729
Other Operating Expenses	2,812,259	1,294,730
Leasing Expenses Related to TFRS 16 Exemptions	2,270	1,154
Maintenance Expenses	<i>593,69</i> 8	436,351
Advertisement Expenses	180,021	100,000
Other Expenses	2,036,270	757,225
Loss on Sales of Assets	71	46
Other	1,166,204	498,303
Total	4,709,092	2,210,689

(*) Includes in the Personnel Expenses item in the financial statement..

8. Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes

For the period ended June 30, 2023 net interest income in income items amounting to TRY 10,674,008 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 14,082,707), net fees and commission income amounting to TRY 4,776,407 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 2,514,270) and other operating income amounting to TRY 1,697,316 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 185,347) constitute an important part of the income.

9. Explanations on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

9.1. Current period taxation benefit or charge and deferred tax benefit or charge

As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has recorded tax charge TRY 1,836,494 (June 30, 2022 - TRY 3,156,922) and a deferred tax loss of TRY 2,560,694 (June 30, 2022 - TRY 573,117) and a deferred tax income of TRY 4,695,097 (June 30, 2022 - TRY 1,454,604) from its continuing operations.

9.2. Explanations on operating profit/loss after taxes

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

10. Explanations on net profit/(loss) from continued and discontinued operations

Net profit of the Bank from continued operations is TRY 13,994,319 (June 30, 2022 – TRY 7,615,500)

11. Explanations on net income/loss for the period

11.1. If disclosure of the nature, amount and recurrence rate of income and expense items arising from ordinary banking transactions is necessary for an understanding of the Bank's performance during the period, the nature and amount of these items

None (June 30, 2022 – None).

11.2. The effect of the change in the estimates made by the Bank regarding the financial statement items on profit/loss

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

- IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)
- **11.3.** There is no profit or loss attributable to minority shares.

None

- **11.4.** There are no changes in the nature and amount of accounting estimates, which have a material effect on current period or expected to have a material effect on subsequent periods.
- 12. Information on the components of other items in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income exceeding 10% of the total, or items that comprise at least 20% of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

Fees and commissions from credit cards, transfers and insurance intermediaries are recorded in the "Others" line under "Fees and Commissions Received" account, while fees and commissions given to credit cards are recorded in the "Others" line under "Fees and Commissions Paid" account by the Bank.

V. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Statement of Changes In Shareholder's Equity

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

VI. Explanations And Disclosures Related Statement of Cash Flows

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

VII. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Bank's Risk Group

1. Information on the volume of transactions with the Bank's risk group, lending and deposits outstanding at period end and income and expenses in the current period

1.1. As of June 30, 2023, the Bank's risk group has deposits amounting to TRY 2,745,545 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 2,093,536), cash loans amounting to TRY 6,831,812 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 5,345,218) and non-cash loans amounting to TRY 2,414,124 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 153,692).

Current Period

			Bank's Direct and		Other Legal and Rea		
Bank's Risk Group (*)	Associates and	Associates and Subsidiaries		nareholders	Persons in Risk Group ^(**)		
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	
Loans and Other Receivables							
Delense of the Designation of the Designat	5 241 116	25 490		116.054	4 100	1 2 4 0	
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	5,341,116	35,489	-	116,854	4,102	1,349	
Balance at the End of the Period	6,827,976	326,858	-	1,940,578	3,836	146,688	
Interest and Commission Income	419,986	25,923	-	699	1,027	-	

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Bank's Risk Group (Continued)

1. Information on the volume of transactions with the Bank's risk group, lending and deposits outstanding at period end and income and expenses in the current period (Continued)

Prior Period						
				Direct and	Other Legal and Real	
Bank's Risk Group (*)	Associates and	Subsidiaries	Indirect Sh	nareholders	Persons in Ri	sk Group ^(**)
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and Other Receivables						
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	2,202,964	25,118	-	55,271	1,773	4,888
Balance at the End of the Period	5,341,116	35,489	-	116,854	4,102	1,349
Interest and Commission Income (***)	187,873	14	-	675	350	-

(*) As described in the Article 49 of Banking Law No 5411.

(**) Includes the loans given to the Bank's indirect subsidiaries.

(***) Prior Period Balance Represents June 30, 2022 balance.

1.2. Information on deposits held by the Bank's risk group

Bank's Risk Group ^(*)	Associates and Subsidiaries		Bank's Di Indi Shareh	rect	Other Legal and Real Persons in Risk Group ^(**)	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposit						
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	1,520,911	1,046,640	-	-	572,625	525,760
Balance at the End of the Period	1,738,828	1,520,911	-	-	1,006,717	572,625
Interest on deposits (***)	82,024	7,861	-	-	2,304	13,149

(*) As described in the Article 49 of Banking Law No 5411.

(**) Includes the loans given to the Bank's indirect subsidiaries.

(***) Prior Period Balance Represents June 30, 2022 balance.

1.3. Information on forward and option agreements and similar agreements made with the Bank's risk group

Bank's Risk Group ^(*)	Associates and		Direct and Indirect areholders	Other Legal and Real Persons in Risk Group ^(**)		
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Transactions for Trading Purposes						
Beginning of the Period	747,471	1,473,687	-	-	-	-
End of the Period	2,176,928	747,471	-	-	-	-
Total Income/Loss (***)	(57,325)	(146,695)	-	690	48	-
Fransactions for Hedging Purposes						
Beginning of the Period	-	-		-		-
End of the Period	-	-		-		-
Total Income/Loss (***)	-	-		-		-

(*) As described in the Article 49 of Banking Law No 5411.

(**) Includes the loans given to the Bank's indirect subsidiaries.

(***) Prior Period Balance Represents June 30, 2022 balance.

1.4. Information on benefits provided to top management

As of June 30, 2023, the total amount of remuneration and bonuses paid to top management of the Bank is TRY 300,919 (June 30, 2022 - TRY 211,448).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Bank's Risk Group (Continued)

2. Disclosures of transactions with the Bank's risk group

2.1. Relations with entities in the risk group of/or controlled by the Bank regardless of the nature of relationship among the parties

Transactions with the risk group are made on an arms-length basis; terms are set according to the market conditions and in compliance with the Banking Law.

2.2. In addition to the structure of the relationship, type of transaction, amount, and share in total transaction volume, amount of significant items, and share in all items, pricing policy and other

As of June 30, 2023, cash loans of the risk group represented 1.4% of the Bank's total cash loans (December 31, 2022 – 1.5%), the deposits represented 0.5% of the Bank's total deposits (December 31, 2022 – 0.5%) and derivative transactions represented 0.3% of the Bank's total derivative transactions (December 31, 2022 – 0.1%).

2.3. Explanations on purchase and sale of real estate and other assets, sales and purchases of services, agent contracts, financial lease agreements, transfer of data obtained from research and development, licensing agreements, financing (including loans and cash and in-kind capital support), guarantees and promissory notes, and management contracts

The Bank enters into finance lease agreements with QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. As of June 30, 2023, the Bank has net finance lease payables to QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. amounting to TRY 6,318 (December 31, 2022 – TRY 8,406) relating with finance lease agreements.

The Bank has signed an agreement with Ibtech Uluslararası Bilişim ve İletişim Teknolojileri Araştırma, Geliştirme, Danışmanlık, Destek Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. regarding research, development, advisory and improvement services.

Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş., in which the Bank participated 33.33% shareholding, provides cash transfer services to the Bank.

Information about the Bank's subordinated loans is explained under Section 5, Part II. footnote 12.

The Bank provides agency services to QNB Sağlık Hayat Sigorta ve Emeklilik A.Ş., which is a subsidiary with 100.00% shares held by the Bank.

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

VIII. Other Explanations Related to the Bank's Operations

1. Disclosure related to subsequent events and transactions that have not been finalized yet, and their impact on the financial statements

The issuances of the Bank after the balance sheet date are as follows.

Issue Date	Currency	Nominal Amount	Maturity
07.07.2023	EUR	23,030,000	91
25.07.2023	USD	29,659,000	92
26.07.2023	EUR	10,000,000	91

2. Information on the effects of significant changes in foreign exchange rates after balance sheet date on the items denominated in foreign currency and financial statements and the Group's operations abroad that would affect decision making process of users and foreign operations of the Bank

There are no significant fluctuations in the currency exchange rates after the balance sheet date that would affect the analysis and decision making process of the readers of the financial statements.

3. Other matters

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SIX

INTERIM REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on the Interim Review Report

The unconsolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2023 have been reviewed by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. The auditor's report dated July 27, 2023 is presented preceding the unconsolidated financial statements.

II. Explanations and Notes Prepared by Independent Auditors

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

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NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim Unconsolidated Activity Report that Includes the Assessment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager of Operations

Message by the Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

The first half of 2023 has undoubtedly been marked by the widespread and severe earthquake disaster that took place on February 6, with the epicenter being Kahramanmaraş. We will never forget this tragic incident. And we will keep working to relieve our wounds. The general parliamentary and presidential elections in the first half of the year have also defined the country's agenda.

This agenda, which was shaped after the election with the appointments of the new economy administration and the central bank governor, the simplification of regulations, and the loosening of macro precautionary measures, point to positive developments in terms of both banking and Turkish economy.

We see continued central bank tightening policies worldwide in the fight against inflation. This has led to a global easing of inflation levels. However, we expect central banks to maintain their tight monetary policies in the upcoming period.

In Türkiye, the economy continued to grow by 4% on an annual basis in Q1, when we were shaken by the earthquake disaster. In Q2 of 2023, we have seen leading indicators that this growth is likely to continue. However, measures to be taken towards fiscal discipline and reducing the budget deficit and current account deficit will be of great importance for continued growth. The measures taken and policies announced raise our hopes of the implementation of new regulations for the banking sector that will bring it some relief.

We hope that the tight monetary policy and disciplined fiscal policy process will be implemented gradually, inflation will be brought under control, and our country's economy will enter a healthy growth period. Steps taken in the right direction enable us to look ahead with more confidence and hope.

QNB Finansbank continues to successfully manage this process by utilizing the right strategies. We have seen marked growth in the first half of 2023. As of June 30, 2023, our Bank's total assets increased by 30%, compared to the end of 2022, and reached TL 782 billion, 657 million, and our net loans were up 32% to TL 454 billion, 99 million. In the same period, customer deposit accounts reached TL 503 billion, 507 million, an increase of 31%, while our equity has increased by 24% to TL 55 billion, 32 million. In the first six months of 2023, our Bank's net profit for the period was TL 13 billion, 994 million.

We implemented our 'Integrated Disaster Management' program following a workshop attended by the senior management of the Bank and its subsidiaries. This program will help us create a more resilient organization to face possible earthquakes in Istanbul and other cities. Our goal is to ensure zero deaths and to offer an uninterrupted service. We will implement this program in phases, which will include awareness-raising, training and action-oriented steps.

In the first half of the year, we realized a very important project for our Bank, which is also consistent with our servant leadership approach. We published our 'Guidelines on Social Gender Equality,' which included our 'Gender Sensitive Banking Principles' and 'Action Plan,' coordinated with Kadir Has University and announced to public. Our goal is "a more equal world" and we determined our commitments to reach this goal. This is a clear indication of our Bank's leadership characteristics. We have received very positive feedback.

I would like to thank all our financiers, our customers, and business partners who trusted us and contributed to the successful growth of our Bank with their devoted efforts in the first 6 months of 2023.

Kind regards,

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN (Continued)

UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

I. Interim Unconsolidated Activity Report that Includes the Assessment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager of Operations (Continued)

Message by the General Manager

Dear Shareholders and Board Members,

We have left behind a half-year in which we were all shaken by an earthquake disaster and then went through a busy election period. Given the market conditions and developments, the economic outlook and the banking system were also directly affected by these events.

Pursuing its goal of contributing to the national economy, QNB Finansbank has not paused any of its activities, but has realized a number of projects to bring relief to the region affected by the earthquake.

In addition, we maintained a stable performance throughout our projects and took the right strategic steps that will lead both the sector and society to support the real sector and bring about a sustainable world. As of June 30th, 2023, the total assets of our Bank increased by 30 percent, compared to the end of 2022, reaching TL 782 billion, 657 million. Our net loans rose by 32 percent to TL 454 billion, 99 million, while customer deposit accounts totaled TL 503 billion, 507 million — an increase of 31 percent. In the first six months of 2023, our Bank's net profit was TL 13 billion, 994 million.

Economic growth in Türkiye, despite the negative impacts of the earthquake disaster in February, was 4 percent in Q1 2023. Leading indicators show that the increase in domestic demand was strong in Q2 as well. However, in order to achieve high long-term and sustainable growth, it will be important to follow policies that will reduce inflation, budget deficit, and current account deficit to reasonable levels and increase foreign investments in the upcoming period.

Following the elections, the new economy administration introduced measures — such as the interest rate hike and monetary tightening — in line with the expectations in the markets to relieve the markets, achieve financial discipline, and manage the budget; all positive signs for the upcoming period. The measures taken and the policies announced also increase the expectations for the regulations in the banking sector to be revised in line with the market conditions.

QNB Finansbank renewed its syndicated loan, signed in May 2022 and due in June this year, at 102%, with sustainability criteria. This rollover rate is an indicator of the confidence of international banks, both in our bank and in the Turkish economy. The sustainability criteria used in this loan agreement, amounting to USD 329 million, were determined in line with the sustainability targets of the bank, including extending loans to the disaster region until the end of 2023 as part of the relief program for February's earthquake disaster that affected Türkiye as a whole. Also considered were improvements to the gender wage gap based on the 'QNB Finansbank Gender Equality Guide.'

In addition, we signed a loan agreement with the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) worth USD 110 million to be made available to individuals and organizations affected by the earthquake. This loan will meet the urgent financing requirements of companies and people in need in the earthquake region.

In addition, our Bank has achieved significant success with its products and services. Türkiye's first branchless digital banking application, Enpara.com, received the gold award in the Online Banking category of the Brandverse Award program, where the most successful brands and projects of the digital world are presented.

In the Scratch Cup 2023 final, which we organized for the fourth time this year in cooperation with the Habitat Association, children exhibited the games they had coded under the sustainability theme of 'My Clean Energy, My Energy'. This year, a record number of 1,098 applications was received from 53 cities, including two from abroad, and 23 children from eight different cities participated in the event. This participation rate proves the importance of pursuing competitions where our children can present the results of their coding training.

We would like to thank our esteemed financiers and you, our esteemed partners, who have contributed greatly to our Bank's profitable and sustainable growth despite all the challenging and changing conditions.

Kind regards,

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN (Continued)

UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

I. Interim Unconsolidated Activity Report that Includes the Assessment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager of Operations (Continued)

Summary Financial Belonging to the Period of June 30, 2023

Principal Financial Indicators (Million TRY)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Total Loans	454,099	344,937
Securities	120,749	103,364
Total Assets	782,657	601,755
Customer Deposits	503,507	384,058
Equity	55,032	44,266
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Net interest income	June 30, 2023 10,674	June 30, 2022 14,083
Net interest income Net fees and commission income	1	,
	10,674	14,083
Net fees and commission income	10,674 4,776	14,083 2,514
Net fees and commission income Provision loans and other Receivables (-)	10,674 4,776 (8,215)	14,083 2,514 (3,146)

As of June 30, 2023, compared to 2022 year-end assets of the Bank increased by 30% and realized TRY 782 billion and 657 million. When compared with the end of year 2022, total loans increased by 32% and reached TRY 454 billion and 99 million while Customer Deposits increased by 31% and realized by TRY 503 billion and 507 million.

In the first six months of 2023, the Bank's net interest income has reached TRY 10 billion 674 million, while its net fee and commission income has been TRY 4 billion 776 million. The Bank's profit before tax was TRY 13 billion 696 million and its net profit for the period was TRY 13 billion 994 million.

Total shareholders' equity increased by 24% compared with the end of the year and reached to TRY 55 billion 32 million. The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank has been realized as 14.50% as of June 30, 2023.

As of June 30, 2023 the Bank has 11,738 personnel and 436 branches.

Information Regarding the Financial Status, Profitability and Solvency of the Bank

Assets

The bank which is continuing its customer-oriented activities in 2023, sustained to grow especially in corporate and commercial loans. As of June 30, 2023, total performing loans increased by 32% and reached TRY 454 billion 99 million while total unconsolidated assets increased by 30% and reached TRY 782 billion and 657 million compared to the end of the prior year.

Liabilities

As of June 30, 2023, the Bank's total customer deposits increased by 31% compared to the end of 2022 and reached TRY 503 billion 507 million, while its shareholders' equity increased by 24% compared to the end of 2022 and reached TRY 55 billion 32 million.

Profitability

In the firs six months of 2023, the Bank's net interest income reached TRY 10 billion 674 million, while its net fee and commission income was TRY 4 billion 776 million. Net profit for the period was TRY 13 billion 994 million.

The bank operates with 11,738 employees.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN (Continued)

UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

I. Interim Unconsolidated Activity Report that Includes the Assessment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager of Operations (Continued)

Solvency

Due to its strong capital structure and high shareholders' equity profitability, the Parent Bank has a sound financial structure. Parent Bank has been utilizing of its capital efficiently for it banking activities and it maintains its profitability of shareholders' equity. When taking into consideration of its funding structure; Parent Bank is funding its credit facilities both by its large basis of deposits as well as by utilization of long-term external sources. Parent Bank has a quite great cost advantage due to benefiting from such various funding resources and at the same time it is minimizing the risks probable to occur due to differences in the maturity dates. As having a significant place in the Turkish financial markets; QNB Finansbank with its strong financial structure also proves its credibility by the high ratings it received from the independent rating firms.

General Grants realized during the Period

General grants realized as of June 30, 2023 was TRY 475,881.