CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT MARCH 31, 2021
TOGETHER WITH AUDITOR'S INTERIM REVIEW REPORT
(Convenience translation of consolidated financial statements and auditor's interim review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three)

AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I of Section Three)

To the General Assembly of QNB Finansbank Anonim Şirketi;

Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated balance sheet of QNB Finansbank Anonim Şirketi ("the Bank") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") at 31 March 2021 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial information does not present fairly in all material respects the consolidated financial position of QNB Finansbank Anonim Şirketi and its consolidated subsidiaries at 31 March 2021 and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month-period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020 were audited by another auditor whose report dated 28 January 2021 expressed an unqualified opinion.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

The effects of differences between accounting principles and standards explained in detail in Section Three and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Talar Gül, SMMM Partner

Istanbul, 29 April 2021

THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF QNB FINANSBANK A.Ş. FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

The Parent Bank's;

Address of the Head Office : Esentepe Mahallesi Büyükdere Caddesi Kristal Kule Binası No:215 Şişli - İSTANBUL

Phone number : (0212) 318 50 00
Facsimile number : (0212) 318 56 48
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E-mail address : investor.relations@qnbfinansbank.com

The consolidated financial report for the three month period ended March 31, 2021, designed by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency in line with the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced and the Related Policies and Disclosures consists of the sections listed below:

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK
- CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON THE ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP
- FOOTNOTES AND EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INTERIM REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM CONSOLIDATED ACTIVITY REPORT

Within the context of this financial report, the consolidated subsidiaries, entities under common control and structured entities are as follows. There are no associates included in the consolidation.

Subsidiaries

- 1. QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama Anonim Şirketi
- 2. QNB Finans Yatırım Menkul Değerler Anonim Şirketi
- 3. QNB Finans Portföy Yönetimi Anonim Şirketi
- 4. QNB Finans Faktoring Anonim Şirketi
- 5. Hemenal Finansman Anonim Şirketi
- 6. QNB Finans Varlık Kiralama Şirketi A.Ş.

Entities Under Common Control (Joint Ventures)

1. Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik Anonim Şirketi

Structured Entities

- 1. Bosphorus Financial Services Limited
- 2. Istanbul Bond Company S.A

The accompanying consolidated interim financial statements and related disclosures and footnotes for the three month period then ended March 31, 2021, are prepared and independently reviewed in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank. Unless otherwise stated, the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements are presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira** (TL).

Mehmet Ömer A. Aras Chairman of the Board of Directors Ali Teoman Kerman Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee Ramzi T.A. Mari Member of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee

Noor Mohd. J. A. Al-Naimi

Member of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee Durmuş Ali Kuzu

Member of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee

Temel Güzeloğlu General Manager and Member of the Board of Directors Adnan Menderes Yayla
Executive Vice President
Responsible of Financial Control
and Planning

Ercan Sakarya
Director of Financial, Statutory
Reporting and
Treasury Control

Information related to the responsible personnel to whom the questions about the financial statements can be communicated:

Name - Surname/Title : Elif Akan / Financial Reporting Manager

Phone Number : (0 212) 318 57 80 Facsimile Number : (0 212) 318 55 78

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(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

I. Explanatory Note on the Establishment Date, Nature of Activities and History of the Parent Bank

QNB Finansbank Anonim Şirketi (The Parent Bank and/or the Bank) was incorporated in Istanbul on September 23, 1987. The Parent Bank's shares have been listed on the Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") formerly known as Istanbul Stock Exchange ("ISE") since the first public offering on 1990.

II. Information About the Parent Bank's Shareholding Structure, Shareholders Who Individually or Jointly Have the Power to Control the Management and Audit Directly or Indirectly, Changes Regarding These Subjects During the Year, If Any, and Information About the Controlling Group of the Parent Bank

A share sales agreement has been concluded between National Bank of Greece S.A. (NBG), principal shareholder of the Parent Bank in previous periods, and Qatar National Bank Q.P.S.C. ("QNB") regarding the direct or indirect sales of NBG's shares, owned by affiliates and current associations of the Parent Bank, at the rate of 99.81% to QNB at a price of EUR 2,750 million as of December 21, 2015. On April 7, 2016, BRSA permitted to transfer shares at ratios of 82.23%, 7.90%, 9.68% owned by National Bank of Greece S.A., NBGI Holdings B.V. and NBG Finance (Dollar) PLC respectively in the capital of the Bank to Qatar National Bank S.A.Q. in the framework of paragraph 1 of article 18 of Banking Law and dropping direct share of National Bank of Greece S.A. to 0% through the aforementioned share transfer. Necessary permissions related to share transfer have been completed on May 4, 2016 before the Competition Authority while permission transactions regarding direct/indirect share ownership which shall realize in related affiliates of the Bank (QNB Finans Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş., QNB Finans Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. and Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş.) before the related official bodies on May 12, 2016 and share transfer of the Bank has been completed on June 15, 2016.

The Parent Bank has decided to change the logo and the name of the company within the scope of the main shareholder change and brand strategies the new logo and the company name of the Parent Bank has started to be used as "QNB FİNANSBANK" as of October 24, 2016 and the company name started to be used with the registration of the General Assembly Resolution dated November 24, 2016 on November 30, 2016. According to the decision dated January 17, 2018 which was taken by the General Assembly; The Parent Bank's trade name is changed from "FİNANS BANK A.Ş" to "QNB FİNANSBANK A.Ş" as of January 19, 2018.

99.88% of shares of Parent Bank are controlled by Qatar National Bank as of March 31, 2021 and remaining 0.12% of related shares are public shares.

50% of QNB shares, which is the first commercial bank of Qatar founded in 1964 and has been traded at Qatar Stock Exchange since 1997, are owned by Qatar Investment Authority while 50% of related shares are public shares. QNB is operating over 30 countries mainly in Middle East and North Africa Regions as well as being the biggest bank of Qatar. Also, with respect to total assets, total credits and total deposits QNB is the biggest bank of Middle East and North Africa.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (Continued)

III. Information about the Chairman and Members of Board of Directors, Members of Audit Committee, Managing Director and Executive Vice Presidents; Any Changes, and the Information About the Parent Bank Shares They Hold and Their Responsibilities

Name	Title	Date of Appointment	Education
Dr. Ömer A. Aras	Chairman	April 16, 2010	PhD
Sinan Şahinbaş	Deputy Chairman	April 16, 2010	Masters
Ali Teoman Kerman	Board Member and Head of Audit Committee	April 16, 2013	Masters
Ramzi T. A. Mari	Board Member and Member of the Audit Committee	June 16, 2016	Masters
Fatma Abdulla S.S. Al-Suwaidi	Board Member	June 16, 2016	Masters
Durmuş Ali Kuzu	Board Member and Member of the Audit Committee	August 25, 2016	PhD
Temel Güzeloğlu	Board Member and General Manager	April 16, 2010	Masters
Yousef Mahmoud H. N. Al-Neama	Board Member	May 28, 2019	Graduate
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Osman Reha Yolalan	Board Member	June 16, 2016	PhD
Adel Ali M. A. Al-Malki	Board Member	May 28, 2019	Graduate
Noor Mohd J. A. Al-Naimi	Board Member and Member of the Audit Committee	June 22, 2017	Graduate
Adnan Menderes Yayla	Executive Vice President	May 20, 2008	Masters
Köksal Çoban	Executive Vice President	August 19, 2008	Masters
Dr. Mehmet Kürşad Demirkol	Executive Vice President	October 8, 2010	PhD
Erkin Aydın	Executive Vice President	May 16, 2011	Masters
Ömür Tan	Executive Vice President	October 28, 2011	Masters
Halim Ersun Bilgici	Executive Vice President	March 15, 2013	Masters
Enis Kurtoğlu	Executive Vice President	May 14, 2015	Masters
Murat Koraş	Executive Vice President	May 14, 2015	Masters
Engin Turhan	Executive Vice President	June 14, 2016	Masters
Cumhur Türkmen	Executive Vice President	June 11, 2018	Graduate
Cenk Akıncılar	Executive Vice President	January 21, 2020	Graduate
Burçin Dündar Tüzün	Executive Vice President	December 1, 2019	Masters
Zeynep Kulalar	Executive Vice President	December 1, 2019	Graduate
Derya Düner	Executive Vice President	January 1, 2020	Graduate
Ali Yılmaz	Executive Vice President	January 1, 2020	Masters
Ahmet Erzengin	Head of the Department of Internal Control and Compliance	September 12, 2011	Graduate
Ersin Emir	Head of Internal Audit	February 18, 2011	Masters
Zeynep Aydın Demirkıran	Head of the Department of Risk Management	September 16, 2011	Masters

The top level management listed above possesses immaterial number of shares of the Parent Bank.

IV. Information About the Persons and Institutions That Have Qualified Shares on the Parent Bank

Name Surname/Trade Name	Amount of Shares	Percentage of Shares	Paid-up Shares	Unpaid Shares
Qatar National Bank Q.P.S.C. ("QNB")	3,345,892	99.88%	3,345,892	-
Other	4,108	0.12%	4,108	-

V. Explanations on the Parent Bank's Services and Activities

The Parent Bank's activities include trade finance and corporate banking, private and retail banking, SME banking, currency, money markets, securities operations and credit card operations. In addition, the Parent Bank carries out insurance agency activities on behalf of insurance companies through its branches. As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank operates through 465 domestic (December 31, 2020 - 473), 1 foreign (December 31, 2020 - 1) and 1 Atatürk Airport Free Trade Zone (December 31, 2020 - 1) branches. As of March 31, 2021, the Group has 11,309 employees (December 31, 2020 – 11,555 employees).

ONB FİNANSBANK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (Continued)

VI. Information on Application Differences Between Consolidation Practices as per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the Turkish Accounting Standards, and Entities Subject to Full or Proportional Consolidation or Deducted from Equity or Not Subject to Any of These Three Methods

Parent Bank's joint venture Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik Anonim Şirketi is consolidated using equity method as per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards.

Ibtech A.Ş and E-finans Elektronik Ticaret ve Bilişim Hizmetleri A.Ş. included in investments in associates and Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş. included in joint ventures are not consolidated to accompanying financial statements as per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks since they are nonfinancial investments. Bankalararası Kart Merkezi and Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş. included in subsidiaries are carried at cost and not consolidated since the Parent Bank does not have material control and presence over it. As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has removed Hemenal Finansman A.Ş. from its Subsidiaries account and started to monitor it under the account of Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The related subsidiary has been consolidated on the assets and liabilities part of the balance sheet and the accounts subject to sales transactions in the income statement within the scope of consolidation.

All other subsidiaries are fully consolidated.

Bosphorus Financial Services Limited and İstanbul Bond Company S.A., which are not subsidiaries of the Parent Bank, but over which the Parent Bank has 100% controlling power due to the reason that these companies are "Structured Entity", have been included in the scope of consolidation.

VII. Current or Likely Actual or Legal Barriers to Immediate Transfer of Shareholders' Equity or Repayment of Debts Between the Parent Bank and Its Subsidiaries

None.

SECTION TWO

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF BALANCE SHEET FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS

			C	Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2021	l	Audited Prior Period 31.12.2020			
		Section 5 Part 1	TL	FC	TOTAL	TL	FC	TOTAL	
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		21,994,020	50,819,453	72,813,473	16,143,002	38,560,665	54,703,667	
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,231,263	39,084,979	42,316,242	3,190,476	26,470,545	29,661,021	
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with The Central Bank	(1)	1,791,213	28,951,888	30,743,101	2,505,744	24,900,717	27,406,461	
1.1.2	Banks	(3)	1,039,199	10,028,004	11,067,203	38,518	1,477,238	1,515,756	
1.1.3	Receivables From Money Market	(4)	434,428	105,100	539,528	659,782	92,610	752,392	
1.1.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)		33,577	13	33,590	13,568	20	13,588	
	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through								
1.2	Profit/Loss	(2)	161,864	343,299	505,163	290,302	333,073	623,375	
1.2.1	Public Sector Debt Securities		41,559	68,733	110,292	204,200	87,413	291,613	
1.2.2	Equity Securities		102,865	-	102,865	86,102	-	86,102	
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		17,440	274,566	292,006	-	245,660	245,660	
	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through								
1.3	Other Comprehensive Income	(5)	6,857,572	9,200,215	16,057,787	5,802,565	9,387,549	15,190,114	
1.3.1	Public Sector Debt Securities		6,848,318	9,189,172	16,037,490	5,793,173	9,380,242	15,173,415	
1.3.2	Equity Securities		9,254	11,043	20,297	9,392	7,307	16,699	
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	(12)	11,743,321	2,190,960	13,934,281	6,859,659	2,369,498	9,229,157	
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through		9,884,282	1,952,782	11,837,064	5,716,649	2,111,822	7,828,471	
1.4.2	Other Comprehensive Income FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED		1,859,039	238,178	2,097,217	1,143,010	257,676	1,400,686	
II.	COST (Net)		109,067,703	65,353,908	174,421,611	105,753,485	59,312,306	165,065,791	
2.1	Loans	(6)	106,285,606	50,101,570	156,387,176	102,987,227	45,115,006	148,102,233	
2.2	Lease Receivables	(11)	2,353,951	5,303,303	7,657,254	2,251,723	4,921,075	7,172,798	
2.3	Factoring Receivables	(7)	2,134,823	335,896	2,470,719	1,872,281	338,166	2,210,447	
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(8)	9,595,035	9,897,144	19,492,179	9,559,633	9,183,723	18,743,356	
2.4.1	Public Sector Debt Securities		9,595,035	9,256,994	18,852,029	9,559,633	8,621,942	18,181,575	
2.4.2	Other Financial Assets		-	640,150	640,150	-	561,781	561,781	
2.5	Expected Credit Losses (-)		11,301,712	284,005	11,585,717	10,917,379	245,664	11,163,043	
	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS								
III.	OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(15)	275	-	275	-	-	-	
3.1	Held for sale		275	-	275	-	-	-	
3.2	Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	
IV.	INVESTMENTS (Net)		266,404	-	266,404	237,920	-	237,920	
4.1	Investment in Associates (Net)	(9)	14,027	-	14,027	14,027	-	14,027	
4.1.1	Equity Method Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.1.2	Unconsolidated		14,027	-	14,027	14,027	-	14,027	
4.2	Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)		38,038	-	38,038	38,038	-	38,038	
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Investments		38,038	-	38,038	38,038	-	38,038	
4.3	Equity Under Common Control (Joint Ventures) (Net)	(10)	214,339	-	214,339	185,855	-	185,855	
4.3.1	Equity method associates		211,539	-	211,539	183,055	-	183,055	
4.3.2	Unconsolidated		2,800	-	2,800	2,800	-	2,800	
v.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		3,427,241	42	3,427,283	3,489,129	56	3,489,185	
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		549,684	-	549,684	520,715	-	520,715	
6.1	Goodwill		_	-	-	_	-	-	
6.2	Others		549,684	-	549,684	520,715	-	520,715	
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)	(13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSET	(14)	613	-	613	29,628	-	29,628	
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	(14)	946,794	-	946,794	1,034,082	-	1,034,082	
х.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	(16)	4,765,321	475,394	5,240,715	4,589,905	5,348,828	9,938,733	
	TOTAL ASSETS		141.018.055	116,648,797	257,666,852	131,797,866	103,221,855	235,019,721	
	- 0		271,010,000	-10,0-10,171	201,000,002	2019/7/9000	-009##19000	200,017,141	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF BALANCE SHEET FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

			(Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2021	I		Audited Prior Period 31.12.2020	
		Section 5 Note II	TL	FC	TOTAL	TL	FC	TOTAL
I.	DEPOSITS	(1)	61,713,707	86,446,846	148,160,553	48,284,133	81,990,723	130,274,856
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(3)	2,449,579	25,414,229	27,863,808	2,855,756	23,041,134	25,896,890
III.	MONEY MARKET BORROWINGS	(4)	3,558,408	10,923,057	14,481,465	4,881,720	10,112,950	14,994,670
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (NET)	(5)	3,036,128	12,605,684	15,641,812	2,772,537	11,951,421	14,723,958
4.1	Bills		2,868,970	124,890	2,993,860	2,561,286	829,044	3,390,330
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Bonds		167,158	12,480,794	12,647,952	211,251	11,122,377	11,333,628
V.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1	Borrowers' Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Others		-	-	-	-	-	-
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE							
VI.	THROUGH PROFIT & LOSS (NET)		-	-	-		-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		3,317,032	3,160,559	6,477,591	4,766,374	3,390,090	8,156,464
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value	(2)	2.260.120	2.550.620	5.006.760	4 7 47 072	2 502 520	7 240 001
7.1	Through Profit & Loss (Net)	(2)	3,268,130	2,558,639	5,826,769	4,747,273	2,502,528	7,249,801
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(8)	48,902	601,920	650,822	19,101	887,562	906,663
VIII.	FACTORING PAYABLES	(8)	48,902	001,920	030,822	19,101	887,302	900,003
IX.	LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	(7)	409,586	1,960	411,546	428,999	3,076	432,075
X.	PROVISIONS	(7) (9)	1,043,622	1,900	1,043,622	1,134,132	3,070	1,134,132
10.1	Restructuring Provisions	(9)	1,043,022	-	1,043,022	1,134,132	-	1,134,132
10.1	Reserve for Employee Benefits		497,993		497,993	631,149		631,149
10.2	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-771,773		-771,773	031,147		031,147
10.3	Other Provisions		545,629		545,629	502,983		502,983
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(10)	28,339	_	28,339	1,077,742	_	1,077,742
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	(10)	20,555	_	20,555	1,077,742	_	1,077,742
	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND							
XIII.	ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(11)	746	_	746	-	_	_
13.1	Held for Sale	` /	746	-	746	-	-	-
13.2	Discontinued Operations		-	-		-	-	-
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(12)	-	7,744,136	7,744,136	-	6,704,294	6,704,294
14.1	Subordinated Loans		-	7,744,136	7,744,136	-	6,704,294	6,704,294
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES		7,698,412	8,509,208	16,207,620	7,007,486	5,375,926	12,383,412
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(13)	21,439,400	(1,833,786)	19,605,614	20,440,813	(1,199,585)	19,241,228
16.1	Paid-in Capital		3,350,000	-	3,350,000	3,350,000	-	3,350,000
16.2	Capital Reserves		714	-	714	714	-	714
16.2.1	Share Premium	(14)	714	-	714	714	-	714
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not							
16.3	Reclassified to Profit or Loss		(110,923)	-	(110,923)	(111,564)	-	(111,564)
	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items			// 000 TO 10				
16.4	Reclassified to Profit or Loss		467,196	(1,833,786)	(1,366,590)	120,560	(1,199,585)	(1,079,025)
16.5	Profit Reserves		17,072,911	-	17,072,911	14,217,872	-	14,217,872
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		756,052	-	756,052	736,513	-	736,513
16.5.2	Status Reserves		16 216 950	-	16 216 950	12 401 250	-	12 401 250
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		16,316,859	-	16,316,859	13,481,359	-	13,481,359
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves Profit/Loss		651.096	-	651,086	2,855,050	-	2,855,050
16.6 16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss		651,086	-	031,086	2,855,050 101,267	-	101,267
16.6.1	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss		651,086	-	651,086	2,753,783	-	2,753,783
16.6.2	Minority Interest		8,416	-	8,416	2,755,785 8,181	-	2,755,785 8,181
10.7	Minority filterest		0,410	-	0,410	0,101	-	0,101
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		104,694,959	152,971,893	257,666,852	93,649,692	141,370,029	235,019,721
			_0 .,0/11,/0/	_0_,,,11,0,0	20.,000,002	70,017,074	,0 / 0,02/	200,017,721

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF BALANCE SHEET FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

II. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

				viewed 03.2021			Audited 31.12.2020	
		Section 5 Note III	TL	FC	TOTAL	TI.	FC	TOTAL
A. I. 1.1. 1.1.1. 1.1.2. 1.1.3.	OFF BALANCE SHEET CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (I+II+III) GUARANTEES Letters of guarantee Guarantees ubject to State Tender Law Guarantees given for foreign trade operations	(1), (2), (3), (4)	181,495,879 11,924,058 11,643,283 503,998 6,820,569 4,318,716	290,504,317 24,888,350 13,126,612 82,866 13,043,746	472,000,196 36,812,408 24,769,895 586,864 19,864,315	175,404,906 11,604,589 11,304,977 474,847 6,665,357 4,164,773	281,234,421 21,520,352 11,362,429 84,162 11,278,267	456,639,327 33,124,941 22,667,406 559,009 17,943,624 4.164,773
1.2. 1.2.1. 1.2.2.	Other letters of guarantee Bank loans Import letter of acceptance Other bank acceptances		201,790 201,790 - 78,985	7,734,912 7,734,912	4,318,716 7,936,702 7,936,702	198,490 198,490	6,640,108 6,640,108	6,838,598 6,838,598
1.3. 1.3.1. 1.3.2. 1.4.	Letters of credit Documentary letters of credit Other letters of credit Prefinancing given as guarantee		78,985 78,985 -	4,026,826 3,787,641 239,185	4,105,811 3,866,626 239,185	101,122	3,517,815 3,315,757 202,058	3,618,937 3,416,879 202,058
1.5. 1.5.1. 1.5.2. 1.6.	Endorsements Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey Other endorsements Securities issue purchase guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.7. 1.8. 1.9. II.	Factoring guarantees Other guarantees Other collaterals COMMITMENTS		115,833,783	11,355,194	- - 127,188,977	104.983.869	7,321,485	112,305,354
2.1. 2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Irrevocable commitments Forward asset purchase commitments Forward deposit purchase and sales commitments Share capital commitment to associates and subsidiaries	(1)	62,542,989 882,622	7,718,222 5,425,762	70,261,211 6,308,384	58,424,722 1,358,290	6,640,330 3,478,001	65,065,052 4,836,291
2.1.4. 2.1.5. 2.1.6. 2.1.7.	Loan granting commitments Securities underwriting commitments Commitments for reserve deposit requirements Payment commitment for checks		19,818,134 - - 2,914,658	833 - - -	19,818,967 - - 2,914,658	18,075,052 - - 2,423,033	734 - - -	18,075,786 - 2,423,033
2.1.8. 2.1.9. 2.1.10. 2.1.11. 2.1.12.	Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments Commitments for credit card expenditure limits Commitments for promotions related with credit cards and banking activities Receivables from short sale commitments Payables for short sale commitments		29,936 37,824,852 86,577	-	29,936 37,824,852 86,577	27,046 35,495,520 83,078	-	27,046 35,495,520 83,078
2.1.13. 2.2. 2.2.1. 2.2.2. III. 3.1	Other irrevocable commitments Revocable loan granting commitments Other revocable loan miniments Other revocable commitments DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Derivative financial instruments for hedging purposes	(5), (6)	986,210 53,290,794 52,847,680 443,114 53,738,038 15,086,881	2,291,627 3,636,972 2,892,538 744,434 254,260,773 74,851,331	3,277,837 56,927,766 55,740,218 1,187,548 307,998,811 89,938,212	962,703 46,559,147 46,090,007 469,140 58,816,448 9,249,782	3,161,595 681,155 681,155 252,392,584 64,290,416	4,124,298 47,240,302 46,090,007 1,150,295 311,209,032 73,540,198
3.1.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.2 3.2.1	Fair value hedge Cash flow hedge Hedge of net investment in foreign operations Held for trading transactions		7,592,054 7,494,827 - 38,651,157 3,092,709	28,909,657 45,941,674 179,409,442 7,408,095	36,501,711 53,436,501 218,060,599 10,500,804	5,114,463 4,135,319 49,566,666 2,110,184	23,064,765 41,225,651 188,102,168 8,853,435	28,179,228 45,360,970 237,668,834 10,963,619
3.2.1.1 3.2.1.2 3.2.2 3.2.2.1	Forward foreign currency buy/sell transactions Forward foreign currency transactions-buy Forward foreign currency transactions-sell Swap transactions related to foreign currency and interest rates Foreign currency swap-buy		2,229,760 862,949 33,770,917 3,067,152	2,927,234 4,480,861 168,444,200 57,857,203	5,156,994 5,343,810 202,215,117 60,924,355	1,676,174 434,010 45,325,821 3,298,846	3,847,001 5,006,434 175,291,457 66,005,831	5,523,175 5,440,444 220,617,278 69,304,677
3.2.2.2 3.2.2.3 3.2.2.4 3.2.3 3.2.3.1 3.2.3.2	Foreign currency swap-sell Interest rate swaps-sell Interest rate swaps-sell Foreign currency, interest rate and securities options Foreign currency options-buy Foreign currency options-sell		22,347,165 4,178,300 4,178,300 1,272,331 858,781 413,550	37,325,055 36,630,971 36,630,971 1,943,144 774,424 1,168,720	59,672,220 40,809,271 40,809,271 3,215,475 1,633,205 1,582,270	30,615,375 5,705,800 5,705,800 1,021,265 491,416 529,849	40,882,956 34,201,335 34,201,335 1,947,660 1,047,539 900,121	71,498,331 39,907,135 39,907,135 2,968,925 1,538,955 1,429,970
3.2.3.3 3.2.3.4 3.2.3.5 3.2.3.6	Interest rate options-buy Interest rate options-sell Securities options-buy Securities options-sell		· -	- - -	-	-		- - -
3.2.4 3.2.4.1 3.2.4.2 3.2.5 3.2.5.1	Foreign currency futures Foreign currency futures-buy Foreign currency futures-sell Interest rate futures		515,200 515,142 58	531,623 58 531,565	1,046,823 515,200 531,623	1,109,396 172 1,109,224	1,055,351 1,055,204 147	2,164,747 1,055,376 1,109,371
3.2.5.2 3.2.6 B. IV.	Interest rate futures-sell Other CUSTODY AND PLEDGED ITEMS (IV+V+VI) ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		1,250,754,402 270,415,199	1,082,380 303,603,764 16,520,204	1,082,380 1,554,358,166 286,935,403	1,239,470,065 314,812,461	954,265 271,678,813 15,999,495	954,265 1,511,148,878 330,811,956
4.1. 4.2. 4.3. 4.4. 4.5.	Assets under management Investment securities held in custody Checks received for collection Commercial notes received for collection Other assets received for collection		6,330,357 204,540,479 8,976,669 2,016,273	1,201 7,730,458 1,823,099 649,003	6,331,558 212,270,937 10,799,768 2,665,276	4,313,984 255,806,221 7,616,483 2,096,904	25,795 8,043,418 1,484,681 686,232	4,339,779 263,849,639 9,101,164 2,783,136
4.6. 4.7. 4.8. V.	Assets received for public offering Other items under custody Custodians PLEDGED ITEMS		48,551,421 - 570,739,836	6,316,443 - 178,193,282	54,867,864 - 748,933,118	44,978,869 - 540,029,634	5,759,369 - 160,647,061	50,738,238 700,676,695
5.1. 5.2. 5.3. 5.4.	Marketable securities Guarantee notes Commodity Warranty		4,146,066 383,319 494,035	178,193,262 10,332,658 641,036	14,478,724 1,024,355 494,035	4,117,442 380,407 490,115	9,531,425 590,933	13,648,867 971,340 490,115
5.5. 5.6. 5.7. VI.	Properties Other pledged items Pledged items-depository ACCEPTED INDEPENDENT GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		110,294,244 455,422,172 - 409,599,367	91,070,084 76,149,504 - 108,890,278	201,364,328 531,571,676 - 518,489,645	106,976,494 428,065,176 - 384,627,970	82,931,319 67,593,384 - 95,032,257	189,907,813 495,658,560 479,660,227
7 2.	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)		1,432,250,281	594,108,081	2,026,358,362	1,414,874,971	552,913,234	1,967,788,205

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 (STATEMENT OF INCOME/LOSS)

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

III. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

INTEREST INCOME Interest income on loans Interest income on reserve deposits Interest income on banks Interest income on money market transactions Interest income on securities portfolio Financial assets measured at FVTPL Financial assets measured at FVOCI Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued Interests on leasing	Section 5 Part IV (1)	Current Period 01.01-31.03.2021 5,386,162 4,185,359 58,456 12,401 26,130 793,356 9,474 326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228 275,595	Prior Period 01.01-31.03.2020 4,337,467 3,440,541 6,761 34,946 54,845 603,752 6,589 277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751 337,644
Interest income on loans Interest income on reserve deposits Interest income on money market transactions Interest income on securities portfolio I Financial assets measured at FVTPL Financial assets measured at FVOCI Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(1)	5,386,162 4,185,359 58,456 12,401 26,130 793,356 9,474 326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	4,337,467 3,440,541 6,761 34,946 54,845 603,752 6,589 277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
Interest income on loans Interest income on reserve deposits Interest income on money market transactions Interest income on securities portfolio I Financial assets measured at FVTPL Financial assets measured at FVOCI Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued		4,185,359 58,456 12,401 26,130 793,356 9,474 326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	3,440,541 6,761 34,946 54,845 603,752 6,589 277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
Interest income on banks Interest income on money market transactions Interest income on securities portfolio I Financial assets measured at FVTPL Financial assets measured at FVOCI Financial assets measured at amortized cost Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	12,401 26,130 793,356 9,474 326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	34,946 54,845 603,752 6,589 277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
Interest income on money market transactions Interest income on securities portfolio Financial assets measured at FVTPL Financial assets measured at FVOCI Financial assets measured at amortized cost Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	26,130 793,356 9,474 326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	54,845 603,752 6,589 277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
Interest income on securities portfolio Financial assets measured at FVTPL Financial assets measured at FVOCI Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	793,356 9,474 326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	603,752 6,589 277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
1.1 Financial assets measured at FVTPL 2.2 Financial assets measured at FVOCI 3.3 Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	9,474 326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	6,589 277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
2 Financial assets measured at FVOCI 3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	326,866 457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	277,634 319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
Financial assets measured at amortized cost Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	457,016 180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	319,529 139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
Financial lease income Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	180,771 129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	139,794 56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	129,689 2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	56,828 1,854,243 1,056,751
INTEREST EXPENSE (-) Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(2)	2,802,298 1,768,106 415,228	1,854,243 1,056,751
Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued	(-)	1,768,106 415,228	1,056,751
Interest on funds borrowed Interest on money market transactions Interest on securities issued		415,228	, ,
Interest on securities issued		275,595	
			119,784
Interests on leasing		311,241	277,094
		15,684	14,151
Other interest expenses		16,444	48,819
NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)		2,583,864	2,483,224
NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES		773,843	706,056
Fees and commissions received		955,137	862,124
.1 Non-cash loans		61,741 893,396	42,406
.2 Others Fees and commissions paid (-)		181,294	819,718 156,068
.1 Non-cash loans		846	657
2 Others		180,448	155,411
DIVIDEND INCOME	(3)	346	133,411
NET TRADING INCOME/LOSS (Net)	(4)	(915,074)	(494,082)
Trading account gain/losses	(-)	4,195	65,333
Gain/losses from derivative transactions		(1,231,813)	(736,906)
Foreign exchange gain/losses		312,544	177,491
. OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5)	155,223	12,877
II. TOTAL OPERATING GROSS PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		2,598,202	2,708,075
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	(6)	584,745	656,266
OTHER PROVISION LOSSES (-)		40,950	39,945
PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	(7)	492,059	504,130
I. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-) II. NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)	(7)	648,905 831,543	601,557 906,177
V. INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGERS		631,343	900,177
INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING		29,768	22,283
I. GAIN/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		= -,	,
II. OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES (XII++XV)	(8)	861,311	928,460
III. PROVISION FOR TAXES OF CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(9)	(209,715)	(179,644)
1 Current tax charge		(50,633)	(10,586)
2 Deferred tax charge (+)		1,207,250	203,412
3 Deferred tax credit (-)		(1,366,332)	(372,470)
X. NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES (XVII±XVIII)	(10)	651,596	748,816
. INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		=	-
Income from assets held for sale		-	-
2 Income from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures 3 Others		-	-
I. EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		275	-
Expenses on assets held for sale		275	-
Expenses on sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		213	
3 Others		_	
II. PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX+XX)	I)	(275)	-
III. PROVISION FOR TAXES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	,	<u>-</u>	-
1 Current tax charge		-	-
2 Deferred tax charge (+)		-	-
3 Deferred tax credit (-)		-	-
IV. NET PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
(XXII±XXIII)	,	(275)	
V. NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(11)	651,321	748,816
1 Group's profit/loss		651,086	748,591
2 Minority interest		235	225
Earnings Per Share		0.0194	0.0223

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

IV. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed Current Period 01.01 - 31.03.2021	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01 - 31.03.2020
_	CURDENT DEDICE DECEMBLOCG		
I.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	651,321	748,816
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(286,924)	(1,311,720)
2.1	Other Income/Expense Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	641	(16,946)
2.1.1	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets	-	-
2.1.2	Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	776	186
2.1.4	Other Income/Expense Items not Reclassified to Profit or Loss	-	(18,086)
2.1.5	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income not Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(135)	954
2.2	Other Income/Expense Items Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(287,565)	(1,294,774)
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	=	-
	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial		
2.2.2	Assets Measured at FVOCI	(931,889)	(1,316,660)
2.2.3	Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges	572,395	(343,098)
2.2.4	Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5	Other Income/Expense Items Reclassified to Profit or Loss	_	_
2.2.6	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified to Profit or Loss	71,929	364,984
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	364,397	(562,904)

QNB FİNANSBANK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

V. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Reviewed Part V Capital Premium on Profits Reserves Assets Gains/Losses Others (") Differences Assets Measured at FVOCI Others (") Reserves Profit/Loss I			Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items Reclassified to Profit or Loss			ems not	sive Income/Expense Ite fied to Profit or Loss	-					
L. Balances at Beginning of Period ('eriods' Period's N		Others (***)	Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial		Others(*)	Actuarial	surplus on tangible I and intangible	Capital	Cancellati			Reviewed
II. Correction made as per TAS 8													
2.1 Effect of Corrections 2.2 Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies III. Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II) 3,350,000 714 (76,340) 101,267 (269,687) (565,855) 11,353,778 1.5 Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II) 3,350,000 714 (76,340) 101,267 (269,687) (565,855) 11,353,778 1.5 Capital Increase in Cash VI. Capital Increase from Internal Sources VII. Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital VIII. Convertible Bonds VIII. Convertible Bonds VIII. Subordinated Debt Instruments VIII. Convertible Tool (16,340) 101,267 (269,687) (565,855) 11,353,778 1.5 Convertible Bonds VIII. Convertible	- 2,864,09	11,353,778	(565,855	(269,687)	-	101,267	(76,340)		-	-	714	3,350,000	
2.2 Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies III. Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II) 3,350,000 714	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III. Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II) 3,350,000 714	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IV. Total Comprehensive Income 145 (17,091) (1,031,976) (262,798)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
V. Capital Increase in Cash	- 2,864,09	11,353,778							-	-	714	3,350,000	
VI. Capital Increase from Internal Sources VII. Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital VIII. Convertible Bonds IX. Subordinated Debt Instruments X. Others Changes X. Pofft Distribution X. 2,864,094 X. Pofft Distribution X. 2,864,094 X. Pofft Distribution X. 2,864,094 X. Pofft Distribution X. Pofft Distrib	- 748,59	-	(262,798)	(1,031,976)		(17,091)	145		-	-	-	-	
VII. Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital VIII. Convertible Bonds IX. Others Changes XI. Profit Distribution 2,864,094 (2,864,094 (3,864,094 (4,964,094 (5,964,094 (6,964,094 (6,964,094 (7,964,094	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII. Convertible Bonds IX. Subordinated Debt Instruments X. Others Changes XI. Profit Distribution 2,864,094 (-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX. Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	-	-	VII. Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital
X. Others Changes	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	-	-	
XI. Profit Distribution 2,864,094 - (-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	IX. Subordinated Debt Instruments
	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	-	-	X. Others Changes
11.1 Dividends Baid	- (2,864,09	2,864,094	-	-		-			-	-	-	-	
11.1 Dividends raid	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	-	-	11.1 Dividends Paid
11.2 Transfers to Reserves 2,864,094 - (- (2,864,09	2,864,094	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	11.2 Transfers to Reserves
11.3 Others			-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.3 Others
Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI) 3.350,000 714 (76.195 84,176 - (1.301,663) (828,653) 14,217,872 -	- 748,5	14,217,872	(828,653)	(1,301,663)		84,176	(76,195		-	-	714	3,350,000	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)

						_	Other Comprehensiv Reclassifie	ve Income/Expense It ed to Profit or Loss	ems not	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items Reclassified to Profit or Loss								
	Reviewed	Section 5 Part V	Paid-in Capital		Share Cancellati on Profits	Capital	Revaluation surplus on tangible De and intangible assets		Others (*)	Translation Differences	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	Others (**)	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Shareholders ' Equity Before Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders ' Equity
	Current Period - 01.01 - 31.03.2021		_															
I.	Balances at Beginning of Period		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(111,564)	-	-	(475,892)	(603,133)	14,217,872	101,267	2,753,783	19,233,047	8,181	19,241,228
П.	Correction made as per TAS 8		-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)		3,350,000	714	-	-	-	(111,564)	-		(475,892)	(603,133)	14,217,872	101,267	2,753,783	19,233,047	8,181	19,241,228
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	641	-	-	(745,047)	457,482	-	-	651,086	364,162	235	364,397
V.	Capital Increase in Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources		-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital		-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds		-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Dent Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
X.	Other Changes		-	-		-			-		-	-	(11)	-		(11)	-	(11)
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,855,050	(101,267)	(2,753,783)		-	-
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,855,050	(101,267)	(2,753,783)	-	-	
11.3	Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)		3,350,000	714		-	•	(110,923)	-	•	(1,220,939)	(145,651)	17,072,911	-	651,086	19,597,198	8,416	19,605,614

Accumulated amounts of share of investments accounted for by the equity method that cannot be classified as profit / loss from other comprehensive income with other comprehensive income that will not reclassified to other profit or loss

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

VI. CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

			Reviewed Current Period 01.01 -	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01 -
		Notes	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM / (TO) BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		(5,783,906)	4,064,759
1.1.1	Interest received		4,869,642	3,909,302
1.1.2	Interest paid		(1,931,365)	(1,743,404)
1.1.3	Dividend received		346	-
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received		955,464	868,905
1.1.5	Other income		155,220	12,877
1.1.6	Collections from previously written off loans		473,817	475,034
1.1.7 1.1.8	Payments to personnel and service suppliers		(599,436)	(435,383)
1.1.8	Taxes paid Other		(1,278,793) (8,428,801)	(437,679) 1,415,107
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		9,634,453	(930,220)
1.2	Changes in operating assets and natified		9,034,433	(930,220)
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss		114,308	122,254
1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in due from banks		(551,653)	(3,771,812)
1.2.3	Net (increase) decrease in loans		(4,157,019)	(4,644,797)
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets		748,245	(2,468,893)
1.2.5 1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits Net increase (decrease) in other deposits		(344,638)	152,261
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits Net increase (decrease) in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		11,398,831	8,076,383
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed		(596,935)	(2,826,340)
1.2.9	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables		(370,733)	(2,020,340)
1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities		3,023,314	4,430,724
I.	Net cash provided from banking operations		3,850,547	3,134,539
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net cash provided from / (used in) investing activities		(365,029)	(293,196)
2.1	Cash paid for purchase of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries		-	-
2.2	Cash obtained from sale of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries		-	-
2.3	Fixed assets purchases		(94,982)	(45,256)
2.4	Fixed assets sales		49,191	623
2.5	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(3,899,828)	(3,586,844)
2.6	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		3,080,461	3,000,863
2.7	Cash paid for purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost		(955,110)	(986,743)
2.8 2.9	Cash obtained from sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost Other		1,525,243 (70,004)	1,379,004 (54,843)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(70,004)	(54,643)
III.	Net cash provided from / (used in) financing activities		548,997	(243,152)
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		2,321,924	3,809,357
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued		(1,736,711)	(4,006,135)
3.3	Capital increase		-	-
3.4	Dividends paid		-	-
3.5 3.6	Payments for finance leases Other		(36,216)	(46,374)
IV.	Effect of foreign currency translation differences on cash and cash equivalents		2,266,415	877,482
v.	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (I+II+III+IV)		6,300,930	3,475,673
37 T	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		15,883,101	14,814,910
VI.	****** **** * 1*** ***** ** ******** * * **** * * * * *			

QNB FİNANSBANK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Basis of Presentation

1. Preparation of the consolidated financial statements and the accompanying footnotes in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Principles Related to Banks' Accounting Applications and Maintaining the Documents

Consolidated financial statements are subject to the provisions of the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Accounting Practices of Banks and Retaining Documents published in the Official Gazette dated November 1, 2006 and numbered 26333 regarding the Banking Law No.5411 and the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and other regulations, communiqués, explanations and circulars published regarding the principles of financial reporting and the issues not regulated by them, the Turkish Accounting Standard 34 ("TAS 34"), which was put into effect by the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("KGK"). Standard and "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards" ("TFRS") (all of them "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation"). The format and content of the consolidated financial statements to be announced to the public and their explanations and footnotes are in accordance with the "Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Disclosed to the Public by Banks and the Related Disclosures and Footnotes" and "Communiqué on Public Disclosures on Risk Management by Banks" and the communiqués bringing additional and amendments to them. has been prepared. Amounts in the consolidated financial statements and related explanations and footnotes are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira unless otherwise specified. The amounts expressed in foreign currency are indicated with their full amounts.

Explanation for Convenience Translation to English

The differences between accounting principles, as described in these preceding paragraphs and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in these consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Consolidated financial statements and the related disclosures and footnotes have been presented in thousands of Turkish Lira unless otherwise specified. The amounts expressed in foreign currency, is indicated by the full amount.

2. Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements

Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the interim financial statements are determined and applied, in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"), and are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the annual financial statements prepared for the year ended December 31, 2020. The accounting policies and valuation principles related with current period are explained in Notes II to XXVII below.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared in TL accordance with the historical cost basis except for financial instruments measured at fair value through profit/loss, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial assets and liabilities. In addition, the carried values of assets carried at cost values but subject to fair value hedging have been adjusted to reflect the fair value changes related to the assets that are subject to hedging

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Parent Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent matters as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made, and the effects of these corrections are disclosed in reports and reflected to the income statement.

QNB FİNANSBANK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, which has emerged in China, has spread to various countries in the world, causing potentially fatal respiratory infections, negatively affects both regional and global economic conditions, as well as it causes disruptions in operations, especially countries that are exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 around the world, several measures have been taken in our country as well as in the world in order to prevent the spread of the virus and measures are still being taken. In addition to these measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide.

Since it is aimed to update the most recent financial information in the interim financial statements prepared as of March 31, 2021, considering the magnitude of the economic changes due to COVID-19, the Parent Bank made certain estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed them in footnote numbered VIII "Explanations on Expected Provisions for Losses". In the upcoming periods, the Parent Bank will update its relevant assumptions as necessary and revise the realizations of past estimates. In addition, explanations regarding the effects of COVID-19 were disclosed in footnotes numbered III "Information on Associates and Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control" and No. XV "Explanations on Leasing Transactions".

2.1. Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

In its consolidated financial statements, the Group has announced the Phase 1 amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39 and TFRS 7 within the scope of the Indicative Interest Rate Reform published by the Public Oversight Authority ("KGK") in the Official Gazette dated 14 December 2019 and numbered 30978. has started to apply since. According to this; the Group portfolio that will be affected by the benchmark rate reform; consists of loans, leasing receivables, other financial assets measured at amortized cost and derivative transactions together with other debts received, and as of March 31, 2021, the portfolio size is approximately TL 127 billion (December 31, 2020 - TL 107 billion). Within the scope of the reform, a committee is formed within the Parent Bank to coordinate issues such as contract management, information technology infrastructure developments and product design regarding the transition process. It is foreseen that the necessary studies will be completed in 2021. These changes did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

II. Strategy for the Use of Financial Instruments and the Foreign Currency Transactions

1. Strategy for the use of financial instruments

The major funding sources of the Parent Bank are customer deposits, bond issues and funds borrowed from international markets. The customer deposits bear fixed interest rate and have an average maturity of 1-3 months in line with the sector. Domestic bond issues are realized within the maturity of 6 months and foreign bond issues are based on long maturities with fixed interests. Funds borrowed from abroad mostly bear floating rates and are reprised at an average period of 3-6 months. The Parent Bank diverts its placements to assets with high return and sufficient collaterals. The Parent Bank manages the liquidity structure to meet its liabilities when due by diversifying the funding sources and keeping sufficient cash and cash equivalents. The maturity of fund sources and maturity and yield of placements are considered to the extent possible within the current market conditions and higher return on long-term placements is aimed.

Besides customer deposits, the Parent Bank funds its long-term fixed interest rate TL loan portfolio with long term (up to 10 years) floating interest rate foreign currency funds obtained from international markets. The Parent Bank converts the foreign currency liquidity obtained from the international markets to TL liquidity using long term swap transactions (fixed TL interest rate and floating FC interest rate). Thus, the Parent Bank generates TL denominated resources for funding long term loans with fixed interest rates.

QNB FİNANSBANK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

II. Strategy for the Use of Financial Instruments and the Foreign Currency Transactions (Continued)

1. Strategy for the use of financial instruments (Continued)

The Parent Bank has determined securities portfolio limits based on the market risk limitations for money, capital and commodity markets. Products included in the securities portfolio are subject to position and risk limits. Position limits restrict the maximum nominal position based on the product. Risk limits are expressed in terms of "Value at Risk (VAR)" by taking the risk tolerance as a cap. The maximum VAR amounts are determined by interest and currency risk factors, which affect the securities portfolio that is subject to market risk, as well as determining the risk tolerance based on the total value at risk. The above-mentioned limits are revised annually.

The strategies for hedging exchange rate risk resulting from the Group's foreign currency debt securities which are categorized as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income explained in foreign currency risk section and the applications regarding the cash flow hedging of interest rate cash flow risk resulting from deposits are explained in the Interest Rate Risk section in detail.

Hedging strategies for foreign exchange risk resulting from other foreign currency transactions are explained in the foreign currency risk section.

2. Foreign currency transactions

2.1. Foreign currency exchange rates used in converting transactions denominated in foreign currencies and presentation of them in the financial statements

The Group accounts for the transactions denominated in foreign currencies in accordance with TAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from transactions that are completed as of December 31, 2020 are translated to TL by using historical foreign currency exchange rates. Balances of the foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities except for non-monetary items are converted into TL by using foreign currency exchange rates of the Parent Bank for the period end and the resulting exchange differences are recorded as foreign exchange gains and losses. Foreign currency nonmonetary items measured at fair value are converted with currency exchange rates at the time of fair value measurement.

2.2 Total exchange rate differences that are included in net profit or loss for the year

The foreign currency position of the Parent Bank and the profit / loss from the foreign exchange transactions realized are included in the income statement of foreign exchange gains / losses and income/losses from derivative financial instruments in the income statement. While gain / loss from spot foreign exchange transactions are included in the profit / loss item of foreign exchange gain/loss on balance sheet, profit / loss from derivative transactions (forward, option etc.) for the purpose of hedging related transactions are included in income / loss statement of derivative financial instruments. Therefore, in order to determine the net profit / loss effects of foreign exchange transactions, two balances should be assessed together. As of March 31, 2021, net foreign exchange transaction gain is TL 259,998 (March 31, 2020- TL 48,885 net foreign exchange transaction gain) when the net interest loss amounting to TL 1,179,267 (March 31, 2020 - TL 608,300) arising from derivative transactions is excluded from the derivative transactions loss amounting to TL 1,231,813 (March 31, 2020 - TL 736,906 derivative transactions loss) and foreign exchange profit amounting to TL 312,544 (March 31, 2020 - TL 177,491 net foreign exchange profit)

2.3. Foreign Associates

None.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

III. Information on Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with TFRS 10 "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard in regard to Consolidated Financial Statements" and BRSA's "Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published on the Official Gazette numbered 26340 and dated November 8, 2006

The corporations included in consolidation and their places of incorporation, nature of activities and shareholding percentages are as follows:

		Consolidation	Place of			ective Share
		Method	Establishment	Subject of Operations		e Group (%)
					March 31, I	December 31,
					2021	2020
	QNB Finans Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.			Securities Intermediary		
1.	(Finans Yatırım)	Full consolidation	Turkey	Services	100.00	100.00
	QNB Finans Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. (Finans					
2.	Portföy)	Full consolidation	Turkey	Portfolio Management	100.00	100.00
	Hemenal Finansman A.Ş. (Tüketici					
3.	Finansman)	Full consolidation	Turkey	Consumer Financing	100.00	100.00
	QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.					
4.	(Finans Leasing)	Full consolidation	Turkey	Financial Leasing	99.40	99.40
	QNB Finans Faktoring A.Ş. (Finans		-	_		
5.	Faktoring)	Full consolidation	Turkey	Factoring Services	100.00	100.00
6.	QNB Finans Varlık Kiralama Şirketi A.Ş.	Full consolidation	Turkey	Asset Lease	100.00	100.00
7.	Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş.	Equity Method	Turkey	Private Pension and Insurance	49.00	49.00

Subsidiaries maintain their books of accounts and prepare their financial statements in accordance with the regulations on accounting and reporting framework and accounting standards which are determined by the accounting standards promulgated by the Turkish Commercial Code, Financial Leasing Law and Turkish Capital Markets Board ("CMB") regulations. Certain adjustments and reclassifications were made on the financial statements of the subsidiaries for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the prevailing regulations and accounting standards according to regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"), and in case where a specific regulation is not made by BRSA, in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") and related additions and interpretations published by Public Accounting and Auditing Oversight Authority ("KGK").

Differences between the accounting policies of subsidiaries and entities under common control and those of the Parent Bank are adjusted, if material. The financial statements of the subsidiaries and entities under common control are prepared as of March 31, 2021.

1. Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled directly or indirectly by the Parent Bank.

Control is defined as the power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Parent Bank's returns.

Subsidiaries are consolidated using the full consolidation method based on the size of their asset equity and result of operations. Financial statements of related subsidiaries are consolidated from the date when the control is transferred to the Parent Bank and are put out of consolidation's scope as soon as control is removed. Accounting policies applied by subsidiaries that are included in consolidated financial statements are not different from the Parent Bank's accounting policies.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

III. Information on Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control (Continued)

1. Subsidiaries (Continued)

According to full consolidation method, 100% of subsidiaries' asset, liability, income, expense and off-balance sheet items are consolidated with the Parent Bank's asset, liability, income, expense and off-balance sheet items. Book value of the Group's investment in each subsidiary is netted off with Group's equity shares. Unrealized gains and losses and balances that arise due to transactions between subsidiaries within consolidation scope, have been net off. Non-controlling interests are shown separately from earnings per share on consolidated balance sheet and income statement.

As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has removed Hemenal Finansman A.Ş. from its Subsidiaries account and started to monitor it under the account of Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The related subsidiary has been consolidated on the assets and liabilities part of the balance sheet and the accounts subject to sales transactions in the income statement within the scope of consolidation.

2. Associates and entities under common control

The Parent Bank does not have any financial associates that are consolidated in the accompanying financial statements. The joint venture is established locally, has its primary operations in private pension and insurance, is controlled jointly with another group with a partnership agreement, and is included in Parent Bank's capital. Subject joint venture is included in consolidated financial statements by using equity method.

Equity method is a method of accounting whereby the book value of the investor's share capital in the subsidiary or the joint venture is either added to or subtracted in proportion with investor's share from the change in the subsidiary's or joint venture's equity within the period. The method also foresees that profit will be deducted from the subsidiary's or joint venture's accordingly recalculated value.

IV. Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Group enters into forward currency purchase/sale agreements and swap transactions to reduce the foreign currency risk and interest rate risk and manage foreign currency liquidity risk. The Group also carries out currency and interest options and credit default swap and futures agreements.

Besides customer deposits, the Parent Bank funds its long-term fixed interest rate TL loan portfolio with long term (up to 10 years) floating interest rate foreign currency funds obtained from international markets. The Parent Bank converts the foreign currency liquidity obtained from customer deposits and the international markets to TL liquidity with long term swap transactions (fixed TL interest rate and floating FC interest rate). Therefore, the Parent Bank not only funds its long-term fixed interest rate loans with TL but also hedges itself against interest rate risk.

The Parent Bank's derivative instruments held for trading and derivative instruments hedging purpose are classified, measured and accounted in accordance with "TFRS 9" and TAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", respectively. Derivative instruments held for trading and derivative instruments hedging purpose are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at fair value. Also, the liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative transactions are recorded as off-balance sheet items at their contractual values. The derivative transactions are accounted for at fair value subsequent to initial recognition and are presented in the "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss", "Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" and "Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" items of the balance sheet depending on the resulting positive or negative amounts of the computed value. These amounts of derivative transactions presented on the balance sheet, represent the fair value differences based on the valuation.

Fair values of foreign currency purchase and sales contracts, currency and interest rate swap transactions are calculated by using internal pricing models based on market data.

Fair values of option contracts are calculated with option pricing models.

Futures transactions are accounted for at settlement as of the balance sheet date.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

The Parent Bank does not have either any hybrid contract contains a host that is not an asset within the scope of this standard or a financial instrument which shall be separated from the host and accounted for as derivative under this standard.

Credit derivatives are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another. The Parent Bank's credit derivatives portfolio included in the off-balance sheet accounts composes of credit default swaps resulted from protection buying or selling.

Credit default swap is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to pay the protection value to the protection buyer in case of certain credit risk events in return for the premium paid by the buyer for the contract. Credit default swaps are valued daily at their fair values.

Upon valuation of derivative instruments that are not subject to hedge accounting, differences in fair value, except for currency revaluation differences, are recorded in the income statement on Gains/Losses from Derivative transactions. These foreign currency valuation differences are accounted for under "Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses" account.

In cash flow hedge accounting:

The Parent Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting using interest swap transactions to hedge its TL and FC customer deposits with short term cyclical basis and subordinated loans and creditor loans which have floating interest payment. The Parent Bank implements effectiveness tests at the balance sheet dates for hedge accounting; the effective parts are accounted as defined in TAS 39, in financial statements under equity "Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items Reclassified to Profit or Loss" whereas the amount concerning ineffective parts is associated with income statement.

QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama AŞ., the subsidiary of the Parent Bank, applies cash flow hedge accounting through interest rate swaps to hedge itself against changes floating rate foreign currency borrowings and floating rates TL securities.

In cash flow hedge accounting, when the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked; the hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item are realized.

In fair value hedge accounting:

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting within the framework of TAS 39 using swaps to hedge a portion of its long term, fixed rate mortgage and project finance loans against possible fair value change due to market interest rate fluctuations.

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting using FX swaps to hedge long term, fixed rate, foreign currency Eurobonds in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income portfolio against interest rate fluctuations.

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting to hedge itself against the changes in the interest rates related to long term TL government bonds with fixed coupon payment in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income portfolio using swap transactions as hedging instruments.

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting to hedge itself against the changes in the interest rates related to the foreign currency bonds issued using interest rate swap transactions as hedging instruments.

QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama AŞ., the subsidiary of the Parent Bank, applies fair value hedge accounting to hedge itself against changes in interest rates related to fixed rate TL securities issued.

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting through interest rate swaps to hedge itself against changes in the interest rates related to foreign currency borrowings.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama AŞ., the subsidiary of the Parent Bank, applies fair value hedge accounting through interest rate swaps to hedge itself against changes in interest rates related to TL borrowings.

QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., the subsidiary of the Parent Bank issues securities, uses loan and financial through swaps, in order to hedge itself against changes in interest and exchange rates regarding lease receivables.

Fair value hedge accounting effects are accounted under "Derivative Financial Transactions Profit / Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions" in the statement of profit or loss. QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., the subsidiary, conducts efficiency tests on every balance sheet date for transactions where fair value hedge accounting is applied.

QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., the subsidiary, conducts cash flow hedge accounting transactions effectiveness tests on every balance sheet date, the active segments are as defined in TAS 39 accounted in line with under Equity, "Reclassification of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expense in Profit or Loss" in financial statements and the amount related to the inactive part is associated with income statement.

At each balance sheet date, the Parent Bank and QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama AŞ., the subsidiary of the Parent Bank, apply effectiveness tests for fair value hedge accounting.

When the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked, adjustments made to the carrying amount of the hedged item are transferred to profit and loss with straight line method for portfolio hedges or with effective interest rate method for micro hedges. In case the hedged item is derecognized, hedge accounting is discontinued and within context of fair value hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of the hedged item are accounted in income statement.

As of September 30, 2018, the Bank terminated the hedge accounting for the fair value hedge of the fair value risk arising from the changes in the exchange rates for the real estates purchased in previous periods in foreign currency and the fair value of which is in foreign currency in the market and as of March 31, 2021, fair value exchange difference adjustment amounting to TL 1,952,268 which is shown intangible assets in the balance sheet, is amortized over the economic life of the property subject to hedging.

V. Explanations on Interest Income and Expenses

Interest income is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (Rate equal to net present value of future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities) defined in the TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. When applying the effective interest rate method, an entity identifies fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument. Fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument are treated as an adjustment to the effective interest rate, unless the financial instrument is measured at fair value, with the change in fair value being recognized in profit or loss.

When applying the effective interest method, The Parent Bank amortized any fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that are included in the calculation of the effective interest rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. In case an interest was accrued on a security before its acquisition, the collected interest is divided into two parts as interest before and after the acquisition and only the interest of the period after the acquisition is recorded as interest income in the financial statements. If the expectation for the cash flows from financial asset is revised for reasons other than the credit risk, the change is reflected in the carrying amount of asset and in the related statement of profit or loss line and is amortized over the estimated life of financial asset.

If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing receivable, the Parent Bank applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods. Such interest income calculation is made on an individual contract basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. It is used effective interest rate during calculation of loss given default rate in expected credit loss models and accordingly, the calculation of expected credit losses includes an interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of "Expected Credit Losses" and "Interest Income From Loans" for such calculated amount.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Fees and Commission Income and Expenses

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period.

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Instruments

Initial recognition of financial instruments

The Parent Bank shall recognize a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognized and derecognized, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the settlement date.

Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of TFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers, at initial recognition, the Parent Bank measures financial asset or financial liabilities at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit/loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Classification of financial instruments

On which category a financial instrument shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank classifies a financial asset on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Parent Bank tested all financial assets whether their "contractual cash-flows solely represent payments of principal and interest" and assessed the asset classification within the business model.

Assessment of business model

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The Parent Bank's business models are divided into three categories.

Business model aimed to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows:

This is a model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realize cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortized cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Receivables from the Central Bank, Banks, Money Market Placements, investments under financial assets measured at amortized cost, loans, leasing receivables, factoring receivables and other receivables are assessed within this business model.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Instruments (Continued)

Business model aimed to collect contractual cash flows and sell financial assets:

This is a model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets: the Parent Bank may hold financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income are assessed in this business model.

Other business models:

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss when they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss and derivative financial assets are assessed in this business model.

Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

Within the scope of TFRS 9, the Group's financial assets are classified in three main categories as listed below:

- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and
- Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial Assets at the Fair Value Through Profit or Loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and if the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and measured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement. According to uniform chart of accounts explanations interest income earned on financial asset and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as interest income in the statement of profit or loss. The differences between the amortized costs and the fair values of such assets are recorded under trading account income/losses in the statement of profit or loss. In cases where such assets are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under trading account income/losses.

The Parent Bank has stocks, bills and bonds in portfolios of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss that are accounted in accordance with the Group' business model. In accordance with TFRS 9, the Parent Bank has classified cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates under financial assets at fair value through profit and loss related to private purpose loans as of December 2018.

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income:

In addition to financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

"Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and are accounted under the Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassified to Profit or Loss under shareholders' equity. When the aforementioned securities are collected or disposed, accumulated fair value differences which were reflected under equity, are reflected in the income statement. Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values can be reliably measured are carried at fair value. Equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

Parent Bank has inflation indexed (CPI) government bonds in its financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and measured at amortized cost portfolios. CPI government bonds that are constant throughout their lives and their real principal amounts are preserved from inflation. These marketable securities are valued and accounted by using effective interest rate method by considering the real coupon rates and reference inflation index at the issue date together with the index calculated by considering the estimated inflation rate as disclosed by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance. As disclosed in 'Inflation Indexed Bonds Manual' published by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance, reference index used for the real payments is determined based on the inflation rates of two months before. The Parent Bank determines the estimated inflation rates used for valuation of securities in line with this. The estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when necessary.

Some portion of the Eurobond portfolio which has been recognized as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are designated as fair value hedged items, hedged against interest rate fluctuations, starting from March and April 2009, and some portion of the TL government bonds are designated as fair value hedged items, hedged against interest rate fluctuations, starting from July 2011. Those securities are disclosed under financial assets at FV through OCI in order to be in line with balance sheet presentation. The fair value differences of Eurobond and TL government bond hedged items are accounted for under "Trading Account Gains/ Losses" in the income statement.

In cases where fair value hedge operations cannot be effectively performed as described in TAS 39, fair value hedge accounting is ceased. After fair value accounting is ceased value differences, previously reflected to the income statement are amortized through the equity until the maturity of related hedged securities. The fair value differences of related portfolio securities sold prior to maturity are immediately recognized in the income statement.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method. Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in income statement.

The Parent Bank as explained in part IV, "Explanations on Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities", performs FX swap transactions against TL in order to hedge the possible losses which might arise due to the changes in the fair value of a certain portion of its long-term loans and applies fair value hedge accounting as per TAS 39. The Parent Bank accounts for the hedged loan portfolio at fair value related to hedged risk, the swap transactions used as the hedging instrument at fair value and reflects the related net gain or loss to respective period's income statement.

When the fair value hedge accounting could not be effectively continued as stated in TAS 39, the fair value hedge accounting is ceased. The fair value differences of the hedged loans are amortized through income statement until the maturity of the hedged loans.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Expected Credit Losses:

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets and loans measured at amortized cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit/loss based on TFRS 9 and the regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" effective from January 1, 2018. At each reporting date, the Group shall assess whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. The Group considers the changes in the default risk of financial instrument, when making the assessment.

Within the scope of Article 4 and 5 of the Regulation On Procedures And Principles For Classification Of Loans And Provisions in accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 9312 dated December 8, 2020, due to the disruptions in economic and commercial activities resulting from the Covid-19 outbreak, the 90 days default period for loans to be classified as non-performing loans shall be applied as 180 days according to assembly's resolution dated on March 17, 2020. This measure will be effective until June 30, 2021. In this manner, in the assessment of whether the debtor defaulted on the loan where the payment is overdue for more than 90 days, consideration is given to whether the debtor's condition is temporary due to COVID-19 pandemic and payment irregularities are related to temporary liquidity constraints. In this context,

- The 90 days default period for loans to be classified as non-performing loans (NPL) is now 180 days
- In restructured installment receivables, the practice of shifting installments without a contract breakdown, within the defined terms has started for customers who do not want to be late in their installments.
- In the process of completing the Pro-rata banks protocols, the time to be given to time-consuming operations was
 extended by a joint agreement.
- Terminatively, this leads the Banks to continue to set aside provisions for such receivables in accordance with their own risk models used in calculation of expected credit losses under TFRS 9.

As of March 31, 2021, the Group has not made any changes regarding the classification and measurement of financial assets and calculation of expected losses, in line with the accounting policies stated in the financial statements as of December 31, 2020. Loans and receivables with past due days exceeding 90 days and past due days less than 180 days are classified according to the Stage 2, but in accordance with their own risk models, the provisions have been calculated according to the Stage 3 rules.

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions. These financial assets are divided into three categories depending on increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of expected credit losses on the 12-month default risk. It is calculated 12-month expected credit loss based on a probability of default realized within 12 months after the reporting date. Such expected 12-month probability of default is applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate. As of March 31, 2021, minimum probability of default rate of Basel II is used in the expected credit loss calculation of receivables from public institutions and organizations. Such calculation is performed for each of three scenarios explained above.

Stage 2:

As of the reporting date of the financial asset, in the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses. Calculation approach is quite similar with approach mentioned above, but probability of default and loss amount in default ratios estimated for the lifetime of instruments.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Expected Credit Losses (Continued)

Stage 3:

Financial assets considered as impaired at the reporting date are classified as stage 3. The probability of default is taken into account as 100% in the calculation of impairment provision and Parent Bank accounts lifetime expected credit losses. In determining the impairment, the Parent Bank takes into consideration the following criteria:

- Delay of over 90 days and impairment of creditworthiness
- Collateral and / or equity of debtor is inadequate cover the payment of receivables on the maturity.
- If it is convinced that will be delayed by more than 90 days for recovery of receivables due to macroeconomic, sector-specific or customer-specific reasons.

Calculation of expected credit losses

The Parent Bank measured expected credit losses with the reasonable, objective and supportable information based on a probability-weighted including estimations about time value of money, past events, current conditions and future economic conditions as of the reporting date, without undue cost or effort. The calculation of expected credit losses consists of three main parameters: probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and exposure at default (EAD). PDs and LGDs used in the ECL calculation are point in time ("PIT")-based for key portfolios and consider both current conditions and expected cyclical changes.

While the expected credit loss is estimated, three scenarios (internal base, internal bad, BRSA adverse) are evaluated. Each of these scenarios was associated with the different PD and LGD.

In addition, a certain portion of commercial and corporate loans is assessed individually in accordance with the internal policies in the calculation of the expected credit losses based on TFRS 9. Such calculations are made by discounting the expected cash flows from the individual financial instrument to its present value using the effective interest rate.

When measuring expected credit losses, it shall be considered the risk or probability that a credit loss occurs by reflecting the possibility that a credit loss occurs and the possibility that no credit loss occurs, even if the possibility of a credit loss occurring is very low. Such assessment is made by reflecting the estimate of expected credit loss which is unbiased and probability-weighted determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes.

Probability of Default ("PD")

The PD represents the likelihood of a default over a specified time period. A 12-month PD represents the likelihood of default determined for the next 12 months and a lifetime PD represents the probability of default over the remaining lifetime of the instrument. The lifetime PD calculation is based on a series of 12-month PIT PDs that are derived from through the cycle (TTC) PDs and scenario forecasts. It is used internal rating systems for both retail and commercial portfolios to measure risk level. The internal rating models used for the commercial portfolio include customer financial information and qualitative survey responses. Whereas behavioral and application scorecards used in the retail portfolio include; the behavioral data of the customer and the product in the Bank, the demographic information of the customer, and the behavioral data of the customer in the sector. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward-looking macroeconomic parameters.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Expected Credit Losses (Continued)

Loss Given Default ("LGD")

The LGD represents an estimate of the economic loss at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. The LGD is calculated taking into account expected future cash flows from collateral and other credit enhancements by considering time value of money. LGD calculations are performed using historical data which best reflects current conditions, by formation of segments based on certain risk factors that are deemed important for each portfolio and inclusion of forward-looking information and macroeconomic expectations. LGD summarizes all cash flows from customers subsequent to default. It covers all costs and collections that occur during the collection cycle, including collections from collaterals. It also includes the "time value of money" calculated by means of deducting costs and additional losses from the present value of collections. The Bank bases its estimates on models for collateralized portfolios and on previous experience for unsecured parties, except for corporate loans that are assigned by the Basel Committee individually or as designated by the Basel Committee.

Exposure at Default ("EAD")

The EAD represents an estimate of the exposure to credit risk at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. It represents the cash flows outstanding at the time of default, considering expected repayments, interest payments and accruals, discounted at the effective interest rate. Future drawdowns on facilities are considered through a credit conversion factor (CCF) that is reflective of historical drawdown and default patterns and the characteristics of the respective portfolios. While the expected credit loss is estimated, three scenarios (internal base, internal bad, BRSA adverse) are evaluated. Each of these scenarios was associated with the different PD and LGD.

Consideration of the Macroeconomic Factors

Loss given default and probability of default parameters are determined by considering macroeconomic factors. The macroeconomic variables used in the calculation of the expected loss are as follows:

- Five-year credit risk of Turkey
- Real GDP growth
- Unemployment rate
- Inflation Rate
- Five-year government bond interest rate of Turkey

Stages were determined through the models created using internal information for the Parent Bank, the simplified method has been applied for other financial institutions.

Stages were determined through the models created using internal information for the Parent Bank and QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., the simplified method has been applied for other financial institutions.

The Group reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the estimates and judgments used in the calculation of expected credit losses, using the data obtained with the principle of maximum effort. In the light of the aforementioned data, the Parent Bank revised its macroeconomic expectations and weights in the calculation of expected credit loss. Compared to December 31, 2020, the weight of the worst case scenario was increased by 1000 basis points, and the weight of the base case scenario was reduced by 1000 basis points. The calculation made taking into account the change in PD / LGD has been reflected in the financial statements as of March 31, 2021. Due to the nature of the model effects, events that cause changes and their effects occur at different times, reflected in the financial statements with a delay. For this reason, the Bank has made individual valuations in order to eliminate the timing difference and provided additional provisions for the sector and customers that are considered to have a high impact.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Expected Credit Losses (Continued)

This approach, which is preferred in reserve calculations for the first quarter of 2021, will be revised in the following reporting periods, taking into account the impact of the pandemic, portfolio and future expectations.

As of March 31, 2021, the normal risk cost of the loan portfolio purged from the COVID-19 effect was at 22 basis point, yet, in order to reflect the uncertainty originated from the COVID-19 to the financial asset portfolio of the Parent Bank, the total risk cost has reached to 153 basis points in corporate into the effects arising from the aforementioned estimation changes, increase in the Stage 2 reserve ratios and additional exchange rate.

Calculating the Expected Loss Period

Lifetime ECL is calculated by taking into account maturity extensions, repayment options and the period during which the Parent Bank will be exposed to credit risk. The time in financial guarantees and other irrevocable commitments represents the credit maturity for which the liabilities of the Parent Bank. Behavioral maturity analysis has been performed on credit cards and overdraft accounts. With the exception of credit cards and other revolving facilities, the maximum period for which the credit losses are determined is the contractual life of a financial instrument unless there is the legal right to call it earlier.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Parent Bank makes qualitative and quantitative assessments regarding assessment of significant increase in credit risk of financial assets to be classified as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk).

Within the scope of quantitative assessment, the quantitative reason explaining the significant increase in the credit risk is based on a comparison of the probability of default calculated at the origination of the loan and the probability of default assigned for the same loan as of the reporting date. If there is a significant deterioration in PD, it is considered that there is a significant increase in credit risk and the financial asset is classified as stage 2. In this context, the Parent Bank has calculated thresholds at which point the relative change is a significant deterioration. In the quantitative evaluation of the significant increase in credit risk, the Bank considers the absolute thresholds as well as the relative thresholds as an additional layer. Receivables below the absolute threshold value of default are not included in the relative threshold value comparison.

The Parent Bank classifies the financial asset as Stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where any of the following conditions are satisfied as a result of a qualitative assessment:

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Loans classified as watch-list of the Bank
- When there is a change in the payment plan due to restructuring

IX. Explanations on Netting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported on the balance sheet when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts, and the intention of collecting or paying the net amount of related assets and liabilities or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

X. Derecognition of Financial Instruments

a) Derecognition of financial assets due to change in contractual terms

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset could lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered as 'new' financial asset. When the Parent Bank assesses the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset, it evaluates the contractual cash flows including foreign currency rate changes, conversion to equity, counterparty changes and solely principal and interest on principle. When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognized a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and the Parent Bank retains control of the asset, the Parent Bank continues to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset. When the Parent Bank retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognized in its entirety and the consideration received is recognized as a liability.

b) Derecognition of financial assets without any change in contractual terms

The Parent Bank derecognizes the asset if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party. Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit/loss.

c) Derecognition of financial liabilities

It shall be removed a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished—i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

d) Reclassification of financial instruments

Based on TFRS 9, it shall be reclassified all affected financial assets at amortized cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it is changed the business model for managing financial assets.

e) Restructuring and refinancing of financial instruments

The Parent Bank can change the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and securities) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

Restructuring is made for changing the financial terms of existing loans in order to facilitate the payment of debt. Refinancing is granting a new loan which will cover either the principal or the interest payment in whole or in part of one or a few existing loans due to the anticipated financial difficulty which the customer or group encounter currently or will encounter in the future.

Changes to the original terms of a credit risk can be made in an existing contract or in a new contract. Corporate and commercial companies that are restructured and refinanced may be excluded from close monitoring, as a minimum, within the scope of the Regulation on the Determination of the Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Provisions To Be Allocated These and when the following conditions are met:

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

X. Derecognition of Financial Instruments (Continued)

- Subsequent to the thorough review of company's financial data and its owners' equity position, at circumstances when it
 is not anticipated that the owner of the company will face financial difficulties; and it is assessed the restructured debt will
 be paid on time (starting from the date when the debt is restructured all due principal and interest payments are made on
 time); and
- At least 1 year should pass over the date of restructuring (or if it later) the date of removal from non-performing loan category, at least 10% (or the ratio specified in the legislation) of the total principal amount at the time restructuring / refinancing shall be paid and payment of all unpaid amounts (principal and interest) during the restructuring / refinancing.

On order to the restructured non-performing corporate and commercial loans to be classified to the watchlist category, the following conditions must be met:

- Recovery in debt service;
- At least 1 year should pass over the date restructuring;
- Payment of all accrued and overdue amounts by debtor (interest and principal) since the date of restructuring / refinancing or the date when the debtor is classified as non-performing (earlier date to be considered) and fulfillment of the payment condition of all overdue amounts as of the date of restructuring / refinancing: and
- Collection of all overdue amounts, disappearance of the reasons for classification as nonperforming receivable (based on the conditions mentioned above) and having no overdue more than 30 days as of the date of reclassification.

During the follow-up period of at least two years following the date of restructuring / refinancing, if there is a new restructuring / refinancing or a delay of more than 30 days, the transactions which were non-performing at the beginning of the follow-up period are classified as non-performing loans gain. The performing or non-performing retail loans being subject to restructuring shall be removed from watchlist only if the debt is paid in full.

In personnel loans, loans can be restructured in order to give liquidity power to the debtor and to ensure the collection of the receivables of the Parent Bank in case of temporary liquidity problems due to the failure of the payment obligation to the Parent Bank. The exclusion of customers from the scope of restructuring is carried out within the scope of the Regulation on the Determination of the Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Provisions To Be Set Aside For These.

XI. Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements and Lending of Securities

Securities sold under repurchase agreements are recorded on the balance in accordance with Uniform Chart of Accounts. Accordingly, government bonds and treasury bills sold to customers under repurchase agreements are classified as "Investments Subject to Repurchase Agreements" and valued based on the Group's management's future intentions, either at market prices or using discounting method with internal rate of return.

Funds obtained in return for repo agreements are monitored in the "Funds From Repo Transactions" accounts under liabilities, and the expense rediscount is calculated according to the internal yield method for the part of the difference between the sales and repurchase prices determined by the repo agreements, which corresponds to the period.

Securities that are subject to repurchase agreements as at the balance sheet date amounted to TL 17,965,831 (December 31, 2020–TL 18,700,773).

As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has no securities that are subject to lending transactions (December 31, 2020 - None).

Securities purchased with a commitment to resell (reverse repurchase agreements) has shown under "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the line of "Money Market Placements" in the balance sheet. Income rediscount is calculated for the part of the difference between the purchase and resale prices of securities purchased with reverse repo, in the corresponding period.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XII. Explanations on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

In accordance with TFRS 5 ("Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations"), assets classified as held for sale are measured at lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Amortization on subject asset is ended and these assets are presented separately on financial statements. An asset (or a disposal group) is regarded as "asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset (or a disposal group) should be actively marketed at a price consistent with its fair value. Various events and conditions may prolong the sale procedures for more than one year. In case subject delay is caused by the events and conditions beyond the bank's control and there is enough evidence that plans to sell subject asset (or a disposal group) continue subject assets continue to be classified as assets held for sale. As of March 31, 2021, the Group has assets held for sale and discontinued operations and it is explained in footnote I.15. of Section Five.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Parent Banks' business classified as disposed or held-for-sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the income statement. As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has removed Hemenal Finansman A.Ş. from its Subsidiaries account and started to monitor it under the account of Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The related subsidiary has been consolidated on the assets and liabilities part of the balance sheet and the accounts subject to sales transactions in the income statement within the scope of consolidation.

The Parent Bank classifies tangible assets which are acquired due to non-performing receivables as other assets.

XIII. Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The Group's intangible assets consist of software, intangible rights and goodwill.

The intangible assets are recorded at their historical cost less accumulated amortization and provision for impairment, if any. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis. Software's have been classified as other intangible fixed assets. The useful life of software's is determined as 3-5 years.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard on Impairment of Assets (TAS 36) and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is made.

XIV. Explanations on Tangible Assets

Tangible assets are recorded at their historical cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of tangible assets. The annual amortization rates used are as follows:

Properties

2%

Movables purchased and acquired under finance lease contracts

7 % - 25%

The depreciation of leasehold improvements acquired before December 2009, under operating lease agreements, is calculated according to their useful lives. Depreciation of the leasehold improvements acquired after this date is calculated over the lease period not exceeding 5 years where the lease duration is certain; or 5 years where the lease period is not certain in accordance with "Communiqué on the Amendment of Communiqué on Uniform Chart of Accounts and Explanatory Notes" dated January 10, 2011.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XIV. Explanations on Tangible Assets (Continued)

As of the balance sheet date, with respect to assets which are monitored under tangible assets for less than one year, the projected depreciation amount for a full year, is allocated in proportion to the tangible asset's period of stay in the assets.

Net book value of the property and leased assets under financial lease contracts are compared with the fair values determined by independent appraisers as of the year end and provision for impairment is recognized in "Other Operating Expenses" in the related period income statement when the fair value is below the net book value in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard on Impairment of Assets" (TAS 36).

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the tangible assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repairs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; otherwise, they are expensed.

There are no changes in the accounting estimates in regard to amortization duration, which could have a significant impact on the current and future financial statements. There are no pledges, mortgages or other restrictions on the tangible assets. There are no purchase commitments related to the fixed assets.

XV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions

Fixed assets acquired under finance lease contracts are presented under "Tangible Fixed Assets" on the asset side and under "Financial Lease Payables" on the liability side at the initial date of the lease. The basis for the determination of related balance sheet amounts is the lower of fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the lease payments. The direct costs incurred for a finance lease transaction are capitalized as additions to the cost of the leased asset. Lease payments include the financing costs incurred due to the leasing transaction and the principal amount of the leased asset for the current period. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the leased assets at the rate of 20% except for the buildings which are depreciated at the rate of 2%.

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group (lessee) measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date (i.e., the lease liability), at the same date recognizes an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset and depreciates it during the lease term. The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee shall use the lessee's incremental borrowing rate. Lessees are required to recognize the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset separately.

TFRS 16 Leases

TFRS 16 Leasing standard abolishes the dual accounting model currently applied for lessees through recognizing finance leases in the balance sheet whereas not recognizing operational lease. Instead, it is set forth a single model similar to the accounting of financial leases (on balance sheet). For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. The Group has started to apply "TFRS 16 Leases" Standard starting from January 1, 2019.

Set out below are the accounting policies of the Group upon application of TFRS 16:

Right of use assets

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

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(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions (Continued)

The right use includes the presence of:

- The initial measurement of the lease,
- The amount obtained by deducting all lease payments received from all lease payments made on or on the date of actual lease; and
- All initial direct costs incurred by the Group

At the end of the lease term of the underlying asset's service, the transfer of the Group is reasonably finalized, and the Group depreciates the asset until the end of the life of the underlying asset on which the lease actually began. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease Liabilities

The Group measures the lease obligation at the present value of the unpaid lease payments on the date that the lease commences.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease obligation on the date that the lease actually commences, consists of the following payments to be made for the right of use of the underlying asset during the lease period and not paid on the date the lease actually starts:

- Fixed payments,
- Variable lease payments based on an index or rate, the first measurement made using an index or rate on the actual date
 of the lease.
- Amounts expected to be paid by the Group under the residual value commitments
- The use price of this option and, if the Group is reasonably confident that it will use the purchase option;
- Fines for termination of the lease if the lease term indicates that the Group will use an option to terminate the lease.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are recognized as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggered the payment occurred. The Group revises the revised discount rate for the remainder of the lease term, if the implicit interest rate in the lease can be easily determined; the Group's alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of the revaluation.

After the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the lease obligation as follows:

- Increase the carrying amount to reflect the interest on the lease obligation; and
- Decreases the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

In addition, in the event of a change in the lease term, in essence a change in fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment of the option to buy the underlying asset, the value of the lease obligations is remeasured.

Short-Term Leases and Leases of Low-Value Assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

On 5 June 2020, the POA made amendments to TFRS 16 "Leases" standard by publishing "Concessions Regarding COVID-19" on Lease Payments - "TFRS 16 Leases". With this change, tenants were granted an exemption from not being able to evaluate whether the privileges, which are recognized due to COVID-19 in the lease payments, have been made in the lease. The amendment does not have a significant impact on the financial situation or performance of the Bank.

Due to the Group's implementation of TFRS 16, assets classified under tangible assets as of March 31, 2021 amounted to TL 428,383 (December 31, 2020 - TL 446,802), lease liability amounted to TL 414,710 (December 31, 2020 - TL 432,075), financing expense amounted to TL 15,778 (December 31, 2020 - TL 52,777) and depreciation expense amounted to TL 60,313 (December 31, 2020 - TL 229,554).

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVI. Explanations on Factoring Receivables

Factoring receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method after deducting unearned interest income and expected provisions for losses.

XVII. Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions, other than specific and general provisions for loans and other receivables, and contingent liabilities are provided for in accordance with TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". Provisions are accounted for immediately when obligations arise as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the obligation is made by the Parent Bank. In cases where reliable estimate cannot be made of the amount of the obligation, it is considered contingent liabilities. For contingent liabilities if the probability that the event will occur is greater than the probability that it will not and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably, a provision is made.

XVIII. Explanations on Obligations of the Group for Employees Benefits

Provision for employee severance benefits of the Group has been accounted for in accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

In accordance with the existing social legislation in Turkey, the Group is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities including retirement and notice payments to each employee whose employment is terminated due to resignation or for reasons other than misconduct. The retirement pay is calculated for every working year within the Group over salary for 30 days or the official ceiling amount per year of employment and the notice pay is calculated for the relevant notice period time as determined based on the number of years worked for the Group.

The Group has reflected the retirement pay liability amount, which was calculated by an independent actuary, in the accompanying financial statements. According to TAS 19, the Group recognizes all actuarial gains and losses immediately through other comprehensive income.

The Group does not have any employees who work under limited period contracts with remaining terms longer than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Provision for the employees' unused vacations has been booked in accordance with TAS 19 and reflected to the financial statements. There are no foundations, pension trusts or similar associations of which the Group employees are members.

XIX. Explanations on Taxation

1. Corporate Tax

According to the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 published in the Official Gazette No. 26205 dated June 21, 2006; Corporate tax is calculated at a rate of 20% over the corporate income. However, in accordance with the Provisional Article 10 added to the Corporate Tax Law, the rate of 20% is applied as 22% for the corporate earnings of the institutions for the taxation periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020 (for the accounting periods starting in the relevant year for the institutions assigned a special fiscal period). Prepaid taxes are followed in "Current Tax Liability" or "Current Tax Asset" accounts to be offset against the corporate tax liability of the relevant year. In accordance with the Article 11 of the Law No. 7316 on the Procedure for the Collection of Public Receivables and the Law on Amendments to Certain Laws published in the Official Gazette dated April 22, 2021, and with the temporary Article 13 added to the Corporate Tax Law, the corporate tax rate is 25% for the taxation period of 2021 and this rate will be applied as 23% for the taxation period of 2022. In accordance with Article 14 of the Law, the rate to be applied for the year 2021 will start from the declarations to be submitted as of 1 July 2021 and will be valid for the taxation period starting from 1/1/2021.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XIX. Explanations on Taxation (Continued)

1. Corporate Tax (Continued)

50% of gain from the sale of real estate which are held more than two years in the assets of the Parent Bank and 75% of gain on disposal of subsidiary shares which are held for more than two years in the assets of the Parent Bank are exemption from tax according to Corporate Tax Law in condition with adding these gains into equity or allocating into a specific fund account in the Parent Bank's liabilities for five years.

Corporations calculate advance tax at the rate of 22% over their quarterly financial profits (to be valid for the taxation periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020) and declare and pay until the 17th day of the second month following that period (for the taxation period of 2018, It was declared until the 14th day of the second month). The advance tax paid during the year belongs to that year and is deducted from the corporate tax to be calculated over the corporate tax return to be submitted in the following year. Despite the deduction, if there is an amount of advance tax paid, this amount can be refunded or deducted in cash

According to the Corporate Tax Law, financial losses in the declaration can be deducted from the corporate tax base of the period not exceeding 5 years. Declarations and related accounting records can be examined within five years by the tax office. On the other hand, if document subjects to stamp duty and the statute of limitations of tax and penalty is used after the expiry of the time limit, the taxable income of document is regenerated.

The provision for corporate and income taxes for the period is recognized as "Current Tax Charge" in the income statement and current tax effect related to transactions directly recognized in equity are reflected to equity.

Undistributed profit for the period is not subject to withholding tax if it is added to capital or it is distributed to full-fledged taxpayer corporations. However, with the Council of Ministers' decisions numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594; published in the Official Gazette No: 27130 dated February 3, 2009 and based on Corporate Tax Law No: 5520, 15th and 30th Articles, profit distribution for the period is subject to withholding tax by 15%, for full-fledged real person taxpayers, for those who are not responsible for corporate tax and income tax, for those exempt from corporate and income tax (except for those taxed through their businesses or permanent representatives in Turkey) and for foreign based real person taxpayers.

2. Deferred Taxes

The Group calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes" ("TAS 12") and the related decrees of the BRSA concerning income taxes. In calculating deferred tax, legalized tax rates effective as of balance sheet date are used as per tax legislations.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets calculated from deductible temporary differences are only recognized if it's highly probable that these will in the future create taxable profit.

The Group has started to be recognized deferred tax from the expected credit losses of Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses provisions.

According to TAS 12, deferred taxes and liabilities resulting from different subsidiaries subject to consolidation are not presented as net; rather they are presented separately as assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

Since the applicable tax rate has changed to 22% for 3 years as of 1 January 2018, 20% tax rate (31 December 2020 - corporate tax 22%, deferred tax 20%) has been used in the calculation of corporate tax and deferred tax as of 31 March 2021.

3. Transfer Pricing

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "disguised profit distribution" by way of transfer pricing. "The General Communique on Disguised Profit Distribution by way of Transfer Pricing" published on November 18, 2007 explains the application related issues in detail. According to this Communique, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XIX. Explanations on Taxation (Continued)

3. Transfer Pricing (Continued)

Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes. Disguised profit distribution amount will be recognized as share in net profit and stoppage tax will be calculated depending on whether the profit distributing institution is a real or corporate entity, full-fledged or foreign based taxpayer, is subject to or exempt from tax.

As discussed under subject Communique's 7.5 Annual Documentation section, taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

XX. Additional Explanations on Borrowings

The Parent Bank and consolidated Group companies generate funds from domestically and internationally resident people and institutions by using debt instruments such as syndication, securitization, collateralized debt and bond issuance. Aforementioned transactions are initially recorded at transaction cost plus acquisition cost, reflective of their fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method.

XXI. Explanations on Share Issues

The Parent Bank's paid in capital has not been changed for the current period (The Parent Bank's paid in capital has not been changed for the prior period).

XXII. Explanations on Confirmed Bills of Exchange and Acceptances

Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are realized simultaneously with the customer payments and recorded in off-balance sheet accounts as possible debt and commitment, if any. There are no acceptances and confirmed bills of exchange presented as liabilities against any assets.

XXIII. Explanations on Government Incentives

As of March 31, 2021, the Group does not have any governmental incentives or support (December 31, 2020 - None).

XXIV. Explanation on Segment Reporting

In addition to corporate banking, retail banking and commercial banking services, the Group also provides private banking, SME banking, treasury operations and credit card services through branches and alternative channels. The Group serves its retail banking clients with time, demand deposits, also overdraft services, automatic account services, consumer loans, vehicle loans, housing loans and investment fund services. The Group provides services including deposit and loans, foreign trade financing, forward and option agreements to its corporate clients. Other than those mentioned above, the Group also serves in trading financial instruments, treasury operations, and performs insurance, factoring, and domestic and abroad finance lease operations.

The calculations based on the income statement for retail banking (consumer banking and plastic cards), corporate and commercial banking that have operational units designated as the main profit centers, have been made according to the product and customer types. During the profitability calculations, the pricing of transfers among these units and treasury unit are made by using cost/return ratios that are determined by the Parent Bank's senior management and which are updated periodically. In this pricing method, general market conditions and the Parent Bank's internal policies are considered.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XXIV. Explanation on Segment Reporting (Continued)

The Corporate Marketing Unit provides services to multinational companies operating in Turkey which are institutional, large-scale and which have an annual turnover of 300,000 TL and above. Companies with an annual turnover of 60,000 - 300,000 TL are considered within the scope of "Commercial Enterprise". Great emphasis is placed on commercial segmentation in order to distribute risk and reduce revenue concentration. In addition, the Parent Bank offers sectoral solution packages to small and medium-sized enterprises.

The Consumer Banking meets the needs and expectations of the retail banking customers. The Private Banking Unit has formed and started to operate to serve customers with high level income, in a more effective way. The installments, discounts and bonus advantages are provided to the users of Card Finans in the plastic cards line. The main function of Treasury Segment is managing the liquidity of the Parent Bank and interest and foreign currency risks resulting from market conditions. This segment is in close relation with corporate, commercial, retail, SME and private banking units in order to increase the number of customers and the volume of transactions in treasury products of the Parent Bank.

		Corporate and	_	Total
	Retail	Commercial		Operations of the
Current Period (January 1 – March 31, 2021)	Banking	Banking	and Head Office	
Net Interest Income	759,737	863,976	960,151	2,583,864
Net Fees and Commissions Income	564,486	162,592	46,765	773,843
Other Operating Income and Net Trading Income	14,006	8,573	(782,430)	(759,851)
Dividend Income	-	-	346	346
Operating Income	1,338,229	1,035,141	224,832	2,598,202
Expected Loss Provisions (-)	257,797	303,175	23,773	584,745
Other Loss Provisions (-)	-	-	40,950	40,950
Other Operating Expenses (-)	587,456	419,241	134,267	1,140,964
Gain /(Loss) on joint venture accounted for at equity method	-	-	29,768	29,768
Profit Before Taxes	492,976	312,725	55,610	861,311
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	(209,715)	(209,715)
Net Profit/Loss	-	-	-	651,596
Total Assets (*)	50,523,604	104,405,827	88,659,602	257,666,852
Segment Assets	50,523,604	104,405,827	88,659,602	243,589,033
Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common				
Control (Joint Ventures)	-	-	-	266,404
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	13,811,415
Total Liabilities (*)	98,342,155	46,169,310	69,381,058	257,666,852
Segment Liabilities	98,342,155	46,169,310	69,381,058	213,892,523
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	24,168,715
Equity	-	-	-	19,605,614
Other Segment Accounts	765,050	530,385	(22,292)	1,273,143
Capital Expenditures (*)	671,274	465,372	(19,058)	1,117,588
Depreciation and Amortization	93,776	65,013	(3,234)	155,555

^(*) Refers to year-end figures

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XXIV. Explanation on Segment Reporting (Continued)

	Retail	Corporate and Commercial	Treasury and	Total Operations
Prior Period (January 1 - March 31, 2020)	Banking	Banking	Head Office	of the Group
Net Interest Income	791,397	650,550	1,041,277	2,483,224
Net Fees and Commissions Income	455,502	216,420	34,134	706,056
Other Operating Income and Net Trading Income	9,805	491	(491,501)	(481,205)
Dividend Income	-	-	-	-
Operating Income	1,256,704	867,461	583,910	2,708,075
Expected Loss Provisions (-)	383,486	269,943	2,837	656,266
Other Loss Provisions (-)	-	-	39,945	39,945
Other Operating Expenses (-)	596,172	422,289	87,226	1,105,687
Gain /(Loss) on joint venture accounted for at equity method	-	-	22,283	22,283
Profit Before Taxes	277,046	175,229	476,185	928,460
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	179,644	179,644
Net Profit/Loss	-	-	-	748,816
Total Assets (*)	47,855,623	98,466,811	71,220,907	235,019,721
Segment Assets	47,855,623	98,466,811	71,220,907	217,543,341
Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common				
Control (Joint Ventures)	-	-	-	237,920
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	17,238,460
Total Liabilities (*)	88,937,401	36,754,071	66,903,198	235,019,721
Segment Liabilities	88,937,401	36,754,071	66,903,198	192,594,670
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	23,183,823
Equity	=	-	-	19,241,228
Other Segment Accounts	955,982	704,979	(58,858)	1,602,103
Capital Expenditures (*)	615,635	453,994	(37,992)	1,031,637
Depreciation and Amortization	84,095	62,868	(11,250)	135,713

^(*) Refers to year-end figures

XXV. Profit Reserves and Profit Distribution

The General Assembly Meeting of the Parent Bank was held on March 25, 2021. In the Board of Directors, it was decided that profit distribution 2020 operations to be distributed as follows.

2020 Profit Distribution Table:

Current Year Profit	2,588,276
A – First Legal Reserves (Turkish Commercial Code 519/A) 5%	670,000
C – Extraordinary Reserves	1.918.276

XXVI. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share listed on income statement is calculated by dividing net profit to weighted average amount of shares issued within respective year.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Group's Net Profit for the Period	651,086	748,591
Weighted Average Amount of Shares Issued (Thousands)	33,500,000	33,500,000
Earnings per Share	0.0194	0.0223

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XXVI. Earnings Per Share (Continued)

In Turkey, companies can increase capital through "bonus share" distributed from previous year earnings to current shareholders. Such "bonus share" distributions are accounted as issued shares while calculating earnings per share. Accordingly, weighted average amount of shares issued used in these calculations is found through taking into consideration retroactive effects of subject share distributions. In case, amount of shares issued increases after the balance sheet date but before the date of financial statement preparation due to distribution of "bonus share", earnings per share is calculated taking into consideration the new amount of shares. Amount of issued bonus shared in 2021 is none (Amount of issued bonus shared in 2020 is none).

XXVII. Explanations on Other Matters

As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has removed Hemenal Finansman A.Ş. from its Subsidiaries account and started to monitor it under the account of Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The related subsidiary has been consolidated on the assets and liabilities part of the balance sheet and the accounts subject to sales transactions in the income statement within the scope of consolidation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

I. Explanations on Consolidated Equity:

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks." As of March 31, 2021, Group's total capital has been calculated as TL 29,382,181 (December 31, 2020: TL 28,315,865), capital adequacy ratio is 15.23% (December 31, 2020: 15.78%) calculated pursuant to former regulations. This ratio is well above the minimum ratio required by the legislation.

Based on the press release made by the BRSA on December 8, 2020; due to the fluctuations in the financial markets as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak; in the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy; with monetary assets and non-monetary assets excluding assets that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency valued amount of items in accordance with TAS and its special provision amounts, spot purchase exchange rate can be used in preparation of financial statements as of simple arithmetic average of the Central Bank foreign exchange buying rates for the last 252 business days before and negative revaluation differences of the securities classified under "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" which acquired before March 23, 2020 may not be included in capital calculation

Components of consolidated shareholders' equity items:

	Current Period March 31, 2021	Prior Period December 31, 2020
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	3,350,000	3,350,000
Share issue premiums	714	714
Reserves	17,072,911	14,217,872
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	75,447	191,067
Profit	651,086	2,855,050
Current Period Profit	651,086	2,753,783
Prior Period Profit	-	101,267
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognized within profit		101,207
for the period		
Minorities' Share	8,416	8.181
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	21,158,574	20,622,884
	21,156,574	20,022,004
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity in accordance	0.55.004	*** ****
with TAS	855,306	684,425
Improvement costs for operating leasing	65,510	68,148
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	=	-
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	500,610	471,285
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	-
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss		
amount exceeds the total provision	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	-	-
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	_	_
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of		
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	_	_
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of		
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	_	_
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	_	_
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity		
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of	-	-
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Afficie 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks		
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions outside	=	-
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	-
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	1,421,426	1,223,858
Positive difference between the amount of expected credit losses before implementation of TFRS 9 and expected credit losses from		
TFRS 9 adoption	142,258	284,516
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	19,879,406	19,683,542

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(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

I. Explanations on Consolidated Equity: (Continued)

	Current Period March 31, 2021	Prior Period December 31, 2020
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	4 271 150	3,853,763
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	4,371,150	3,833,703
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital	-	-
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital (Temporary Article 3)	_	_
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	4,371,150	3,853,763
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with		
compatible with Article 7. Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank	-	-
Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital	_	_
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components	-	-
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common equity Tier 1 capital		
for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the		
Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	_	_
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	_	_
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier I Capital)	24,250,556	23,537,305
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	3,205,510	2,826,093
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital	-	-
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital (Temporary Article 3) Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	2,137,894	2,000,260
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	5,343,404	4.826.353
Deductions From Tier II Capital	-	.,020,000
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the		
conditions declared in Article 8.	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of		
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank (-)		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions	-	-
outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of		
Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	
Total Tier II Capital	5,343,404	4,826,353
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	29,593,960	28,363,658
Total Capital		
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law	7,606	7,400
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years		
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	204,173	40,393
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Download Components	204,173	40,393
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of		
banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more		
than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional		
Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance		
entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common		
share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds		_
and purposes of the first sub-puringraph of the Frontisional Futience 2 of the Regulation on Danks. Own Futius	_	
	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity,	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted from	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity,	-	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

I. Explanations on Consolidated Equity: (Continued)

-	Current Period March 31, 2021	Prior Period December 31, 2020
TOTAL CAPITAL	•	·
Total Capital	29,382,181	28,315,865
Total risk weighted amounts	192,877,194	179,427,043
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio(%)	10.31	10.97
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio(%)	12.57	13.12
Capital Adequacy Ratio(%)	15.23	15.78
BUFFERS		
Bank specific total common equity tier 1 capital ratio	3.51	3.51
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement(%)	2.50	2.50
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement(%)	0.01	0.01
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio(%)	1.00	1.00
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of		
Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets	4.31	4.97
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial		
institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of		
above Tier I capital	-	-
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank		
owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	214,338	185,854
Amount arising from mortgage-servicing rights		
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences		
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty-five limitation)	4,618,407	4,184,843
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	2,137,894	2,000,260
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance		
with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal		
Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	4,371,150	3,853,763
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	3,205,510	2,826,093

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

I. Explanations on Consolidated Equity: (Continued)

Information on debt instruments included in the calculation of equity:

Information on debt instruments included in the calculation of equity:					
1 2 3					
Issuer	QATAR NATIONAL BANK Q.P.S.C.	QATAR NATIONAL BANK Q.P.S.C.	QATAR NATIONAL BANK Q.P.S.C.		
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	-	-	-		
Governing law(s) of the instrument	BRSA	BRSA	BRSA		
Regulatory treatment	Additional Capital	Secondary Capital	Secondary Capital		
Since 1/1/2015 10% reduction by being subject to the application	No	No	No		
Eligible at stand-alone / consolidated	Standalone – Consolidated	Standalone - Consolidated	Standalone - Consolidated		
Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Loan	Loan	Loan		
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	4,371	1,041	2,165		
Par value of instrument (Currency in million)	4,371	1,041	2,165		
Accounting classification	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –		
	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-		
	amortized cost	amortized cost	amortized cost		
Original date of issuance	June 30, 2019	April 1, 2019	May 22, 2017		
Perpetual or dated	Undated	Dated	Dated		
Original maturity date	-	10 years	10 years		
Issuer call subject to prior BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Every 5 years	5 years	5 years		
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-		
Coupons / dividends	-	-	-		
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Floating	Floating		
Coupon rate and any related index	First 5 years fixed at 9.50%, next 5 years at MS +	6M LIBOR + 5.75%	6M LIBOR + 3.87%		
	7.08				
Existence of a dividend stopper	There would be any charges for the reduced value	_			
	after depreciation date.	-	-		
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Optional	-	-		

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

I. Explanations on Consolidated Equity: (Continued)

Information on debt instruments included in the calculation of equity: (Continued)

	1	2	3
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-	-	=
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	None	Yes	Yes
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	Article number 7-2-i of "Own fund regulation"	Article number 7-2-i of "Own fund regulation"
If convertible, fully or partially	-	All of the remaining capital	All of the remaining capital
If convertible, conversion rate	-	(*)	(*)
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	Discretionary	Discretionary
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	Equity Share	Equity Share
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	QNB Finansbank A.Ş.	QNB Finansbank A.Ş.
Write-down feature	Yes	None	None
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Disappearance of non-existence and lower core		
	capital ratio than 5.125%	-	-
If write-down, full or partial	Full and partial	-	-
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Temporary	-	-
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Disappearance of non-existence and higher core		
if temporary write-down, description of write-up incentainsin	capital ratio than 5.125%	-	-
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior		After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1 sub	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1
to instrument)	After the senior creditors, and TIER 2	debt, same with TIER 2	sub debt, same with TIER2
Incompliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	It fulfills the conditions within the Article 7 of the		
	Regulation on the Equity of Banks.	It fulfills the conditions within the Article 8 of the	It fulfills the conditions within the Article 8 of
	regulation on the Equity of Bulks.	Regulation on the Equity of Banks.	the Regulation on the Equity of Banks.
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	-	-	-

^(*) The conversion rate / value will be calculated based on the market data available when the right is exercised.

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

I. Explanations on Consolidated Equity: (Continued)

Information on Article 5 of the Regulation on Equities of Banks:

EQUITY ITEMS	T	T-1
Common Equity	19,879,406	19,879,406
Transition process not implemented Common Equity	19,737,148	19,737,148
Tier 1 Capital	24,250,556	24,250,556
Transition process not implemented Tier 1 Capital	24,108,298	24,108,298
Total Capital	29,382,181	29,382,181
Transition process not implemented Equity	29,239,923	29,239,923
TOTAL RISK WEIGHTED AMOUNTS	192,877,194	192,877,194
Total Risk Weighted Amounts		
Capital Adequacy Ratio		
Common Equity Adequacy Ratio (%)	10.31	10.31
Transition process not implemented Common Equity Adequacy Ratio (%)	10.23	10.23
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12.57	12.57
Transition process not implemented Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12.50	12.50
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.23	15.23
Transition process not implemented Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.16	15.16
LEVERAGE		
Leverage Ratio Total Risk Amount	352,587,281	352,587,281
Leverage (%)	6.78	6.78
Transition process not implemented Leverage Ratio (%)	6.74	6.74

Explanations on the reconciliation of shareholders' equity items and balance sheet amounts:

There are differences between amounts in the explanation on equity items and amounts on the balance sheet. In this context; up to 1.25% of the amount of the first and second part of the expected loss provisions is taken into account as contribution capital, losses from cash flow hedging transactions and the net negative valuation differences of the securities included in the "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" portfolio have not been taken into account in the information on equity items.

II. Explanations on Consolidated Risk Management

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on October 23, 2015 and became effective as of March 31, 2016. The following tables, which must be disclosed quarterly in accordance with the relevant declaration, are not presented as of March 31, 2021, as the standard approach is used in the Bank's capital adequacy calculation:

- RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB
- RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the Internal Model Method (IMM)
- RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under an IMA

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

II. Explanations on Consolidated Risk Management (Continued)

GB1 - Overview of risk weighted assets:

		Risk Weight	ed Assets	Minimum (Requiren	
		31.03.2021	31.12.2020	31.03.2021	31.12.2020
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	164,208,802	154,414,869	13,136,704	12,353,189
2	Standardized approach	164,208,802	154,414,869	13,136,704	12,353,189
3	Internal rating-based approach	-	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	6,822,707	5,605,940	545,817	448,475
5	Standardized approach for counterparty credit risk	6,822,707	5,605,940	545,817	448,475
6	Internal model method	-	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal model's equity				
	position in the banking account	-	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies –				
	look-through approach	-	-	-	-
9	Investments made in collective investment companies –				
	mandate-based approach	-	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies –				
	1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking accounts	-	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach	-	-	-	-
14	IRB Supervisory Formula Approach	-	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach	-	-	-	-
16	Market risk	4,074,250	3,907,213	325,940	312,577
17	Standardized approach	4,074,250	3,907,213	325,940	312,577
18	Internal model approaches	-	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	17,771,435	15,499,021	1,421,715	1,239,922
20	Basic Indicator Approach	17,771,435	15,499,021	1,421,715	1,239,922
21	Standardized Approach	-	-	-	-
22	Advanced Measurement Approach	-	-	-	-
23	The amount of the discount threshold under the equity				
	(subject to a 250% risk weight)	-	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-	-
25	TOTAL (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	192,877,194	179,427,043	15,430,176	14,354,163

III. Explanations on Consolidated Foreign Exchange Risk

1. Whether the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk, whether the effects of this situation are estimated, and whether the Board of Directors of the Parent Bank sets limits for positions that are monitored daily

The difference between the Parent Bank's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and is the basis of currency risk. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, together with purchase and sale commitments, give rise to foreign exchange exposure ("cross currency risk").

Board of Directors has determined the limits considering the consistency with the "Foreign Currency Net General Position." Positions are being followed daily and limits are reviewed at least once a year depending on economic conditions and The Parent Bank strategy and updated as deemed necessary.

ONB FİNANSBANK ANONİM SİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

III. Explanations on Consolidated Foreign Exchange Risk (Continued)

In measuring the exchange rate exposure of The Parent Bank, the "standard method" used in the legal reports and the internal method. The measurements made within the scope of the standard method are carried out monthly and the measurements made within the scope of VaR calculations are carried out on a daily basis.

2. The magnitude of hedging foreign currency debt instruments and net foreign currency investments by using derivatives

The Group hedges foreign currency borrowings with derivative instruments. The Group does not hedge net foreign currency investments with derivative instruments. The extent of the hedging of foreign currency debt instruments and net foreign currency investments by hedging derivative instruments is explained in Note III of Section Five.

3. The spot foreign exchange bid rates of the Parent Bank as of the balance sheet date and for each of the five days prior to that date

US Dollars purchase rate in the balance sheet date TL 8.3260 Euro purchase rate in the balance sheet date TL 9.7741

<u>Date</u>	<u>US Dollar</u>	<u>Euro</u>
March 31, 2021	8.3260	9.7741
March 30, 2021	8.1192	9.5618
March 29, 2021	7.9893	9.4150
March 26, 2021	7.9409	9.3778
March 25, 2021	7.9666	9.4257

4. The basic arithmetical average of the Parent Bank's foreign exchange bid rate for the last thirty days

The basic arithmetical average of the Parent Bank's US Dollar and Euro purchase rates for March 2021 are TL 7.6261 and TL 9.0897 respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

III. Explanations on Consolidated Foreign Exchange Risk (Continued)

5. Information on the consolidated foreign exchange risk of the Group (Thousands of TL)

Assets Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank (I) 12,550,133 14,756,827 1,644,928 28,951,888 Due From Banks (2) 3,441,451 6,500,792 85,748 10,027,991 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) (3) 680,843 1,234,679 6 1,915,528 Money Market Placements 105,100 - 105,100 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) 1,112,170 8,088,045 - 9,200,215 Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investment in Assoc., Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost 742,027 9,155,117 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 485,233 Tangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Total Assets Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365 50,000,000 12,605,684 - 12,60
Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank (1) 12,550,133 14,756,827 1,644,928 28,951,888 Due From Banks (2) 3,441,451 6,500,792 85,748 10,027,991 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) (3) 680,843 1,234,679 6 1,915,528 Money Market Placements - 105,100 - 105,100 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) 1,112,170 8,088,045 - 9,200,215 Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investment in Assets, Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control - - - - - Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost 742,027 9,155,117 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 485,233 Tangible Assets 2 - 20 42 Intangible Assets - 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 632,688 2,389,
Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank (1) 12,550,133 14,756,827 1,644,928 28,951,888 Due From Banks (2) 3,441,451 6,500,792 85,748 10,027,991 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) (3) 680,843 1,234,679 6 1,915,528 Money Market Placements - 105,100 - 105,100 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) 1,112,170 8,088,045 - 9,200,215 Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investment in Assets, Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control - - - - - Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost 742,027 9,155,117 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 485,233 Tangible Assets 2 - 20 42 Intangible Assets - 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 632,688 2,389,
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) (3) 688,843 1,234,679 6 1,915,528 Money Market Placements - 105,100 - 105,100 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) 1,112,170 8,088,045 - 9,200,215 Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investments in Assoc., Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost - - - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Liabilities Bank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,0
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL) (3) 688,843 1,234,679 6 1,915,528 Money Market Placements - 105,100 - 105,100 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) 1,112,170 8,088,045 - 9,200,215 Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investments in Assoc., Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost - - - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Liabilities Bank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,0
Money Market Placements - 105,100 - 105,100 Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) 1,112,170 8,088,045 - 9,200,215 Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investments in Assoc., Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost - - - - - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 485,233 Tangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Liabilities 8ank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) 1,112,170 8,088,045 - 9,200,215 Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investments in Assoc., Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost 742,027 9,155,117 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 9,897,144 Intangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Liabilities 8ank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672
Income (FVTOCI)
Loans (4) 35,020,921 20,757,841 167,319 55,946,081 Investments in Assoc., Subsidiaries and Entities under Common Control - - - - - Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost 742,027 9,155,117 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 485,233 Tangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets -
Investment Assets Measured at Amortized Cost 742,027 9,155,117 - 9,897,144 Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 485,233 Tangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets - - - - - Other Assets (5) 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Liabilities 8 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Derivative Financial Assets Hedging Purposes 2,595 482,638 - 485,233 Tangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets -
Tangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets -
Tangible Assets 22 - 20 42 Intangible Assets -
Other Assets (5) 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Liabilities Bank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Other Assets (5) 292,720 109,573 25,867 428,160 Total Assets 53,842,882 61,190,612 1,923,888 116,957,382 Liabilities Bank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Liabilities Bank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Bank Deposits 632,688 2,389,659 301,847 3,324,194 Foreign Currency Deposits ⁽⁶⁾ 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Foreign Currency Deposits (6) 18,619,254 47,651,383 16,852,015 83,122,652 Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Money Market Borrowings 1,082,092 9,840,965 - 10,923,057 Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions 12,191,672 20,966,678 15 33,158,365
Securities Issued - 12 605 684 - 12 605 684
- 12,003,00 4 - 12,003,004
Miscellaneous Payables 4,076,544 3,620,734 6,039 7,703,317
Derivative Fin. Liabilities Hedging Purposes 99,283 1,081,607 - 1,180,890
Other Liabilities (7) 949,312 1,176,485 26,284 2,152,081
Total Liabilities 37,650,845 99,333,195 17,186,200 154,170,240
Net Balance Sheet Position 16,192,037 (38,142,583) (15,262,312) (37,212,858)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position (16,246,900) 35,915,654 15,270,343 34,939,097
Financial Derivative Assets 21,996,623 107,120,865 16,628,638 145,746,126
Financial Derivative Liabilities 38,243,523 71,205,211 1,358,295 110,807,029
Non-Cash Loans ⁽⁸⁾ 11,741,670 12,689,412 457,268 24,888,350
Prior Period
Total Assets 50,533,172 51,210,990 1,552,446 103,296,608
Total Liabilities 32,535,917 91,772,662 18,079,237 142,387,816
Net Balance Sheet Position 17,997,255 (40,561,672) (16,526,791) (39,091,208)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position (18,063,554) 38,578,070 16,523,357 37,037,873
Financial Derivative Assets 22,146,538 105,264,338 18,050,019 145,460,895
Financial Derivative Liabilities 40,210,092 66,686,268 1,526,662 108,423,022
Non-Cash Loans 9,935,011 11,239,630 345,711 21,520,352

⁽¹⁾ Cash and Balances with TR Central; Other FC include TL 1,572,669 (December 31, 2020 – TL 1,160,921) precious metal deposit account.

There are foreign bank guarantees amounting to TL 5,858,175 (December 31, 2020 – None)

Does not include TL 341,704 (December 31, 2020 – TL 239,259) of currency income accruals arising from derivative transactions and derivative financial instruments amounting to TL 208,206 (December 31, 2020 – TL 116,829) are not included under financial assets at fair value through profit and loss in accordance with TFRS 9.

Includes TL 493,008 (December 31, 2020 – TL 189,555) FC indexed loans. Does not include repealed financial leasing receivables amounting to TL 3,691 (December 31, 2020 – TL 11,082) accounted as FC in balance sheet. Includes FC indexed (3.9 index) factoring receivables is none (December 31, 2020 – none) accounted as TL in balance sheet.

Does not include FC prepaid expenses amounting to TL 47,234 (December 31, 2020 – TL 47,634) as per BRSA's Communique published in Official Gazette no 26085 on February 19, 2006.

⁽⁶⁾ Foreign currency deposits include TL 15,126,525 (December 31, 2020 – TL 15,484,501) of precious metal deposit account.

Other Liabilities do not include the Foreign Currency Index Factoring payables amounting to TL 1,519 (December 31, 2020 – TL 761)

Boes not include currency expense accruals of derivative financial instruments kept in FC accounts amounting to TL 635,438 (December 31, 2019 – TL 181,796)

⁽⁹⁾ Does not have an effect on Net Off-balance Sheet Position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Consolidated Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk that would arise from the changes in interest rates depending on the Parent Bank's position is managed by the Asset/Liability Committee of the Parent Bank.

Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items is analyzed by top management in the Asset/Liability Committee meetings held every month by taking the market developments into consideration. The management of the Parent Bank follows the interest rates in the market on a daily basis and revises interest rates of the Parent Bank when necessary.

Besides customer deposits, the Parent Bank funds its long-term fixed interest rate TL loan portfolio with long term (up to 10 years) floating interest rate foreign currency funds obtained from international markets. The Parent Bank changes the foreign currency liquidity obtained from the international markets to TL liquidity with long term swap transactions (fixed TL interest rate and floating FC interest rate). Therefore, the Parent Bank not only funds its long-term fixed interest rate loans with TL but also hedges itself from interest rate and maturity risk.

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (Based on repricing dates)

						Non-	
	Up to 1		3-12		5 Years and	Interest	
	Month	1-3 Months	Months	1-5 Years	Over	Bearing (1)	Total
Current Period							
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money							
in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and							
Balances with the T.R. Central (2)	14,305,691	-	-	-	-	16,433,752	30,739,443
Due From Banks (3)	1,022,257	-	-	-	-	10,015,014	11,037,271
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
Profit/Loss (4)	18,279	134,061	18,218	80,751	12,222	12,078,696	12,342,227
Money Market Placements	539,528	_	_	· -	_	-	539,528
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through							
Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) (5)	682,083	3,417,243	1,163,066	5,330,229	6,161,215	1,401,168	18,155,004
Loans and Receivables	33,761,465	27,018,330	52,298,407	37,404,144	2,086,231	2,380,955	154,949,532
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (6)	749,873	3,617,345	5,004,199	4,123,531	5,519,812	457,319	19,472,079
Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-	10,431,768	10,431,768
Total Assets	51,079,176	34,186,979	58,483,890	46,938,655	13,779,480	53,198,672	257,666,852
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	1,974,340	1,432,446	145,670	-	-	97,334	3,649,790
Other Deposits	65,550,982	20,496,571	5,441,773	404,521	225	52,616,691	144,510,763
Money Market Borrowings	4,898,016	3,817,018	5,537,309	169,088	-	60,034	14,481,465
Miscellaneous Payables	7,537,734	-	-	-	-	5,134,221	12,671,955
Securities Issued	2,262,970	737,795	997,958	11,643,089	-	-	15,641,812
Funds Borrowed	2,613,759	17,828,792	12,174,527	2,989,684	-	1,182	35,607,944
Other Liabilities (7)	1,120	864	13,598	383,425	9,199	30,694,917	31,103,123
Total Liabilities	84,838,921	44,313,486	24,310,835	15,589,807	9,424	88,604,379	257,666,852
On Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	34,173,055	31,348,848	13,770,056	-	79,291,959
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(33,759,745)	(10,126,507)	-	-	-	(35,405,707)	(79,291,959)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	7,379,161	12,171,419	-	-	-		19,550,580
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	(742,613)	(2,966,081)	(10,152,964)	-	(13,861,658)
Total Position	(26,380,584)	2,044,912	33,430,442	28,382,767	3,617,092	(35,405,707)	5,688,922

⁽¹⁾ Non-Interest-Bearing column includes accruals, provision for losses and derivative financial instruments' fair value valuation difference.

⁽²⁾ Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank includes amount of TL 3,658 expected loss provisions.

Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 29,932.

⁽⁴⁾ Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss includes Fair Value Derivative Financial Assets reflected to Profit/Loss amounting to TL 11,837,064.

⁽⁵⁾ Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income includes Fair Value Derivative Financial Assets reflected to Other Comprehensive Income amounting to TL 2 097 217

⁽⁶⁾ Financial Assets measured at amortized cost includes the balance of the expected loss provisions amounting to TL 20,100.

Other liabilities include Derivative Financial Liabilities amounting to TL 6,477,591.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

IV. **Explanations on Consolidated Interest Rate Risk (Continued)**

	Up to 1			1-5	5 Years and	Non-Interest	
	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	Years	Over	Bearing (1)	Total
Prior Period							
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign							
Currency Cash, Money in							
Transit, Cheques Purchased,							
Precious Metal) and Balances with							
the T.R. Central Bank (2)	6,501,977	-	-	-	-	20,901,085	27,403,062
Due from Banks (3)	45,846	-	-	-	-	1,459,721	1,505,567
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
Through Profit/Loss (4)	1,358	284,489	20,010	78,520	22,847	8,044,622	8,451,846
Money Market Placements	752,392	-	-	-	-	-	752,392
Financial Assets Measured at Fair							
Value through Other Comprehensive							
Income (FVTOCI) (5)	1,815,340	1,277,034	3,165,778	3,839,136	4,728,569	1,764,943	16,590,800
Loans and Receivables	30,556,723	21,657,972	52,208,465	35,918,478	3,600,659	2,390,294	146,332,591
Financial Assets Measured at							
Amortized Cost (6)	3,072,701	2,305,967	4,811,742	3,274,171	4,668,299	600,320	18,733,200
Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-	15,250,263	15,250,263
Total Assets	42,746,337	25,525,462	60,205,995	43,110,305	13,020,374	50,411,248	235,019,721
2 0001 120000	12,7 10,007	20,020,102	00,200,550	10,220,000	10,020,071	00,111,210	200,010,021
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	3,436,159	1,006,656	17,509	-	-	123,020	4,583,344
Other Deposits	55,086,007	16,171,283	4,175,747	339,333	202	49,918,940	125,691,512
Money Market Borrowings	8,059,536	5,050,988	1,638,887	149,074	_	96,185	14,994,670
Miscellaneous Payables	4,589,351	-	-	-	-	4,654,255	9,243,606
Securities Issued	1,069,672	1,461,379	1,075,596	11,117,311	-	· · · · -	14,723,958
Funds Borrowed	2,387,990	16,569,149	10,021,246	3,621,308	-	1,491	32,601,184
Other Liabilities (7)	2,894	729	59,528	351,888	9,932	32,756,476	33,181,447
Total Liabilities	74,631,609	40,260,184	16,988,513	15,578,914	10,134	87,550,367	235,019,721
	,,	,,				01,000,000	
On Balance Sheet Long Position	_	_	43,217,482	27,531,391	13,010,240	_	83,759,113
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(31,885,272)	(14,734,722)	-, -,			(37,139,119)	(83,759,113)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	4,654,568	10,976,595	_	_	_	-	15,631,163
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position		,-,-,-,-	(362,930)	(2,137,413)	(9,188,319)	_	(11,688,662)
Total Position	(27,230,704)	(3,758,127)	42,854,552	25,393,978	3,821,921	(37,139,119)	3,942,501

Non-Interest-Bearing column includes accruals, provision for losses and derivative financial instruments' fair value valuation difference.

⁽²⁾ Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank include amount of TL 3,399 expected loss provisions.

Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 10,189.

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss includes derivative financial assets reflected to Profit/Loss amounting to TL 7,828,471. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income include 1,400,686 derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes.

Financial Assets measured at amortized cost includes the balance of the expected loss provisions amounting to TL 10,156.

Other Liabilities include derivative Financial Liabilities amounting to TL 8,156,463.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

IV. Explanations on Consolidated Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments:

	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
	%	%	%	%
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and				
Balances with the T.R. Central Bank	-	-	-	13.55
Due from Banks	0.04	0.82	-	18.75
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	2.56	5.61	-	16.05
Money Market Placements	-	0.04	-	17.91
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2.64	5.38	-	15.17
Loans and Receivables	4.38	5.16	5.34	15.96
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	4.60	5.60	-	14.40
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	0.20	1.04	-	17.02
Other Deposits	0.56	1.15	0.69	17.02
Money Market Borrowings	(0.16)	1.05	-	17.33
Miscellaneous Payables	(0.40)	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	5.58	-	19.39
Funds Borrowed	2.40	4.44	-	18.25

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments:

	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
	%	%	%	%
Prior Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased)				
and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank	-	-	-	12.00
Due from Banks	0.04	0.01	-	8.79
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	3.07	5.63	-	17.08
Money Market Placements	-	0.08	-	17.19
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2.87	5.30	-	14.29
Loans and Receivables	4.33	5.28	5.23	14.42
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	3.76	5.55	-	14.04
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	0.64	1.51	-	16.74
Other Deposits	0.45	1.36	0.62	15.46
Money Market Borrowings	-	1.38	-	16.71
Miscellaneous Payables	(0.39)	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	5.58	-	17.04
Funds Borrowed	2.35	4.42	-	16.49

V. Explanations on Consolidated Position Risk of Equity Securities in Banking Book

	Comparison						
Equity Securities (shares)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value				
1. Equity Investments Grade A Ouoted Securities	73,434 73,434	<u>.</u>	73,434 73,434				
2. Equity Investments Grade B Quoted Securities	- - -		-				
3. Equity Investments Grade C Quoted Securities	-	-					
4. Equity Investments Grade Other (*)	266,403	-	-				

^(*) Includes associates, subsidiaries and entities under common control not quoted to BIST and not classified as investment in shares by CMB.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

V. Explanations on Consolidated Position Risk of Equity Securities in Banking Book (Continued)

		Revaluation Surpluses			Unrealized	Gains and Losses
Portfolio	Gains/Losses in Current Period	Total	Amount under Core Capital	Total	Amount under Core Capital	Amount under Supplementary Capital
1. Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Quoted Shares	27,391	-	-	108	-	108
3. Other Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Total	27,391		-	108	-	108

VI. Explanations on Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio

Liquidity Risk of the Parent Bank is monitored and managed in accordance with Liquidity Risk Management Policy. According to this policy, Board of Directors is responsible to review and approve risk profile and appetite of the Parent Bank periodically. Senior Management takes necessary measures to monitor aforementioned risk and controls liquidity risk in line with accepted strategies and policies.

Treasury Department is responsible to carry out liquidity strategy determined and approved by Board of Directors. Risk Management Department is responsible to define, measure, monitor and control liquidity risk besides developing internal and external methods and procedures which are in line with context and structure of applicable activities in The Parent Bank in order to monitor related limits. Senior management of The Parent Bank is informed periodically regarding current liquidity risk amount exposed in order to ensure being under the approved limits of the Parent Bank's liquidity risk profile. Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) meetings, which ensure the necessary monitoring for liquidity risk, are held monthly. Risk Committee reviews the liquidity risk of the Parent Bank monthly in addition to aforementioned meetings and informs Board of Directors. The Parent Bank reviews its liquidity position daily. Internal and legal reports related to liquidity positions are examined in ALCO meetings monthly with the participation of senior management. Several decisions are taken related to management of short- and long-term liquidity in this scope. Internal metrics such as reserve liquidity and deposit concentration are monitored daily besides liquidity coverage rate related to measurement of liquidity coverage. Internal limit and warning level are periodically monitored and reported to related parties by the Board of Directors.

The liquidity management of the Parent Bank is decentralized; each partnership controlled by the Parent Bank is carried out independently from the Parent Bank by the authorities in charge of liquidity management. Each subsidiary subject to consolidation manages its own liquidity position separately from the Parent Bank. The amount of funds to be used by the subsidiaries from the Parent Bank is determined within the framework of the limits.

It is essential for the Bank to monitor its liquidity position and funding strategy consistently. Funding management of the Bank is carried out in line with limits and internal warning systems within the framework of ALCO decisions. Funding and placement strategies are developed through evaluating the liquidity of the Bank. Liquidity position is evaluated and funding strategy is developed taking into consideration customer based concentration and maturity levels. While developing this strategy, it is aimed to fully utilize funding from long term and consistent resources.

A large part of the Parent Bank's liabilities consists of TL, USD and EUR. Gap reports issued based on the aforementioned three currencies are presented in ALCO meetings. Maturity mismatches based on currencies are managed through FX swap and FX forward.

The Parent Bank diversifies its funding sources as customer deposits, foreign loans and bond issuance in order to reduce its liquidity risk. Measures are taken through making investments to assets having higher capacity to generate cash against liquidity crisis. The Parent Bank watches over reducing customer deposit concentration and controls concentration level daily in line with warning level approved by the Board of Directors.

ONB FİNANSBANK ANONİM SİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Liquidity life cycle approach is determined as the liquidity risk stress test methodology. This approach is a stress test to measure the period in which the Parent Bank can meet its cumulative cash outflows without providing a fund from the market. Liquidity life cycle is calculated according to various scenarios and simulated in line with possible scenarios in crisis situation and the results are reported to Risk Committee and Board of Directors.

Emergency Funding Plan (EMP) of the Parent Bank regulates funding activities to be used in liquidity crisis periods specific to the Parent Bank or in liquidity crisis at financial markets. EMP defines components triggering the crisis and early warning indicators which help to evaluate and manage the liquidity crisis and determine primary funding structure. EMP also defines actions of the Parent Bank against cash and guarantee need. In addition to aforementioned issues, EMP determines duties and responsibilities in performing actions in a liquidity crisis included in risk management and emergency funding plan. Due to the financial uncertainty caused by the coronavirus epidemic, undemonstrative liquidity management has been one of the top priorities of the Parent Bank. The Parent Bank manages LCR over the limit by keeping its high quality liquid assets at a sufficient level. Liquidity Coverage Ratio is regulated by the BRSA to make sure that the banks sustain high quality liquid asset stock to cover probable cash outflows in the short term.

All of the Group's high quality liquid assets are comprised of first quality liquid assets, most of which are CBT accounts and securities that are issued by the Turkish Treasury that have not been collateralized. Optional use of reserve levels and fluctuations in repo amount lead up to periodical variations in liquidity coverage ratio. Additionally syndication loans and large amount funds such as foreign bond issuances that have less than 1 month to maturity, lead up to short term fall in liquidity coverage ratios.

Funding sources of the Group mainly consist of deposits which constitute 55% of total liabilities of the Group (December 31, 2019 - 58%) and also include repo, secured loans, syndication, securitization, bond/security issuance and other instruments including subordinated debts.

The Group effectively uses derivative transactions to manage interest and liquidity risk. Impact of derivative cash flows in terms of liquidity coverage ratio is limited. However, FX swaps used in short term foreign currency liquidity management cause liquidity coverage ratio to fluctuate due to changes in volume and one month maturity. In addition, possible cash outflow caused by margin call requirements of derivative transactions is taken into consideration in accordance with the respective regulations.

Secured funding consists of repo and secured loan transactions. A large part of securities which are subjects of aforementioned guaranteed funding transactions consist of Sovereign Bonds issued by Treasury of the Republic of Turkey and transactions are carried out both in CBRT market and interbank market.

The Group manages all the transactions made before its foreign branches and partnership in the framework of central bank, markets and related legislation of the country in which the institutions are located. Legal lending limits and high limit transactions are closely monitored in this framework.

All cash inflow and outflow items related to liquidity profile of the Group are included in liquidity coverage ratio tables below.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

$VI. \quad Explanations \ on \ Consolidated \ Liquidity \ Risk \ Management \ and \ Consolidated \ Liquidity \ Coverage \ Ratio \ (Continued)$

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

_	Unweighte	ed Amounts (*)	Weighte	ed Amounts (*)
Current Period – March 31, 2021	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS				
1. High Quality Liquid Assets			39,043,822	26,490,221
CASH OUTFLOWS				
2. Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	100,705,465	59,123,919	9,174,323	5,912,392
3. Stable deposits	17,924,464	-	896,223	-
4. Less stable deposits	82,781,001	59,123,919	8,278,100	5,912,392
5. Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business				
Customers Deposits	34,738,846	19,839,813	19,547,072	10,685,910
6. Operational deposits	1,005,132	254,131	251,283	63,533
7. Non-Operational Deposits	27,773,585	18,442,300	14,892,529	9,697,880
8. Other Unsecured Funding	5,960,129	1,143,382	4,403,260	924,497
9. Secured funding			-	-
10. Other Cash Outflows	40,295,468	28,320,821	40,295,468	28,320,821
11. Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation				
changes on derivatives transactions	40,295,468	28,320,821	40,295,468	28,320,821
12. Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
13. Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other				
off-balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-
14. Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time				
by the Bank and other contractual commitments	52,280,657	1,336,507	2,614,033	66,825
15. Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	96,538,758	25,049,596	7,183,423	2,458,765
16. TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			78,814,319	47,444,713
CASH INFLOWS				
17. Secured Lending Transactions	310,878	92,935	-	-
18. Unsecured Lending Transactions	11,238,380	3,933,855	7,037,258	3,183,383
19. Other contractual cash inflows	38,375,105	36,565,981	38,375,105	36,565,981
20. TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	49,924,363	40,592,771	45,412,363	39,749,364
			Capped A	Amounts
21. TOTAL HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			39,043,822	26,490,221
22. TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			33,401,956	11,891,998
23. LIQUDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			116.89%	222.76%

^(*) Basic arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of values calculated by taking the monthly basic arithmetic average.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

	Unweight	ed Amounts (*)	Weight	ted Amounts (*)	
Prior Period- December 31, 2020	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1. High Quality Liquid Assets			40,843,086	27,825,730	
CASH OUTFLOWS					
2. Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	102,186,962	63,304,994	9,359,824	6,330,499	
3. Stable deposits	17,177,444	-	858,872	-	
4. Less stable deposits	85,009,518	63,304,994	8,500,952	6,330,499	
5. Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business					
Customers Deposits	38,420,138	23,838,871	21,866,203	13,428,405	
6. Operational deposits	898,324	217,596	224,581	54,399	
7. Non-Operational Deposits	31,106,175	21,385,242	16,677,209	11,384,804	
8. Other Unsecured Funding	6,415,639	2,236,033	4,964,413	1,989,202	
9. Secured funding			184,764	184,764	
10. Other Cash Outflows	46,851,069	33,962,370	46,851,069	33,962,370	
 Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation 					
changes on derivatives transactions	46,851,069	33,962,370	46,851,069	33,962,370	
12. Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-	
13. Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other off-					
balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-	
14. Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by					
the Bank and other contractual commitments	40,250,022	161,642	2,012,501	8,082	
15. Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	94,377,004	26,926,816	7,093,556	2,639,579	
16. TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	-	-	87,367,917	56,553,699	
CASH INFLOWS					
17. Secured Lending Transactions	1,372,203	99,215	-	-	
18. Unsecured Lending Transactions	10,246,741	3,550,268	6,619,077	2,972,028	
19. Other contractual cash inflows	44,973,632	43,355,658	44,973,633	43,355,659	
20. TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	56,592,576	47,005,141	51,592,710	46,327,687	
			Capped A		
21. TOTAL HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			40,843,086	27,825,730	
22. TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			35,775,207	14,147,213	
23. LIQUDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		•	114.17%	196.69%	

^(*) Basic arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of values calculated by taking the basic arithmetic average was used for calculating the average in last days of the related last three month.

Consolidated liquidity coverage ratios related to first three months of 2021 are calculated weekly and explained in the table below according to "Regulation on Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28948, dated March 21, 2014

	Maximum	Week	Minimum	Week	Average
TL+FC	141.83	26/03/2021	107.67	28/02/2021	117.03
FC	272.03	26/03/2021	191.45	15/02/2021	223.50

Liquidity coverage ratio is regulated by the BRSA to make sure that the banks sustain high quality liquid asset stock to cover probable cash outflows in the short term.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

All of the Parent Bank's high-quality liquid assets are comprised of first quality liquid assets, most of which are CBRT accounts and securities that are issued by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance that have not been collateralized. Optional use of reserve levels and fluctuations in repo amount lead up to periodical variations in liquidity coverage ratio. Additionally, syndication loans and large amount funds such as foreign bond issuances that have less than 1 month to maturity, lead up to short term fall in liquidity coverage ratios.

Funding sources of the Parent Bank mainly consist of deposits which constitute 58% of total liabilities of the Group (December 31,2020-57%) and also include repo, secured loans, syndication, securitization, bond/security issuance and other instruments including subordinated debts.

The Parent Bank effectively uses derivative transactions to manage interest and liquidity risk. Impact of derivative cash flows in terms of liquidity coverage ratio is limited. However, FX swaps used in short term foreign currency liquidity management cause liquidity coverage ratio to fluctuate due to changes in volume and one-month maturity. In addition, possible cash outflow caused by margin call requirements of derivative transactions is taken into consideration in accordance with the respective regulations.

Secured funding consists of repo and secured loan transactions. A large part of securities which are subjects of aforementioned guaranteed funding transactions consist of Sovereign Bonds issued by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance and transactions are carried out both in CBRT market and interbank market.

The Parent Bank manages all the transactions made before its foreign branches and partnership in the framework of central bank, markets and related legislation of the country in which the institutions are located. Legal lending limits and high limit transactions are closely monitored in this framework.

All cash inflow and outflow items related to liquidity profile of the Parent Bank are included in liquidity coverage ratio tables above.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

VI. Explanations on Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

		Up to 1				5 Years and		
Current Period	Demand	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	Unallocated (1)	Total
Assets								
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign								
Currency Cash, Money in								
Transit, Cheques Purchased,								
Precious Metal) and Balances								
with the T.R. Central Bank (2)	16,494,815	14,248,286	-	-	-	-	(3,658)	30,739,443
Due from Banks (3)	4,186,635	6,880,568	-	-	-	-	(29,932)	11,037,271
Financial Assets at Fair Value								
Through Profit/Loss (4)	261,756	1.090,996	1,773,968	3.051.436	5,007,770	1.156.301	_	12.342.227
Money Market Placements	_	539,528	_	-	_	_	_	539,528
Financial Assets Measured at		,						,
Fair Value through Other								
Comprehensive Income (5)	19,696	1,855	305,258	1,271,435	8,915,758	7,641,002	_	18,155,004
Loans and Receivables (6)	17,070	26,859,391	16,502,079	48,114,353	47,823,611	13.269.143	2,380,955	154,949,532
Financial Assets Measured at	-	20,039,391	10,302,079	40,114,333	47,823,011	13,209,143	2,360,933	134,949,332
Amortized Cost ⁽⁷⁾			124.844	1,278,734	11.043.966	7.044.635	(20,100)	19.472.079
Other Assets	-	2,782,090	24,824	72,470	1,601,403	125	5,950,856	19,472,079
	-							
Total Assets	20,962,902	52,402,714	18,730,973	53,788,428	74,392,508	29,111,206	8,278,121	257,666,852
Liabilities	07.224	1.074.240	1 422 446	145 670				2 640 700
Bank Deposits	97,334	1,974,340	1,432,446	145,670	-	-	-	3,649,790
Other Deposits	52,616,691	65,551,029	20,496,571	5,441,773	404,521	178	-	144,510,763
Funds Borrowed	-	1,327,095	4,748,405	13,990,141	10,668,813	397,290	4,476,200	35,607,944
Money Market Borrowings	-	3,115,051	1,951,423	5,104,486	3,012,064	1,298,441	-	14,481,465
Securities Issued	-	1,293,250	870,343	997,959	12,480,260	-	-	15,641,812
Miscellaneous Payables		12,671,955			.	-	-	12,671,955
Other Liabilities (8)	120,601	3,926,243	677,742	1,245,496	2,452,743	2,098,087	20,582,211	31,103,123
Total Liabilities	52,834,626	89,858,963	30,176,930	26,925,525	29,018,401	3,793,996	25,058,411	257,666,852
Liquidity Excess / Gap	(31,871,724)	(37,456,249)	(11,445,957)	26,862,903	45,374,107	25,317,210	(16,780,290)	-
Net Off- Balance Sheet Position								
(9)	-	330,488	436,413	2,250,508	2,904,579	42,583	-	5,964,571
Receivables from financial								
derivative instruments	-	29,739,261	22,445,538	23,267,174	45,722,258	35,807,460	-	156,981,691
Liabilities from derivative								
financial instruments	-	29,408,773	22,009,125	21,016,666	42,817,679	35,764,877	-	151,017,120
Non-Cash Loans (10)	-	2,632,171	6,362,306	14,519,386	7,209,119	660,649	5,428,808	36,812,439
Prior period								
Total Assets	15,622,765	48,970,236	17,747,721	47.518.042	67.651.173	28,827,382	8,682,402	235,019,721
Total Liabilities	50,138,957	82,812,471	24,535,753	19,744,618	26,620,789	5,849,926	25,317,207	235,019,721
Liquidity Excess / Gap	(34,516,192)	(33,842,235)	(6,788,032)	27,773,424	41,030,384	22,977,456	(16,634,805)	-
N. Off D. I. Gl. (D. W.								
Net Off- Balance Sheet Position	_	(1,156,689)	(915,308)	1,260,404	1,906,623	27,800	_	1,122,830
Receivables from financial		(-, =, = 3)	(,- 30)	-,,,-	-,,	,500		-,,500
derivative instruments	_	42,886,011	26,710,279	14,308,819	40,026,017	32,234,805	_	156,165,931
Liabilities from derivative	_	12,000,011	20,710,277	14,500,017	70,020,017	32,234,003	_	130,103,731
financial instruments		44.042.700	27,625,587	13,048,415	38,119,394	32,207,005		155,043,101
Non-Cash Loans (10)		2,300,896	3,178,517	14,212,232	4,524,946	565,058	8,343,292	33,124,941
Non-Cash Loans	-	4,300,090	3,170,317	14,414,434	4,324,340	303,038	0,343,494	33,124,941

The assets which are necessary to provide banking services and could not be liquidated in the short-term, such as fixed assets, investments in subsidiaries and associates, office stationery, and prepaid expenses are classified under this column. Unallocated other liabilities include equities amount of TL 19,605,526 and also include amount of TL 1,044,429 unallocated provisions and TL 28,339 current tax liabilities.

⁽²⁾ Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased, Precious Metal) and Balances with the T.R. Central Bank include expected loss provisions amounting to TL 3,658.

Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 29,932.

⁽⁴⁾ Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss includes fair value derivative financial assets through profit loss amounting to TL 11,837,064 (December 31, 2020 – TL 7,828,471).

⁽⁵⁾ Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income includes fair value derivative financial assets through other comprehensive income amounting to TL 2,097,217 (December 31, 2020 – TL 1,400,686).

⁽⁶⁾ Loans and receivables include leasing and factoring receivables.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include TL 20,100 of expected loss provisions.

⁽⁸⁾ Other Liabilities include Derivative Financial Liabilities amounting to TL 6,477,591 includes derivative financial liabilities reflected in FVOCI.

⁽⁹⁾ Liquidity excess / (deficit) related to Derivative Financial Instruments constituting Net Off-Balance positions are included in Liquidity Excess / (deficit) through valuations of related transactions to balance sheet.

Amounts related to letter of guarantees represent contractual maturities and amounts included in aforementioned maturities and they have on demand and optionally withdrawable nature.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

VII. Explanations on Consolidated Leverage Ratio

a) Information in regard to the differences between current period and prior period leverage ratio:

The Group's leverage ratio, calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Bank's Leverage Levels" is 6.78% (December 31, 2020: 6.60%). Subject level is above the minimum requirement which is determined as 3% by the regulation. Difference between current period and prior period leverage ratios is mostly due to increase in risk amounts of balance sheet asset items.

b) Summary comparative table for total asset and total risk amount in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS:

		Current Period (**)	Prior Period (**)
1	Total asset amount in consolidated financial statements prepared in		
	accordance with TFRS (*)	241,484,175	239,576,091
2	Difference between total asset amount in consolidated financial statements		
	prepared in accordance with TFRS and total asset amount in consolidated		
	financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on the		
	Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements	547,457	539,424
3	Difference between risk amounts and amounts in consolidated financial		
	statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on the Preparation		
	of Consolidated Financial Statements of derivative financial instruments and		
	credit derivatives	1,570,077	1,708,901
4	Difference between risk amounts and amounts in consolidated financial		
	statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on the Preparation		
	of Consolidated Financial Statements of investment securities or financial		
	transaction that are commodity collateralized	72,794	11,722,092
5	Difference between risk amounts and amounts in consolidated financial		
	statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on the Preparation		
	of Consolidated Financial Statements of off-balance transactions	109,800,248	102,348,594
6	Other differences between risk amounts and amounts in consolidated		
	financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on the		
	Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements	(887,470)	(847,141)
7	Total Risk Amount	352,587,281	355,047,961

^(*) Consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the 5th clause and 6th subclause of Communique on the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements.

^(**) Amounts presented above represent the arithmetic average of the last three months.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP (Continued)

VII. Explanations on Consolidated Leverage Ratio (Continued)

c) Leverage ratio public disclosure template:

The table related to leverage ratio calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Bank's Leverage Levels" published in Official Gazette dated November 5, 2013 and numbered 28812 is below:

	Book V	alue
	Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
Assets on Balance sheet		
Assets on Balance sheet (except for derivative financial instruments and credit		
derivatives, including guarantees)	231,741,220	228,404,635
(Assets deducted from capital stock)	887,470	847,141
Total risk amount related to Assets on Balance sheet	230,853,750	227,557,494
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
Replacement cost of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	10,290,412	11,710,880
Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	1,570,077	1,708,901
Total risk amount related to derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	11,860,489	13,419,781
Financial transactions having security or commodity collateral		
Risk amount of financial transactions having security or commodity collateral	2,570	14,346
Risk amount sourcing from transactions mediated	70,224	11,707,746
Total risk amount related to financial transactions having security or commodity		
collateral	72,794	11,722,092
Off-Balance sheet Transaction		
Gross nominal amount of off-balance sheet transactions	158,789,966	140,280,531
(Adjustment amount sourcing from multiplying to credit conversion rates)	48,989,718	37,931,937
Total risk amount related to off-balance sheet transactions	109,800,248	102,348,594
Capital and Total Risk		
Core Capital	23,917,564	23,421,166
Amount of total risk	352,587,281	355,047,961
Financial leverage ratio		
Financial leverage ratio	6.78%	6.60%

^(*) Amounts stated in table shows the last three months averages of the related period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations And Disclosures Related To Consolidated Assets

1. a) Information on cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	495,089	2,928,148	616,300	1,486,250
T.R. Central Bank	1,201,953	25,895,098	1,811,815	23,368,532
Others	94,171	128,642	77,629	45,935
Total	1,791,213	28,951,888	2,505,744	24,900,717

b) Information related to the balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current Period		Prior Per	riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposits	1,201,953	11,646,811	1,811,815	9,884,092
Restricted Time Deposits	-	14,248,287	-	13,484,440
Total	1,201,953	25,895,098	1,811,815	23,368,532

As of March 31, 2021, amount of TL 3,658 (December 31, 2020 – TL 3,399) provision provided for the account T.R. Central Bank.

As of 31 March 2021, our bank has been appointed to CBRT. depending on the maturity structure, the required reserve rates for TL liabilities vary between 3% and 8% for TL deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities. The reserve rates for foreign currency liabilities vary between 5% and 21% for deposit and other foreign currency liabilities, Gold deposit liabilities vary between 18% and 22% for gold liabilities according to their maturities.

In accordance with the "Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements" at CBRT, the reserve requirements can be maintained as TL, USD, EUR and standard gold. As of March 31, 2021, the Bank received an interest rate since the Bank reaches to a credit growth rate of 13.5%.

2. Further information on financial assets at fair value through profit/loss (net amounts are expressed):

a) Information on financial assets at fair value through profit/loss subject to repo agreements and given as collateral or blocked:

	Current Per	riod	Prior Perio	od
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Given as Collateral/blocked	-	20,217	-	16,933
Subject to repurchase agreement	4,241	-	-	-
Total	4,241	20,217	-	16,933

b) Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for trading:

	Current Period		Prior Peri	iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	95,749	-	150,165	-
Swap Transactions	4,759,594	1,545,113	2,598,768	1,660,617
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	2,853	160,614	102	161,465
Total	4,858,196	1,705,727	2,749,035	1,822,082

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. a) Information on banks accounts:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	1,039,199	10,028,004	38,518	1,477,238
Domestic	1,039,045	73,945	38,361	127,763
Foreign	154	9,954,059	157	1,349,475
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	1,039,199	10,028,004	38,518	1,477,238

Amount of TL 29,932 provision established for banks account as of March 31, 2020 (December 31, 2020 – TL 10,189). In accordance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts, which became effective as of January 1, 2021, foreign bank guarantees amounting to TL 5,858,175 as of the balance sheet date, which were among the other assets of the previous period, are reported in the line of foreign banks in the current period, the average maturity of these guarantees is 1 for months.

b) Information on foreign bank accounts:

	Unrestricted Amount		Restricted Am	ount (**)
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
EU Countries	802,037	604,462	4,834,019	4,423
USA and Canada	3,241,798	692,396	912,863	-
OECD Countries (*)	9,845	2,865	-	-
Off-shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-
Other	37,348	45,486	116,303	-
Total	4,091,028	1,345,209	5,863,185	4,423

^(*) Include OECD countries other than the EU countries, USA and Canada.

4. Information on receivables from Reverse Repurchase Agreements

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From domestic transactions	30,016	-	250,154	-
T.R. Central Bank	-	-	-	-
Banks	30,016	-	250,124	-
Brokerage Houses	-	-	-	-
Financial institutions and organizations	-	-	-	-
Other institutions and organizations	-	-	30	-
Real persons	-	-	-	-
From foreign transactions	-	105,100	-	92,610
Central Banks	-	-	-	-
Banks	-	105,100	-	92,610
Brokerage Houses	-	-	-	-
Financial institutions and organizations	-	-	-	-
Other institutions and organizations	-	-	-	-
Real persons	-	-	-	-
Total	30,016	105,100	250,154	92,610

^(**) Includes blocked placements amounting to TL 5,010 at foreign banks (December 31, 2020 - TL 4,423) for the funds borrowed from foreign banks.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Information on Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income:

a) Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral /blocked

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Given as Collateral / Blocked	664,030	352,923	920,138	303,114
Subject to repurchase agreements	560,652	8,041,062	27,227	7,627,357
Total	1,224,682	8,393,985	947,365	7,930,471

b) Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	17,036,408	15,282,501
Quoted on a stock exchange (*)	17,036,408	15,282,501
Unquoted on a stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates	20,404	16,806
Quoted on a stock exchange	12,562	9,025
Unquoted on a stock exchange	7,842	7,781
Impairment provision (-)(**)	(999,025)	(109,193)
Total	16,057,787	15,190,114

^(*) The Eurobond Portfolio amounting to TL 3,181,148 (December 31, 2020 - TL 3,176,047) which is accounted for as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income were hedged under fair value hedge accounting starting from March and April 2009. The mentioned financial assets are accounted for as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income in order to be in line with balance sheet presentation.

6. Information related to loans:

a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Parent Bank:

	Current Period		Prior 1	Period
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	52,038	2,500	45,878
Corporate Shareholders	-	52,038	2,500	45,878
Individual Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans Granted to Employees (*)	143,722	-	149,520	-
Total	143,722	52,038	152,020	45,878

^(*) Includes advances given to the bank personnel.

^(**) As of March 31, 2021, amount of TL 2,630 (December 31,2020 – TL 2,083) provision provided for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income account.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Information related to loans: (Continued)

b) Performing loans and loans under follow-up including restructured or rescheduled loans, and other receivables

b.1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

		Loans Under Close Monitoring(*)				
	_	Restructured Loans and Receivable				
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Loans and Receivables	Loans and Receivables			
	and Other	Not Subject to	with Revised Contract			
	Receivables	Restructuring	Terms	Refinance		
Non-Specialized Loans	131,802,387	6,466,365	425,683	8,554,553		
Enterprise Loans	2,124,104	11,554	-	-		
Export Loans	5,946,615	14,841	-	-		
Import Loans	6,669	-	-	-		
Financial Sector Loans	2,328,988	-	-	-		
Consumer Loans	29,498,128	1,163,064	214,626	568,757		
Credit Cards	20,206,764	1,515,295	-	295,870		
Other	71,691,119	3,761,611	211,057	7,689,926		
Specialized Loans	-	-	-			
Other Receivables		-	-	<u>-</u>		
Total	131,802,387	6,466,365	425,683	8,554,553		

^(*) For the Loans and Receivables classified as Stage 2 whose past due days exceed 90 days but less than 180 days and which is disclosed in the third section footnote numbered VIII, TL 946,447 (31 December 2020 - TL 929,407) and TL 539,340 provision was allocated. (31 December 2020 - TL 549,594).

	Loans Under Close
Standard Loans	Monitoring
1,392,219	-
-	3,015,692
1,053,915	-
-	2,965,900
	1,392,219

b.2) Loans measured at fair value through profit/loss

The Parent Bank has classified the loan amounted to TL 133,115 (December 31, 2020 – TL 116,829) under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with TFRS 9.

c) Loans with amortized cost and other receivables according to their maturity structure:

		Loans Under Close Monitoring		
		Loans Not Subject to		
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Restructuring	Restructured Loans	
Short-term Loans	52,530,553	1,515,295	295,870	
Medium and Long-term Loans	79,271,834	4,951,070	8,684,366	
Total	131,802,387	6,466,365	8,980,236	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Information related to loans: (Continued)

d) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	1,105,525	28,009,970	29,115,495
Housing Loans	2,475	3,628,256	3,630,731
Automobile Loans	2,473	26,482	26,926
Personal Need Loans	1,102,606	24,355,232	25,457,838
Other	1,102,000	24,333,232	23,437,636
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed		1,885	1,885
Housing Loans	-	1,720	1,720
Automobile Loans		1,720	1,720
Personal Need Loans	-	165	165
Other	-	103	103
Consumer Loans-FC		_	_
Housing Loans		_	
Automobile Loans	_	_	_
Personal Need Loans		_	_
Other		_	_
Individual Credit Cards-TL	16,341,401	412,781	16,754,182
Installment	5,666,309	308,254	5,974,563
Non- Installment	10,675,092	104,527	10,779,619
Individual Credit Cards-FC	21,727	61	21,788
Installment		-	21,700
Non- Installment	21,727	61	21,788
Personnel Loans-TL	8,407	79,246	87,653
Housing Loans	-	72	72
Automobile Loans	_	-	, 2
Personal Need Loans	8,407	79,174	87,581
Other	-	77,174	07,501
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	_	_	_
Housing Loans	_	_	_
Automobile Loans	_	_	_
Personal Need Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-FC	_	_	_
Housing Loans	_	_	_
Automobile Loans	_	_	_
Personal Need Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	52,036	509	52,545
Installment	18.405	180	18,585
Non-Installment	33,631	329	33,960
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	91	-	91
Installment	-	-	-
Non-Installment	91	-	91
Overdraft Accounts-TL (Real Persons)	2,130,849	108,693	2,239,542
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Real Persons)	_,,		
Total	19,660,036	28,613,145	48,273,181
	17,000,000	20,010,110	10,275,101

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Information related to loans: (Continued)

e) Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards

		Medium and	
	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Commercial Loans with Installment Facility – TL	1,588,532	17,752,791	19,341,323
Real Estate Loans	977	239,302	240,279
Automobile Loans	9,120	399,018	408,138
Personal Need Loans	1,578,435	17,114,471	18,692,906
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Installment Facility - FC Indexed	-	471,125	471,125
Real Estate Loans	-	3,943	3,943
Automobile Loans	-	4,927	4,927
Personal Need Loans	-	462,255	462,255
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Installment Facility - FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
Personal Need Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards -TL	5,081,732	105,945	5,187,677
Installment	2,061,616	76,373	2,137,989
Non-Installment	3,020,116	29,572	3,049,688
Corporate Credit Cards –FC	1,641	5	1,646
Installment	-	-	-
Non-Installment	1,641	5	1,646
Overdraft Accounts-TL (Legal Entities)	1,090,630	6,226	1,096,856
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Legal Entities)	-	-	-
Total	7,762,535	18,336,092	26,098,627

f) Allocation of loans by customers(*):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Public	-	-
Private	147,248,988	138,974,639
Total	147,248,988	138,974,639

^(*) The table does not include non-performing loan amount.

g) Allocation of domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	146,089,310	137,833,837
Foreign Loans	1,159,678	1,140,802
Total	147,248,988	138,974,639

^(*) The table does not include non-performing loan amount.

h) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	1,660,237	1,256,220
Indirect Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	-	-
Total	1,660,237	1,256,220

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Information related to loans: (Continued)

i) Specific provisions for loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provisions		
Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	424,401	529,166
Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	432,663	313,178
Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	6,300,643	6,290,728
Total	7,157,707	7,133,072

j) Non-performing loans (NPLs) (Net):

j.1) Non-performing loans restructured or rescheduled and other receivables:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible Loans
	Receivables with	Receivables with Doubtful	and Other
	Limited Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Current Period			
Gross Amounts Before the Provisions	79,221	34,709	246,207
Restructured Loans	79,221	34,709	246,207
Prior Period			
Gross Amounts Before the Provisions	38,242	44,862	316,399
Restructured Loans	38,242	44,862	316,399

j.2) Movement of non-performing loans

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Loans and Other
	Limited Collectability	Doubtful Collectability	Receivables
Prior Period End Balance	970,934	550,502	8,001,930
Additions (+)	56,859	378,747	53,584
Transfers from Other Categories of Non-Performing Loans (+)	67,953	157,932	275,853
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-Performing Loans (-)	157,931	275,854	67,953
Collections (-)	48,784	41,176	383,857
Non-registered (-)	-	-	77
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-
Debt Sells	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Current Period End Balance	889,031	770,151	7,879,480
Specific Provision (-)	424,401	432,663	6,300,643
Net Balances on Balance Sheet	464,630	337,488	1,578,837

j.3) Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans:

None (December 31, 2020 – None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Information related to loans: (Continued)

j.4) Breakdown of non-performing loans according to their gross and net values

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Uncollectible Loans
	Limited	Doubtful	and Other
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Current Period (Net)	464,630	337,488	1,578,837
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	889,031	770,151	7,653,435
Provision (-)	424,401	432,663	6,074,598
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	464,630	337,488	1,578,837
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	226,045
Provision (-)	-	-	226,045
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)	441,768	237,324	1,711,202
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	970,934	550,502	7,789,721
Specific provision (-)	529,166	313,178	6,078,519
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	441,768	237,324	1,711,202
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	212,209
Specific provision (-)	-	-	212,209
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	=	_

	III. Group	IV. Group Loans and Other	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability	Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Interest accruals and valuation differences	397,762	118,374	722,188
Provision amount (-)	205,701	64,092	506,416
Prior Period (Net)			
Interest accruals and valuation differences	441,513	61,920	705,452
Provision amount (-)	240,067	32,732	497,744

k) Liquidation policy for uncollectible loans and other receivables:

For the unrecoverable non-performing loans under legal follow up, the loan quality, collateral quality, bona fide of the debtor and assessment of the emergency of legal follow up are considered, before applying the best practice for unrecoverable non-performing loans under legal follow up. The Parent Bank prefers to liquidate the risk through negotiations with the debtors as well as The Parent Bank starts the legal procedures for the liquidation of the risk. Ongoing legal follow up procedures do not prevent negotiations with the debtors. An agreement is made with the debtor at all stage of the negotiations for the liquidation of the risk.

l) Explanations on write-off policy:

The Group's general policy for write-offs of loans and receivables under follow-up is to write of such loans and receivables that are proven to be uncollectible in legal follow-up process.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. Information on factoring receivables:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short Term	2,124,726	335,896	1,858,719	338,166
Medium and Long Term	10,097	-	13,562	-
Total	2,134,823	335,896	1,872,281	338,166

Changes in provision for non-performing factoring receivables are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Prior Period End Balance	82,531	83,938
Provided Provision / (reversal), Net	4,325	11,779
Collections	(2,296)	(13,186)
Write-offs	-	-
Provision at the End of Period	84,560	82,531

8. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

a) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost which are subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral/blocked:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Given as Collateral / Blocked	1,721,361	15,445	1,943,581	-
Subject to repurchase agreements	614,694	8,749,423	3,545,946	7,500,243
Total	2,336,055	8,764,868	5,489,527	7,500,243

b) Information on government debt securities measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government Bond	9,595,035	9,094,273	9,559,633	8,413,913
Treasury Bill	-	-	-	-
Other Public Sector Debt Securities	-	162,721	-	208,029
Total	9,595,035	9,256,994	9,559,633	8,621,942

c) Information on investments securities measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt Securities	9,595,035	9,897,144	9,559,633	9,183,723
Publicly-traded	9,595,035	9,897,144	9,559,633	9,183,723
Non-publicly traded	· · · · -	· · · · -	-	-
Provision for losses (-)	-	-	-	-
Total	9,595,035	9,897,144	9,559,633	9,183,723

d) Movement of investments measured at amortized cost within the period:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	18,743,356	16,181,302
Exchange differences on monetary assets	1,147,354	1,745,496
Acquisitions during the year	955,110	2,333,458
Disposals through sales and redemptions	(1,525,243)	(2,260,925)
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Valuation Effect	171,602	744,025
The sum of end of the period	19,492,179	18,743,356

As of March 31, 2021, a provision amounting to TL 20,100 (December 31, 2020 – TL 10,156) is provided for the financial assets measured at amortized cost.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. Information on investments in associates (Net):

9.1. Information on unconsolidated associates:

Description	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's Share-If Different, Voting Rights (%)	Bank's Risk Group Share (%)
Bankalararası Kart Merkezi (BKM) (*)	Istanbul/Turkey	4.52	4.52
Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş. (*)	Istanbul/Turkey	2.86	2.86

				Income on			
	Shareholder	Total Fixed	Interest	Securities	Current Period	Prior Period	Company's
Total Assets	's Equity	Assets	Income	Portfolio	Profit/Loss	Profit/Loss	Fair Value
292,614	234,941	88,106	12,056	-	53,042	26,624	-
34,723	27,961	26,022	639	-	2,467	6,146	-

^(*) Current period information is based on December 31, 2020 financials. Prior period profit and loss amounts are based on December 31, 2019 financials.

9.2. Movements of investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of Period	14,027	5,982
Movements During the Period	-	8,045
Acquisitions	-	-
Bonus Shares Received	-	8,045
Dividends From Current Year Profit	-	-
Sales	-	-
Reclassifications	-	-
Increase/Decrease in Market Values	-	-
Currency Differences on Foreign Associates	-	-
Impairment Losses (-)	-	<u>-</u>
Balance at the End of the Period	14,027	14,027
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the end of the Period	•	-

9.3. Sectoral information on investments and associates, and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Associates	14,027	14,027
Total	14,027	14,027

9.4. Quoted Associates:

None (December 31, 2020 - None).

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(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9.5. Valuation of investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Valued at Cost	14,027	14,027
Valued at Fair Value	-	-
Valued at Equity Method	-	-
Total	14,027	14,027

9.6. Investments in associates sold during the current period:

None (December 31, 2020 - None).

9.7. Investments on subsidiaries (Net):

a) Information on the Parent Bank's unconsolidated subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries below have not been consolidated since they are Non-financial investments, they are instead valued by cost method.

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's Share – If Different, Voting	Bank's Risk Group Share (%)
	Ibtech Uluslararası Bilisim ve İletisim Teknolojileri	(City/Country)	Rights (70)	Group Share (70)
1.	Araştırma, Geliştirme, Danışmanlık, Destek San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Istanbul/Turkey	99.91
2.	EFINANS Elektronik Ticaret ve Bilişim Hizmetleri A.Ş	Istanbul/Turkey	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00

		Shareholder'	Total Fixed	Interest	Income on Securities	Current Period	Prior Period	Company's
(*)	Total Assets	s Equity	Assets	Income	Portfolio	Profit/Loss	Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1.	61,567	14,686	33,835	-	-	2,934	(3,698)	-
2.	32,739	15,763	5,825	705		3,003	(3,490)	-

b) Information on the Parent Bank's consolidated subsidiaries:

b.1) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries:

		Address	Bank's Risk	
	Subsidiary	(City/Country)	Rights (%)	Group Share (%)
1.	QNB Finans Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99.80	100.00
2.	QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99.40	99.40
3.	Hemenal Finansman A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
4.	QNB Finans Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	75.01	100.00
5.	QNB Finans Faktoring A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99.99	100.00
6.	QNB Finans Varlık Kiralama Şirketi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	-	100.00

Information on subsidiaries in the order as presented in the table above:

					Income on	Current		
		Shareholders	Total Fixed	Interest	Securities	Period	Prior Period	Company's
	Total Assets	' Equity	Assets	Income	Portfolio	Profit/Loss	Profit/Loss	Fair Value(*)
1.	1,164,366	420,830	13,047	46,891	1,272	57,895	32,419	485,479
2.	8,358,986	1,076,872	9,877	182,880	-	39,130	37,459	778,390
3.	27,183	26,347	-	1,015	-	696	5,806	26,347
4.	46,199	41,880	647	760	-	2,984	2,436	47,678
5.	2,555,638	216,650	12,516	95,153	-	14,797	10,394	290,348
6.	336	327	_	_	_	(56)	33	_

^{*)} The subsidiary, Hemenal Finansman A.Ş., was decided to be sold in accordance with the Board of Directors decision taken on October 19, 2020, and the approval of the BRSA was obtained as of the date of the balance sheet. As of 31 March 2021, they are classified in the line of "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" of the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9.7. Investments on subsidiaries (Net): (Continued)

b.2) Movement schedule for consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	1,558,470	1,212,068
Movements during the Period	43,425	346,402
Bonus Shares Received	-	-
Dividends from Current Year Profit	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Changes Due to Reclassification	(25,651)	-
Revaluation Difference	69,076	346,402
Impairment Provision	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	1,601,895	1,558,470
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the end of the Period (%)	-	-

^(*) In the current period financial statements, Hemenal Finansman A.Ş has been started to be monitored in the Fixed Assets Related to Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations account, and it is shown in the Reclassification line.

b.3) Sectoral information on consolidated financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Factoring Companies	290,348	287,677
Leasing Companies	778,390	758,848
Finance Companies	-	25,650
Other Subsidiaries	533,157	486,295
Total	1,601,895	1,558,470

The balances of the subsidiaries have been eliminated as part of the consolidation principles.

b.4) Subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted on Domestic Stock Exchanges	778,390	758,848
Quoted on International Stock Exchanges	-	-
Total	778,390	758,848

b.5) Explanation to capital adequacy of the significant subsidiaries

None.

10. Information on joint ventures:

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's Share-If different, Voting Rights (%)	Bank's Risk Group Share (%)
1.	Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	49.00	49.00
2.	Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik			
	Hizmetleri A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	33.33	33.33

						Current		
		Shareholders	Total Fixed	Interest	Securities	Period	Prior Period	Company's
	Total Assets	' Equity	Asset	Income	Income	Profit/Loss	Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1.(*)	2,057,407	327,631	37,314	-	-	41,005	36,792	279,608
2.	154,185	101,602	45,319	_	-	3,145	5,761	-

^(*) Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş., which is among the joint ventures of the Parent Bank, is accounted by the fair value method in the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards.

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(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. Information on lease receivables (Net):

11.1 Maturity analysis of financial lease receivables:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	3,330,765	2,773,920	2,895,127	2,422,825
Between 1-4 years	4,905,084	4,229,785	4,783,923	4,075,716
Over 4 years	690,378	653,549	715,169	674,257
Total	8,926,227	7,657,254	8,394,219	7,172,798

Finance lease receivables include non-performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 319,675 (December 31, 2020 – TL 315,965) and specific provisions amounting to TL 188,499 (December 31, 2020 – TL 175,025).

Changes in non-performing finance lease receivables provision are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
End of the prior period	175,025	147,827
Provided provision / (reversal), Net	17,150	75,531
Collections	(3,676)	(4,687)
Written-off	-	(43,646)
Provision at the end of the period	188,499	175,025

11.2 Information on net Investment on Financial Lease

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross Finance Lease Investments	8,910,785	8,376,480
Unearned Finance Income (-)	1,253,531	1,203,682
Cancelled Leasing Agreements (-)	-	<u>-</u>
Net Investment on Leases	7,657,254	7,172,798

11.3 Information of finance lease contracts of the Parent Bank

The leasing balances between the Parent Bank and the subsidiaries have been eliminated as part of the consolidation principles.

12. Information on hedging derivative financial assets:

	Current Period (***)		Prior	Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair Value Hedge (*)	5,026,086	247,055	2,967,614	289,740	
Cash Flow Hedge (**)	1,859,039	238,178	1,143,010	257,676	
Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-	
Total	6,885,125	485,233	4,110,624	547,416	

^(*) Derivative financial instruments designated for the fair value hedge purposes comprise of swaps. As of March 31, 2021, TL 5,026,086 (December 31, 2020 - TL 2,967,614) from securities, TL 247,055 (December 31, 2020 - TL 289,740) from loans, represents the fair value of derivatives which are designated as hedging instruments to hedge the fair value. In the current period, derivative financial instruments used in hedging the fair value risk of securities (December 31, 2020 - TL none) and borrowings (December 31, 2020 - TL none) do not have fair value.

13. Information on the investment properties:

None (December 31, 2020- None).

^(**) Represents the fair value of derivatives which are the hedging instruments of deposits and floating dividends' cash flow risk.

^(***) At derivative financial assets for fair value hedge has shown at line 1.4.1. and derivative financial assets for cash flow hedge presented at line 1.4.2 in financial statements.

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(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. Information on tax asset

As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has TL 964,794 deferred tax asset calculated under the related regulations.

According to TAS 12, the deferred tax assets and liabilities of the consolidated subsidiaries are netted off separately in their financial statements. As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has deferred tax assets amounting to TL 2,772,221 and deferred tax liabilities amounting to TL 1,825,427, which arise between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the tax bases determined in accordance with tax legislation and calculated over the amounts to be taken into account in the calculation of financial profit / the tax liability is netted and recorded.

In cases whereby deferred tax differences arising from the differences between the carrying amounts and the taxable amounts of the assets subjected to deferred tax that are related with certain items under the shareholders' equity accounts, the deferred tax benefits/charges are netted under these accounts. The deferred tax assets amounting to TL 71,794 are netted under equity. (December 31, 2020 – TL 39,419 deferred tax assets).

	Accumulated Temporary Differences		Deferred Assets/(Lia	
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Provision for Employee Rights	676,966	631,149	135,393	126,230
Difference Between the Book Value of Financial				
Assets and Tax Base	2,095,006	1,380,136	419,001	276,027
Other (*)	11,089,133	5,156,827	2,217,827	1,034,795
Deferred Tax Assets			2,772,221	1,437,052
Difference Between the Book Value Financial				
Assets and Tax Base	(377,317)	(381,463)	(75,463)	(76,293)
Difference Between the Book Value of Financial				
Assets and Tax Base	(8,218,483)	(1,265,063)	(1,643,697)	(253,012)
Other	(523,844)	(368,326)	(106,267)	(73,665)
Deferred Tax Liabilities			(1,825,427)	(402,970)
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities), Net			946,794	1,034,082

^(*) Includes expected loss provision and accumulated temporary differences for other provisions.

	Current Period	Prior Period
	01.01-31.03.2021	01.01-31.03.2020
Deferred Tax as of January 1 Asset/ (Liability)- Net	1,034,082	445,244
Deferred Tax (Loss) / Gain	(159,082)	(169,058)
Deferred Tax that is Realized Under Shareholder's Equity	71,794	365,938
Deferred Tax Asset/ (Liability) – Net	946,794	642,124

15. Information on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has removed Hemenal Finansman A.Ş. from its Subsidiaries account and started to monitor it under the account of Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The related subsidiary has been consolidated on the assets and liabilities part of the balance sheet and the accounts subject to sales transactions in the income statement within the scope of consolidation. (31 December 2020 - None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. Information on other assets:

Other assets item of the balance sheet does not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet excluding of the off balance sheet commitments.

As of March 31, 2021, provision allocated for other assets amounting to TL 10,196 (December 31, 2020 – TL 8,033).

17. Information on accrued interest and income

The details of interest and income accruals and rediscounts distributed on the related accounts and the details of the unrealized fair value increases (decreases) are presented in the table below.

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Derivative Financial Assets	11,743,321	2,190,960	6,859,659	2,369,498
Loans	3,596,890	1,027,583	3,550,643	788,150
Securities Measured at Amortized Cost	364,081	113,338	464,532	145,944
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income	11,505	(727,615)	157,628	199,644
T.R. Central Bank	58,467	-	23,626	-
Receivables from Leasing Transactions	-	-	-	-
Banks	875	-	183	1
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	(578)	(2,107)	37	1,182
Other Accruals	204,988	180	69,085	522
Total	15,979,549	2,602,339	11.125,393	3,504,941

II. Explanations And Disclosures Related To Consolidated Liabilities

1. Information on maturity structure of deposits:

Current Period

	Demand	7 Days Notice	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	1 Year and Over	Accumulated Deposit Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits	6,610,602	-	9,772,058	20,927,059	3,562,054	1,321,094	1,298,295	910	43,492,072
Foreign Currency	27,058,440	-	5,272,414	29,697,379	3,038,245	1,012,148	1,913,311	4,189	67,996,126
Residents in Turkey	25,612,633	-	5,208,594	28,927,013	2,835,183	969,795	1,416,017	4,189	64,973,424
Residents Abroad	1,445,807	-	63,820	770,366	203,062	42,353	497,294	_	3,022,702
Public Sector Deposits	490,008	-	3,456	549	954	-	-	-	494,967
Commercial Deposits	4,052,850		5,079,898	6,293,817	862,979	271,870	14,095	-	16,575,509
Other Ins. Deposits	73,624	-	31,737	446,464	101,632	171,644	463	-	825,564
Precious Metal Deposits	14,331,167	-	· -	66,163	3,812	7,432	717,951	-	15,126,525
Bank Deposits	97,334		1,932,266	1,474,521	137,084	8,585	´ -	-	3,649,790
T.R. Central Bank	´ -	-	· · · -	, , , <u>-</u>	´ -	´ -	-	_	-
Domestic Banks	5,042	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	5,042
Foreign Banks	86,833	-	1,932,266	1,474,521	137,084	8,585	-	_	3,639,289
Participation Banks	5,459	_	-	-	· -		_	_	5,459
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	52,714,025	_	22,091,829	58,905,952	7,706,760	2,792,773	3,944,115	5,099	148,160,553

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. Information on maturity structure of deposits: (Continued)

Prior Period

								Accumulated	
		7 Days	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6-12	1 Year and	Deposit	
	Demand	Notice	Month	Months	Months	Months	Over	Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits	5,796,641		8,108,215	17,597,011	1,513,801	780,673	1,205,634	921	35,002,896
Foreign Currency	25,240,385		5,436,916	26,109,923	3,260,457	714,797	1,577,949	3,652	62,344,079
Residents in Turkey	24,144,299	-	5,378,006	25,593,977	3,059,338	680,693	1,159,552	3,652	60,019,517
Residents Abroad	1,096,086	-	58,910	515,946	201,119	34,104	418,397	-	2,324,562
Public Sector Deposits	254,718		10,239	284	1,212	-	-	-	266,453
Commercial Deposits	3,790,736		3,177,846	4,803,343	158,876	99,557	7,175	-	12,037,533
Other Ins. Deposits	70,423	-	39,727	342,170	2,136	101,130	464	-	556,050
Precious Metal Deposits	14,766,037		634	65,986	14,492	4,545	632,807	-	15,484,501
Bank Deposits	123,020	-	3,436,159	1,006,657	17,508	-	-	-	4,583,344
T.R. Central Bank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	3,432	-	146,810	-	-	-	-	-	150,242
Foreign Banks	115,234	-	3,289,349	1,006,657	17,508	-	-	-	4,428,748
Participation Banks	4,354	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,354
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	50,041,960	-	20,209,736	49,925,374	4,968,482	1,700,702	3,424,029	4,573	130,274,856

1.1. Information on savings deposits under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund and the total amount of the deposits exceeding the insurance coverage limit

	Covered by		Exceeding the	
	Deposit Insura	nce Fund	Deposit Insura	nce Limit
		Prior		Prior
	Current Period	Period	Current Period	Period
Saving Deposits	21,821,724	18,829,545	21,767,669	16,297,157
Foreign Currency Savings Deposits	15,927,201	17,246,257	41,799,589	39,206,519
Other Saving Deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance				
Coverage	-	-	-	-
Off-Shore Deposits Under Foreign Insurance				
Coverage	-	-	-	-
Total	37,748,925	36,075,802	63,567,258	55,503,676

1.2. Savings deposits in Turkey are not covered under insurance in another country since the headquarter of the Group is not located abroad.

1.3. Savings deposits that are not covered under the guarantee of deposit insurance fund:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposits and accounts in branches abroad	14,451	12,838
Deposits of ultimate shareholders and their close family members	-	-
Deposits of chairman and members of the Board of Directors and their close family		
members	307,561	223,784
Deposits obtained through illegal acts defined in the 282 nd Article of the 5237		
numbered Turkish Criminal Code dated September 26, 2004.	-	_
Saving deposits in banks established in Turkey exclusively for off-shore banking		
activities	-	-
Total	322,012	236,622

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities:

a) Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

	Current Perio	od (*)	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forwards	285,896	-	113,425	296	
Swaps	2,981,377	1,767,865	4,620,535	1,721,774	
Futures	-	-	-	-	
Options	857	35,106	2,924	26,523	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	3,268,130	1,802,971	4,736,884	1,748,593	

^(*) Derivative financial liabilities held for trading in the current period are shown on the financial statement in 7.1 Derivative Financial Liabilities line.

3. Information on funds borrowed:

a) Information on banks and other financial institutions

	Current Per	riod	Prior Perio	od
	TL	FC	TL	FC
T.R. Central Bank Loans	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks and Institutions	2,271,382	2,630,852	2,428,930	1,857,327
Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	178,197	22,783,377	426,826	21,183,807
Total	2,449,579	25,414,229	2,855,756	23,041,134

b) Information on maturity structure of funds borrowed

	Current Per	riod	Prior Perio	od
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	1,756,844	7,289,848	2,167,283	6,390,760
Medium and Long-Term	692,735	18,124,381	688,473	16,650,374
Total	2,449,579	25,414,229	2,855,756	23,041,134

The Parent Bank's fund sources include deposits, funds borrowed, securities issued and money market borrowings. Deposit is the most significant fund source of the Parent Bank and does not present any risk concentration with its consistent structure extended to a wide base. Funds borrowed mainly consist of funds provided by foreign financial institutions which have different characteristics and maturity-interest structure such as syndication, securitization, and post-financing. There isn't risk concentration on the fund sources of the Parent Bank.

c) Additional information on concentrations of the Group's liabilities

As of March 31, 2021, the Group's liabilities comprise; 58% deposits (December 31, 2020 - 55%), 11% funds borrowed (December 31, 2020 - 11%), 6% issued bonds (December 31, 2020 - 6%) and 6% funds provided from money market borrowings (December 31, 2020 - 6%).

4. Information on funds provided under repurchase agreements:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From domestic transactions	432,744	-	3,689,555	-
Financial institutions and organizations	418,673	-	3,675,307	-
Other institutions and organizations	6,637	-	8,731	-
Real persons	7,434	-	5,517	-
From foreign transactions	2,686,522	10,923,057	782,537	10,112,950
Financial institutions and organizations	2,680,587	10,923,057	775,550	10,112,950
Other institutions and organizations	5,935	-	6,987	-
Real persons	-	-	-	-
Total	3,119,266	10,923,057	4,472,092	10,112,950

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Information on marketable securities issued (Net):

	Current Per	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bank Bonds	2,594,451	124,890	2,153,913	829,044
Asset-backed securities	-	-	-	-
Bills	441,677	12,480,794	618,624	11,122,377
Total	3,036,128	12,605,684	2,772,537	11,951,421

The Parent Bank has bond issue program (Global Medium Term Note Programme) amounting to USD 5 Billion.

6. Information on the subaccounts of other liabilities account that exceeds 20% of the individual other liabilities account exceeding 10% of the total liabilities excluding the off-balance sheet items

Other liabilities do not exceed 10% of total liabilities excluding the off-balance sheet items.

7. Criteria used in the determination of lease installments in the financial lease contracts, renewal and purchase options, restrictions, and significant burdens imposed on the bank on such contracts:

Interest rate and cash flows of the Group are the main criteria which are taken into consideration for the determination of payment plans in the leasing contracts.

7.1. Explanations of changes in agreements and further commitments arising

No changes have been made to the leasing agreements in the current period (December 31, 2020 - None).

7.2. Information on liabilities arising from financial lease transactions

The leasing balances between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries have been eliminated as part of the consolidation principles.

7.3. Information on liabilities arising from operational lease transactions

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	22,381	18,455	83,032	74,656
Between 1 - 4 years	458,204	392,957	388,365	357,258
More than 4 years	229	134	268	161
Total	480,814	411,546	471,665	432,075

7.4 Explanations and notes on operational lease

The Parent Bank records lease payments made in accordance with its operating lease agreements during the lease period, in equal amounts. The bank makes operating lease agreements for some branches and ATM machines. The lease agreements are amortized during the lease period by measuring the lease obligation based on the present value of the lease payments (lease obligation) that has not been paid at that time (the lease obligation) as well as the relevant usage right as of the same date. Lease payments are discounted using this rate if the implicit interest rate in the lease can be easily determined. If the tenant cannot easily determine this rate, he uses the alternative borrowing interest rate. The tenant separately records the interest expense on the rental obligation and the depreciation expense of the right to use asset.

7.5. Information on "Sale -and- lease back" agreements

The Parent Bank does none sale-and-lease back transactions in the current period (December 31, 2020 None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. Information on liabilities arising from hedging purpose derivatives:

	Current Perio	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge (*)	-	755,668	10,389	753,935
Cash Flow Hedge (**)	48,902	601,920	19,101	887,562
Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-
Total	48,902	1,357,588	29,490	1,641,497

^(*) Derivative financial instruments for hedging purposes of fair value risk consist of swaps. As of 31 March 2021, TL 755,668 (31 December 2020 – TL 753,935) represents the fair value of derivative financial instruments aimed at hedging the fair value risk of securities, there is no fair value balance for loans in the current period (31 December 2020 – TL 10,389).

9. Information on provisions:

9.1. Information on provision related with foreign currency difference of foreign indexed loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign Exchange Provision for Foreign Currency Indexed Loans (*)	-	-

The foreign exchange provision for foreign currency indexed loans netted against "Loans and Receivables" in asset.

9.2. Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified and converted into cash or expected loss provisions for non-loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Stage 1	132,071	119,744
Stage 2	14,539	13,505
Stage 3	50,854	48,284
Total	197,464	181,533

9.3 Information on reserve for employee rights

The Group calculated the provision for employee benefits using the actuarial valuation method specified in the Turkish Accounting Standards No. 19 and reflected it in its financial statements.

As of March 31, 2021, the Group presented the provision for severance pay of TL 306,793 (December 31, 2020 - TL 295,457) under the "Reserves for Employee Benefits" item in its financial statements.

As of March 31, 2021, the Group has shown a total vacation liability of TL 60,926 (December 31, 2020 – TL 51,498) under the "Reserves for Employee Benefits" in its financial statements.

As of March 31, 2021, TL 130,274 (December 31, 2020–TL 284,194) provision for salaries, bonuses and premiums to be paid to the personnel has been presented under the "Reserves for Employee Benefits" in the financial statements.

9.3.1 Movement of employee termination benefits

	Current Period	Prior Period
	01.01-31.03.2021	01.01-31.03.2020
As of January, 1	295,456	240,184
Service cost	9,661	8,634
Interest Cost	9,935	8,161
Settlement / curtailment / termination loss	2,899	2,172
Actuarial differences	(675)	(186)
Paid during the period	(10,483)	(14,797)
Total	306,793	244,168

^(**) Represents the fair value of derivative financial instruments of deposit for cash flow hedges of loans and borrowings that have floating rates.

Derivative financial liabilities for the fair value hedge purposes in the current period are presented in line 7.1 of the financial statements and financial liabilities for the purpose of cash flow hedges are shown in line 7.2.

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9.4. Information on other provisions

9.4.1 Information on general provisions for possible risks

Other than those stated in footnotes 9.3 above, other provisions are as follows:

	Current period	Prior period
Credit Card Promotion Provoions	-	-
Other Provisions	348,840	321,450
Total	348,840	321,450

10. Explanations on Tax Liabilities:

10.1 Information on current tax liability

10.1.1 Information on tax provision

The current tax liability and the prepaid taxes of the consolidated subsidiaries have been offset separately in their financial statements. As of March 31, 2021, The Group's tax liability is amounting to TL 1,190,982 (December 31, 2020 – TL 1,223,376). As of March 31, 2021, in the attached financial statements, The Group has a pre-paid tax amounting to TL 1,162,643 (December 31, 2020 – TL 145,634). The Group have current tax receivables to TL 613 (December 31, 2020 – TL 29,628).

10.1.2 Information on taxes payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate taxes payable	28,339	1,077,742
Banking and Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	111,535	100,762
Taxation on Securities Income	50,537	49,371
Taxation on Real Estates Income	2,253	1,726
VAT Payable	31	39
Other	53,775	39,325
Total	246,470	1,268,965

The Group presents The "Corporate Taxes Payable" balance in the "Current Tax Liability" account and other taxes are presented in the "Other Liabilities" account in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

10.1.3 Information on premiums

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums - Employee Share	14,642	13,027
Social Security Premiums - Employer Share	16,271	14,488
Pension Fund Fee and Provisions – Employee Share	30	22
Pension Fund Fee and Provisions – Employer Share	98	70
Unemployment Insurance - Employee Share	1,031	916
Unemployment Insurance - Employer Share	2,063	1,832
Other	75	57
Total	34,210	30,412

11. Information on payables related to assets held for sale:

None (December 31, 2020- None).

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. Information on subordinated loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt Instruments subject to common equity	-	4,475,018	-	3,855,730
Subordinated Loans	-	4,475,018	-	3,855,730
Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt Instruments subject to tier 2 common				
equity	-	3,269,118	-	2,848,564
Subordinated Loans	-	3,269,118	-	2,848,564
Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-
Total	-	7,744,136	-	6,704,294

On April 1, 2019, the current due date of subordinated loan of amounting to US \$ 125 million was renewed as 2029 in line with Basel III.

On 30 June 2019, necessary adjustments were made in the subordinated loan prospectus of US \$ 525 million and the due date of the subordinated loan was renewed.

13. Information on shareholder's equity:

13.1 Presentation of paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	3,350,000	3,350,000
Preferred Stock	_	_

13.2 Amount of paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applied; if so the amount of registered share capital ceiling

Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital System	3,350,000	12,000,000

13.3 Capital increases and sources in the current period and other information based on increased capital shares

None (December 31, 2020 – None).

13.4 Information on share capital increases from revaluation fund during the current period

None (December 31, 2020 – None).

13.5 Information on capital commitments, the purpose and the sources until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period

The Group does not have any capital commitments, all of the capital is fully paid-in.

13.6 Information on prior period's indicators on the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity, and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to uncertainties of these indicators

None (December 31, 2020 – None).

13.7 Information on the privileges given to stocks representing the capital

None (December 31, 2020 – None).

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. Common stock issue premiums, shares and equity instruments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Number of Stocks (Thousands)	33,500,000	33,500,000
Preferred Capital Stock	-	-
Common Stock Issue Premiums (*)	714	714
Common Stock Withdrawal Profits	_	-

Due to the Parent Bank's capital increase at the prior periods, common stock issue premium accounted amounting to TL 714.

15. Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	\mathbf{TL}	FC	\mathbf{TL}	FC
Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities under Common				
Control	-	-	-	-
Valuation Differences	-	-	-	-
Foreign Exchange Rate Differences	-	-	-	_
Securities Measured at FV Through Other Comprehensive				
Income	110,840	(1,332,243)	120,090	(597,082)
Valuation Differences	111,304	(1,332,243)	121,632	(597,082)
Foreign Exchange Rate Differences	(464)	-	(1,542)	-
Total	110,840	(1,332,243)	120,090	(597,082)

16. Information on accrued interest and expenses:

The details of interest and expense accruals and rediscounts distributed on the related accounts and the details of the unrealized fair value increases (decreases) are presented in the table below.

	Current Period		Prior Perio	d
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Derivative Financial Liabilities	3,317,032	3,160,559	4,766,374	3,390,090
Deposits	414,237	48,304	226,006	47,573
Funds Borrowed	70,040	286,570	59,383	118,334
Money Market Borrowings	19,551	369,389	4,140	86,673
Issued Securities	438	25,686	15,002	402,770
Other Accruals	349,212	183,685	244,372	180,671
Total	4,170,510	4,074,193	5,315,277	4,226,111

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

III. Explanations And Disclosures Related To Consolidated Off-Balance Sheet Items

1. Explanations on off-balance-sheet-commitments:

1.1. Type and amount of irrevocable commitments

	Current Period	Prior Period
Credit Cards Limit Commitments	37,824,852	35,495,520
Commitment For Use Guaranteed Credit Allocation	19,818,967	18,075,786
Forward Asset Purchase Commitments	6,308,384	4,836,291
Other Irrevocable Commitments	3,277,837	4,124,298
Payment Commitments for Cheques	2,914,658	2,423,033
Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities	86,577	83,078
Tax and Fund Liabilities due to Export Commitments	29,936	27,046
Total	70,261,211	65,065,052

1.2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items

Specific provision is provided for the non-cash loans followed in the off-balance sheet accounts that are not indemnified and not liquidated yet and expected credit loss provisions for non-cash loans amounting to TL 197,464 (December 31, 2020 – TL 181,533).

1.3. Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptance loans, collaterals that are accepted as financial guarantees and other letter of credits

	Current Period	Prior Period
Bank Loans	7,936,702	6,838,598
Letters of Credit	4,105,811	3,618,937
Total	12,042,513	10,457,535

1.4. Final guarantees, provisional guarantees, suretyships and other similar transactions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Final Letters of Guarantee	8,927,944	8,674,056
Letters of Guarantee	3,475,400	2,969,287
Provisional Letters of Guarantee	1,102,828	989,173
Letters of Guarantee Given to Customs Offices	586,864	559,009
Other Letters of Guarantee	10,676,859	9,475,881
Total	24,769,895	22,667,406

2. Total amount of non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-Cash Loans granted for Obtaining Cash Loans	5,064,579	4,036,779
Less Than or Equal to One Year with Original Maturity	1,182,627	371,430
More Than One Year with Original Maturity	3,881,952	3,665,349
Other Non-Cash Loans	31,747,829	29,088,162
Total	36,812,408	33,124,941

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Information on risk concentration in sector terms in non-cash loans:

		Current 1	Period			Prior Per	riod	
	TL	%	FC	%	TL	%	FC	%
Agricultural	42,153	0.35	122,488	0.49	41,065	0.35	92,736	0.43
Farming and Raising								
Livestock	31,662	0.27	18,687	0.08	31,852	0.27	16,889	0.08
Forestry	6,940	0.06	-	-	5,311	0.05	-	-
Fishing	3,551	0.03	103,801	0.42	3,902	0.03	75,847	0.35
Manufacturing	2,377,453	19.94	12,328,409	49.53	2,224,235	19.17	10,205,325	47.42
Mining and Quarrying	45,691	0.38	41,690	0.17	76,972	0.66	49,413	0.23
Production	2,051,756	17.21	12,049,384	48.41	1,948,468	16.80	9,938,395	46.18
Electricity, gas and water	280,006	2.35	237,335	0.95	198,795	1.71	217,517	1.01
Construction	3,646,380	30.58	3,631,166	14.59	3,590,417	30.94	3,005,802	13.97
Services	5,615,004	47.09	8,469,252	34.03	5,532,156	47.67	7,944,905	36.92
Wholesale and Retail								
Trade	3,664,453	30.73	2,786,655	11.20	3,601,179	31.03	2,388,624	11.10
Hotel, Food and								
Beverage Services	127,209	1.07	1,067,724	4.29	129,205	1.11	969,584	4.50
Transportation								
Communication	514,716	4.32	740,057	2.97	508,543	4.38	860,884	4.00
Financial Institutions	833,086	6.99	3,572,707	14.35	822,433	7.09	3,453,939	16.05
Real Estate and Renting								
Services	25,152	0.21	1,466	0.01	12,160	0.10	1,351	0.01
Self-Employment								
Services	230,887	1.94	170,245	0.68	216,990	1.87	126,209	0.59
Educational Services	9,416	0.08	-	-	8,959	0.08	18,080	0.08
Health and Social								
Services	210,085	1.76	130,398	0.52	232,687	2.01	126,234	0.59
Other	243,068	2.04	337,035	1.35	216,716	1.87	271,584	1.26
Total	11,924,058	100.00	24,888,350	100.00	11,604,589	100.00	21,520,352	100.00

4. Information on non-cash loans classified under group I and II:

Current Period (*)	I. Grou	р	II. Group)
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Letters of Guarantee	11,433,750	13,022,176	158,679	104,436
Bill of Exchange and Acceptances	201,790	7,726,701	-	8,211
Letters of Credit	78,985	4,019,656	-	7,170
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-
Other Collaterals and Sureties	-	-	-	-
Non-cash Loans	11,714,525	24,768,533	158,679	119,817

^(*) Special provision and ECL provision of non-cash loans amounting to TL 50,854 excluded from provisions that are indemnified and liquidated under off-balance accounts.

Prior Period (*)	I. Grou	р	II. Group	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Letters of Guarantee	11,117,195	11,274,727	139,498	87,702
Bill of Exchange and Acceptances	198,490	6,631,976	-	8,132
Letters of Credit	101,122	3,516,955	-	860
Endorsements	-	-	-	_
Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	_
Other Collaterals and Sureties	-	-	-	_
Non-cash Loans	11,416,807	21,423,658	139,498	96,694

Special provision and ECL provision of non-cash loans amounting to TL 48,284 excluded from provisions that are indemnified and liquidated under off-balance accounts.

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Information related to derivative financial instruments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Types of trading transactions		
Foreign Currency Related Derivative Transactions (I)	141,668,061	161,736,590
Forward transactions (*)	16,809,188	15,799,910
Swap transactions	120,596,575	140,803,008
Futures transactions	1,046,823	2,164,747
Option transactions	3,215,475	2,968,925
Interest Related Derivative Transactions (II)	81,618,542	79,814,270
Forward rate transactions	-	-
Interest rate swap transactions	81,618,542	79,814,270
Interest option transactions	-	-
Futures interest transactions	-	-
Security option transactions	-	-
Other trading derivative transactions (III)	1,082,380	954,265
A. Total Trading Derivative Transactions (I+II+III)	224,368,983	242,505,125
Types of hedging transactions		
Fair value hedges	36,501,711	28,179,228
Cash flow hedges	53,436,501	45,360,970
Net investment hedges	-	-
B. Total Hedging Related Derivatives	89,938,212	73,540,198
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	314,307,195	316,045,323

^(*) This line also includes Forward Asset Purchase Commitments accounted for under Commitments.

Breakdown of the Parent Bank's foreign currency forward and swap and interest rate swap transactions based on currencies are disclosed below in their TL equivalents:

	Forward Buy (**)	Forward Sell (***)	Swap Buy ^(*)	Swap Sell ^(*)	Option Buy	Option Sell	Futures Buy	Futures Sell	Other
Current Period									<u>.</u>
TL	2,660,020	1,315,311	10,221,493	39,620,344	858,781	413,550	515,142	58	-
USD	2,557,325	5,032,193	104,441,876	65,530,750	466,646	914,971	58	531,565	1,082,380
Euro	2,191,991	847,568	16,732,572	39,824,448	307,778	252,249	-	-	-
Other	906,045	1,298,735	15,722,594	59,252	-	1,500	-	-	-
Total	8,315,381	8,493,807	147,118,535	145,034,794	1,633,205	1,582,270	515,200	531,623	1,082,380

This column also includes hedging purpose derivatives.

^(**) This column also includes Forward Asset Purchase Commitments and accounted for under Commitments.

	Forward Buy (**)	Forward Sell (**)	Swap Buy ^(*)	Swap Sell ^(*)	Option Buy	Option Sell	Futures Buy	Futures Sell	Other
Prior Period	-				•		-		
TL	2,339,011	1,129,462	10,317,120	45,195,762	491,416	529,849	172	1,109,224	-
USD	2,187,136	4,547,796	102,180,567	62,319,044	668,171	683,083	1,055,204	147	954,265
Euro	2,204,382	928,009	16,137,908	40,909,354	364,602	158,473	-	-	-
Other	1,210,609	1,253,505	16,825,374	272,347	14,766	58,565	-	-	-
Total	7,941,138	7,858,772	145,460,969	148,696,507	1,538,955	1,429,970	1,055,376	1,109,371	954,265

^(*) This column also includes hedging purpose derivatives.

^(**) This column also includes Forward Asset Purchase Commitments and accounted for under Commitments.

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5.1 Fair value hedge accounting

a) Loans

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting within the framework of TAS 39 by performing swap transactions in order to protect itself against changes that may occur in the fair value of a certain part of its long term fixed interest loans resulting from changes in market interest rates. As of the balance sheet date, the TL installment loan amounting to TL 9,217,354 (31 December 2020 - TL 4,324,987) was subject to hedge accounting with swaps with a nominal amount of TL 7,491,272 (31 December 2020 - TL 4,770,807). On 31 March 2021, a net market valuation difference gain of TL 2,278, arising from TL 709,130 expense from the aforementioned loans (December 31, 2020 - TL 308,501 as expense) and TL 711,408 gain from swaps (December 31, 2020 - TL 318,019 gain), is shown under "Gains / Losses From Derivative Transactions" account in the financial statements.

Subsidiary QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. applies fair value hedge accounting through interest rate swaps in order to protect itself from interest rate changes in relation to its fixed rate foreign currency lease transactions. As of the balance sheet date, swaps amounting to TL 108,781 have been subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments. As a result of the mentioned hedge accounting, in the current period, the net market valuation difference expense amounting to TL 701 before tax was recognized in the financial statements as "Profit / Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions".

When the fair value hedge accounting cannot be effectively continued as stated in TAS 39, the fair value hedge accounting is ceased. The fair value differences of the hedged loans are amortized through income statement until the maturity of the hedged loans. The Bank has booked the valuation effect amounting to TL 18,217 (December 31, 2020 - TL 77,019 loss) related to the loans that are ineffective for hedge accounting under "gain / (loss) from financial derivatives transactions" as loss during the current period.

b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting through swaps in order to hedge long term fixed coupon foreign currency eurobonds in its portfolio against interest rate fluctuations. As of the balance sheet date, eurobonds with a nominal value of USD 320,759 Million and EUR 49,8 Million (31 December 2020 – USD 320,759 Million and EUR 49,8 Million) are subject to hedge accounting with interest swaps of the same amount. On 31 March 2021, net market valuation difference income of TL 114, arising from, TL 171,728 expense from aforementioned eurobonds (December 31, 2020 - TL 294,155 income) and TL 171,843 income from swaps (December 31, 2020 - TL 294,438 expense), is shown under "Gains / Losses From Derivative Transactions" account in the financial statements

The Parent Bank does not have a TL denominated government bond portfolio subject to fair value hedge accounting in the current period (December 31, 2020 - None).

c) Marketable securities issued

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge accounting using interest rate swaps in order to hedge against changes in interest rate with regard to fixed rated, FC denominated securities issued . As of the balance sheet date, bonds with a nominal value of USD 730 Million (December 31, 2020 - USD 730 Million) are subject to hedge accounting with the same amount of swaps. As of March 31, 2021, a net market valuation difference income of TL 1,237, consisting of TL 27,210 income from the aforementioned securities (31 December 2020 - TL 183,021 expense) and TL 25,973 expense from swaps (31 December 2020 - TL 180,605 income), is shown under "Gains / Losses From Derivative Transactions" account in the financial statements.

d) Borrowings

The Parent Bank terminates the practice of accounting when fair value hedge accounting cannot be maintained effectively as defined in TAS 39. According to this; The valuation effects created by the fair value hedge accounting applied on hedged loans are reflected in the income statement throughout the life of the loans. In this context; The Bank terminated the fair value hedge accounting application, which started on 27 December 2015, with regard to the loan amounting to EUR 30 million used, on 1 January 2020. The Bank recognized the valuation effect amounting to TL 434 (December 31, 2020 - TL 1,628) as income in the account item "Profit / Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions" in the current period, in relation to the said hedge accounting application whose effectiveness is deteriorated.

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5.1 Fair value hedge accounting (Continued)

Subsidiary QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. applies fair value hedge accounting through interest and currency swaps in order to protect itself from changes in interest rates in relation to fixed interest rate TL loans. As of the balance sheet date, swaps amounting to TL 143,210 were subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments. As a result of the mentioned hedge accounting, in the current period, the net market valuation difference income amounting to TL 1 before tax was recognized in the financial statements as "Profit / Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions".

Subsidiary QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. applies fair value hedge accounting through swaps in order to protect itself from changes in interest rates with respect to TL and foreign currency loans and securities. As of the transaction date, a loan amounting to TL 232,030 has been subject to hedge accounting with the same consistent swaps. As of March 31, 2021, net expense of valuation of TL 33, including TL 1,614 of income from loans and TL 1,647 of expense from swaps, was accounted in the "Profit / Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions" account in the attached financial statements.

The Subsidiary, QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., applies cash flow hedge accounting through interest and currency swaps in order to protect against changes in interest rate with regard to the variable rated and FC denominated loans and variable rated securities it has used. The Company applies efficiency tests for hedge accounting at every balance sheet date, the active parts are accounted under equity under the "Hedging Funds" account item in the financial statements as defined in TAS 39, and the amount related to the ineffective part is associated with the income statement. As of the balance sheet date, there are no swaps subject to hedge accounting as a hedging instrument (31 December 2020 - None).

As of March 31, 2021, it is determined that the above mentioned cash flow hedging transactions are effective in the measurement.

5.2 Cash flow hedge accounting

a) Floating Rate Loans

The Parent Bank is subject to cash flow risk protection accounting through interest rate swaps in order to protect a certain portion of its long-term variable rate loans from changes in market interest rates. At each balance sheet date, the Bank conducts efficiency tests for hedging accounting, and the active parts are accounted in "Hedging Funds" under equity in the financial statements as defined in TAS 39, while the amount related to the inactive part is associated with the income statement. As of the balance sheet date, swaps with a nominal amount of USD 875 million (31 December 2020- USD 875 million) have been subject to hedging accounting as hedging instruments. As a result of the said hedging accounting, fair value income before tax of TL 36,733 (31 December 2020 – TL 222,484) was accounted under equity in the current period. The ineffective portion is none.

b) Deposit

The Parent Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting using interest rate swaps in order to hedge itself from the interest rate changes of deposits that have an average maturity of 3 months, the Bank implements cash flow hedge accounting with interest rate swaps. The Parent Bank implements efficiency tests at the balance sheet dates for hedging purposes; the effective portions are accounted for under equity "Hedging Funds", whereas the ineffective portions are accounted for at income statement as defined in TAS 39. As at the balance sheet date, swaps amounting to TL 150,000 are subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments (December 31, 2020 – TL 150,000). As a result of the mentioned hedge accounting, fair value gain before taxes amounting to TL 28,687 are accounted for under equity during the current period (December 31, 2020 – TL 61,956 gain). The ineffective portion of revenues is none, associated with the income statement (December 31, 2020 – None).

As of the balance sheet date, swaps with a nominal amount of USD 1,633 million (December 31, 2020 - USD 1,708 million) have been subject to hedge accounting with USD deposits and swaps with a nominal amount of EUR 74 million (December 31, 2020 - EUR 74 million) have been subject to hedge accounting with Euro deposits. As a result of above-mentioned hedge accounting, fair value loss before taxes amounting to TL 617,986 are accounted under equity during the current period (December 31, 2020 - TL 187,599 loss). The gain amounting to TL 371 (December 31, 2020 - TL 1,247 loss) relating to the ineffective portion is accounted under at the income statement.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5.2 Cash flow hedge accounting (Continued)

When the fair value hedge accounting cannot be effectively continued as stated in TAS 39, the fair value hedge accounting is ceased. Effective parts classified under equity due to hedge accounting are amortized through income statement until the maturity of swaps in case of ineffectiveness at periods when the expected cash flows subject to hedge accounting affect profit or loss (as in periods when interest income or expense is recognized). In the current period there is loss of TL 8,368 transferred amount from equity to income statement due to ineffectiveness or matured swaps (December 31, 2019– TL 56,022 loss).

The measurements as of March 31, 2021, hedge of cash flow transactions stated above are determined as effective.

c) Floating Rate Liabilities

The Parent Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting using interest rate swaps in order to hedge its subordinated loans which have floating interest payment. The Bank implements efficiency tests at the balance sheet dates for hedging purposes; the effective portions are accounted for under equity "Hedging Funds", whereas the ineffective portions are accounted for at income statement as defined in TAS 39. As at the balance sheet date, swaps amounting to USD 477 million are subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments (December 31, 2020 – USD 485 million). As a result of the mentioned hedge accounting, fair value loss before taxes amounting to TL 27,676 are accounted for under equity during the current period (December 31, 2020- TL 112,418 loss).

On the other hand; accounting application is terminated when cash flow hedge accounting is not effectively maintained as defined in TAS 39. According to that the effective amounts classified under equity due to hedge accounting are reclassified into profit or loss as the reclassification adjustments during periods or periods when the estimated cash flows subject to hedging in case of deterioration of the event affect profit or loss (such as the periods when interest income or expense is accounted for). Due to hedge accounting practices terminated in the current year, a gain amounting to TL 6,064 (31 December 2020 - TL 14,038) was transferred from the "Gain/losses from derivative transactions" to the income statement.

The measurements as of March 31, 2021, hedge of cash flow transactions stated above are determined as effective.

6. Credit derivatives and risk exposures on credit derivatives

As of March 31, 2021, the Parent Bank has no commitments "Credit Linked Notes" (As of December 31, 2020 - None).

As of March 31, 2021, "Other Derivative Financial Instruments" with nominal amount of USD 130,000,000 (December 31, 2020: USD 130,000,000) are included in Parent Bank's "Credit Default Swap". In aforementioned transaction, The Bank is the seller of the protection for USD 130,000,000.

7. Information on contingent liabilities and assets

The Parent Bank has recorded a provision of TL 178,985 (December 31, 2020 - TL 157,199) for the lawsuits filed against the Bank with a high probability of occurrence, in accordance with Principle of Prudence. Except for the claims where provisions are recorded, management considers as remote the probability of a negative result in ongoing litigations and therefore does not foresee cash outflow for such claims.

8. Information on the services in the name and account of third parties

The Group acts as an investment agent for banking transactions on behalf of its customers and provides custody services. Such transactions are followed under off-balance sheet accounts.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. Information on the Parent Bank's rating by international rating institutions

MOODY'S December 2020		FITCH February 2021	
Long-Term Deposit Rating (FC)	В2	Long -Term Issuer Default Rating (FC)	B+ (Stable)
Long-Term Deposit Rating (TL)	B1	Short-Term Issuer Default Rating (FC)	В
Short-Term Deposit Rating (FC)	NP	Long-Term Issuer Default Rating (TL)	BB- (Stable)
Short-Term Deposit Rating (TL)	NP	Short-Term Issuer Default Rating (TL)	В
Main Credit Evaluation	b3	Long-Term National	AA (tur) (Stable)
Adjusted Main Credit Evaluation	b1	Support	4
Appearance	Negative	Financial Capacity Rating	b+
Long-Term Foreign Currency Denominated Debt Rating (FC)	B2		

IV. Explanations And Disclosures Related To Consolidated Income Statement

1. a) Information on interest income received from loans:

	Current Pe	riod	Prior Peri	od
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term Loans	1,671,650	113,146	1,138,505	82,371
Medium and Long-Term Loans	1,787,128	498,166	1,719,608	478,472
Non-Performing Loans	115,269	-	21,585	-
Resource Utilization Support Fund Premiums	-	-	-	-
Total (*)	3,574,047	611,312	2,879,698	560,843

^{*)} Includes fees and commissions income from cash loans.

b) Information on interest income from banks:

	Current Peri	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
T.R. Central Bank (*)	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	8,891	103	24,840	362
Foreign Banks	1,242	2,165	162	9,582
Foreign Headquarters and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	10,133	2,268	25,002	9,944

^(*) The interest income on Required Reserve amounting TL 58,456 excluded from interest income on Banks (March 31, 2020: TL 6,761).

c) Information on interest income on marketable securities:

	Current Period		
	TL	FC	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	8,617	857	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	202,121	124,745	
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	327,724	129,292	
Total	538,462	254,894	

	Prior Period	
	TL	FC
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	6,332	257
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	184,933	92,701
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	217,702	101,827
Total	408,967	194,785

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

c) Information on interest income on marketable securities (Continued):

As stated in Section Three disclosure VII.2, the Parent Bank has inflation indexed (CPI) government bonds in its financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortized cost portfolios. As disclosed in 'Inflation Indexed Bonds Manual' published by Republic of Turkey and Ministry of Treasury, reference index used for the actual payments is determined based on the inflation rates of two months before. The estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when necessary. In this context, as of September 30, 2020, valuation of such assets is made according to estimated annual inflation rate of 12%. If valuation of these securities indexed to the CPI had been done by the reference index valid through March 31 2021, the Group's Marketable securities valuation differences after tax would be decreased by TL 25,000 and net profit would be increased by TL 166,000 to TL 817,321.

d) Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Income Received From Associates and Subsidiaries	_	_

2. a) Information on interest expense related to funds borrowed (*):

	Current Po	Current Period		iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	96,146	319,082	57,189	280,455
T.R. Central Bank	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	78,967	18,522	39,336	10,861
Foreign Banks	17,179	300,560	17,853	269,594
Foreign Headquarters and Branches	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	96,146	319,082	57,189	280,455

^(*) Includes fees and commissions expenses related to the cash loans.

b) Information on interest expense paid to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Paid to Associates and Subsidiaries	675	387

c) Information on interest expense paid to securities issued:

As of March 31, 2021, the amount paid to securities issued is TL 311,241 (March 31, 2020 – TL 277,094).

d) Information on maturity structure of interest expenses on deposits:

Current Period			Time Dep	osits				
						A	ccumulated	
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6		Over 1	Deposit	
Account Name	Deposits	Month	Months	Months	Up to 1 Year	Year	Account	Total
Turkish Lira					_			
Bank Deposits	-	6,359	7,815	9,563	-	-	-	23,737
Saving Deposits	3	302,890	764,613	85,820	34,440	33,886	-	1,221,652
Public Sector Deposits	-	405	18	29	-	-	_	452
Commercial Deposits	-	160,696	205,865	21,713	6,612	300	-	395,186
Other Deposits	-	1,066	14,682	2,851	5,666	8	-	24,273
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3	471,416	992,993	119,976	46,718	34,194	-	1,665,300
Foreign Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits	2	4,087	67,047	8,617	2,539	8,110	-	90,402
Bank Deposits	3	6,474	4,551	37	24	-	-	11,089
7 Days Call Accounts	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Precious Metal Deposits	-	1,315	-	-	-	-	-	1,315
Total	5	11,876	71,598	8,654	2,563	8,110	-	102,806
Grand Total	8	483,292	1.064.591	128,630	49,281	42,304	-	1,768,106

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

d) Information on maturity structure of interest expenses on deposits: (Continued)

Prior Period			Time De	posits				
						A	Accumulated	
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	Over 1	Deposit	
Account Name	Deposits	Month	Months	Months	Year	Year	Account	Total
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	-	3,132	48	-	-	-	-	3,180
Saving Deposits	7	155,704	431,704	5,699	6,899	36,818	-	636,831
Public Sector Deposits	-	43	170	13	-	-	-	226
Commercial Deposits	1	107,351	136,381	4,532	1,037	1,838	-	251,140
Other Deposits	-	812	15,578	78	1,384	65	-	17,917
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8	267,042	583,881	10,322	9,320	38,721	-	909,294
Foreign Currency								
Deposits	53	8,359	74,350	19,040	10,034	11,134	-	122,970
Bank Deposits	18	18,744	5,140	148	245	-	-	24,295
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	192	-	=.	-	-	-	192
Total	71	27,295	79,490	19,188	10,279	11,134	-	147,457
Grand Total	79	294,337	663,371	29,510	19,599	49,855	-	1,056,751

e) Information on interest expenses on repurchase agreements

	Current Per	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Interest Expenses on Repurchase Agreements (*)	233,944	37,272	68,081	50,690	

^(*) Includes "Interest on Money Market Transactions".

f) Information on finance lease expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Lease expenses	15,684	14,151

g) Information on interest expenses on factoring payables

None (March 31, 2020 - None).

3. Information on dividend income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	62	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Other	284	-
Total	346	-

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(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. Information on trading income/loss

	Current Period	Prior Period
Trading Gain	6,771,518	7,661,953
Gain on Capital Market Transactions	40,966	89,815
Gain From Derivative Transactions	2,057,035	3,618,292
Foreign Exchange Gains	4,673,517	3,953,846
Trading Loss (-)	7,686,592	8,156,035
Loss on Capital Market Transactions	36,771	24,482
Loss From Derivative Transactions	3,288,848	4,355,198
Foreign Exchange Losses	4,360,973	3,776,355
Net Trading Income/Loss	(915,074)	(494,082)

5. Information on other operating income

The Group recorded the current year collections from loans written off in the previous periods, portfolio management fees and expense accruals cancelations in "Other Operating Income" account.

6. Provision for losses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Losses	584,198	655,956
12 Month Expected Credit Loss (Stage I)	369,925	194,483
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	72,517	304,160
Lifetime ECL Impaired Credits (Stage 3)	141,756	157,313
Marketable Securities Impairment Provision	547	310
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Other Comprehensive Income	547	310
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Held-to-maturity Securities Value Decrease	-	-
Investment in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other	40,950	39,945
Total	625,695	696,211

7. Information on other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for employee termination benefits (*)	12,012	4,170
Depreciation expenses of Fixed Assets	114,519	100,139
Amortization Expenses of Intangible Assets	41,036	35,575
Other Operating Expenses	339,861	332,172
TFRS 16 Leasing expenses	792	1,224
Maintenance expenses	91,164	60,786
Advertisement expenses	24,305	27,536
Other expenses	223,600	242,626
Loss on sales of assets	20	7
Other (**)	153,469	133,664
Total	660,917	605,727

^(*) Reserve for employee termination benefits has classified under personnel expenses in balance sheet.

8. Information on profit/loss before taxes from continued and discontinued operations

For the period ended March 31, 2021 net interest income in income items amounting to TL 2,583,864 (March 31, 2020 – TL 2,483,224), net fees and commission income amounting to TL 773,843 (March 31, 2020 – TL 706,056), and other operating income amounting to TL 155,223 (March 31, 2020 – TL 12,877) constitute an important part of the income.

^(**) Comprising repayments amounting to TL 642 (March 31, 2020 - TL 1,087) in respect of Consumer Arbitration Committee and courts' decision, which were fees and commissions recognized in previous year as income. Also, SDIF premium amounts and financial operation fees are included.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- 9. Explanations on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations
- 9.1. Current period taxation benefit or charge and deferred tax benefit or charge

As of March 31, 2021, the Group recorded current tax expenses of TL 50,633 (March 31, 2020 - TL 10,586 current tax expense) and a deferred tax income of TL 159,082 (March 31, 2020 – TL 169,058 deferred tax expense).

9.2. Explanations on operating profit/loss after taxes

None (March 31, 2020 – None).

10. Explanations on current period profit/(loss) from continued and discontinued operations:

The profit generated by the Group from continuing operations is TL 651,596 (31 March 2020 – TL 748,816), and the discontinued operation loss is TL 275.

- 11. Explanations on net income/loss for the period
- 11.1. The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period

None (March 31, 2020 – None).

- **11.2** Any changes in the Group's accounting estimations that might have a material effect on income statement results. None (March 31, 2020 None).
- 11.3 Profit or loss attributable to minority shares

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit / Loss Attributable to Minority Shares	235	225

- 11.4 There is no change in the accounting estimates, which have a material effect on current period or expected to have a material effect on subsequent periods.
- 12. Information on the subaccounts of other items in the income statement account that exceeds 20% of the individual other item exceeding 10% of the income

Fees and commissions from credit cards, accounts management fee, transfers and insurance intermediaries are recorded in the "Others" line under "Fees and Commissions Received" account, while fees and commissions given to credit cards are recorded in the "Others" line under "Fees and Commissions Paid" account by the Parent Bank.

V. Explanations And Disclosures Related To Consolidated Change in Shareholders' Equity

Have not been prepared in accordance with the 25th clause of Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements.

VI. Explanations And Disclosures Related To Consolidated Cash Flows Statement

Have not been prepared in accordance with the 25th clause of Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

VII. Explanations And Disclosures Related To The Parent Bank's Risk Group

- 1. The volume of transactions relating to the Bank's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit and loss of the period
- 1.1. As of March 31, 2021, the Bank's risk group has deposits amounting to TL 459,343 (December 31, 2020 TL 312,688), cash loans amounting to TL 2,160 (December 31, 2020 TL 3,131) and non-cash loans amounting to TL 57,163 (December 31, 2020 TL 51,145).

Current Period

Parent Bank's Risk Group (*)	Associates and Subsidiaries Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Legal and Real Persons in Risk Group			
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and Other Receivables						
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	-	55	2,500	45,878	631	5,212
Balance at the End of the Period	-	5	-	52,038	2,160	5,120
Interest and Commission Income	-	_	-	76	132	-

Prior Period

Parent Bank's Risk Group (*)			Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Legal and Real Persons in Risk Group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and Other Receivables						
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	_	-	3,192	37,126	21	5,524
Balance at the End of the Period	-	55	2,500	45,878	631	5,212
Interest and Commission Income (**)	-	-	-	-	1	1

^(*) As described in the Article 49 of Banking Law No 5411.

1.2. Information on deposits held by the Parent Bank's risk group

Parent Bank's Risk Group (*)	Associates and Subsidiaries		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Legal and Real Persons in Risk Group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposits						
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	19,218	17,880	-	-	293,470	208,189
Balance at the End of the Period	27,320	19,218	-	_	432,023	293,470
Interest on deposits (**)	675	387	_	-	6,136	2,383

^(*) As described in the Article 49 of Banking Law No 5411.

^(**) Prior Period represents March 31, 2020 balance.

Prior Period represents March 31, 2020 balance.

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1.3. Information on forward and option agreements and similar agreements made with the Parent Bank's risk group

Parent Bank's Risk Group (*)	Associates and Subsidiaries		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Legal and Real Persons in Risk Group	
	Current		Current		Current	
	Period	Prior Period	Period	Prior Period	Period	Prior Period
Transactions for Trading Purposes						
Beginning of the Period		-		-		_
End of the Period		-		-		-
Total Income/Loss (**)		-		-		-
Transactions for Hedging						
Purposes						
Beginning of the Period		-		-		-
End of the Period		-		-		-
Total Income/Loss (**)		-		-		-

^{*)} As described in the Article 49 of Banking Law No 5411.

1.4 Information regarding benefits provided to the Top Management:

As of March 31, 2021, the total amount of remuneration and bonuses paid to key management of the Group is TL 127,997 (March 31, 2020 - TL 112,046).

2. Disclosures of transactions with the Parent Bank's risk group

2.1. Relations with entities in the risk group of / or controlled by the Parent Bank regardless of the nature of relationship among the parties

Transactions with the risk group are made on an arms-length basis; terms are set according to the market conditions and in compliance with the Banking Law.

2.2 In addition to the structure of the relationship, type of transaction, amount, and share in total transaction volume, amount of significant items, and share in all items, pricing policy and other matters

As of March 31, 2021, the rate of cash loans of the risk group divided by to total loans is 0%; (December 31, 2020 - 0%); the deposits represented 0% (December 31, 2020 - 2%), the ratio of total derivative transactions with derivatives risk is 0% (December 31, 2020 - 0%).

2.3 Explanations on purchase and sale of real estate and other assets, sales and purchases of services, agent contracts, financial lease agreements, transfer of data obtained from research and development, licensing agreements, financing (including loans and cash and in-kind capital support), guarantees and promissory notes, and management contracts

The Parent Bank enters into finance lease agreements with QNB Finans Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.

The Parent Bank has signed an agreement with Ibtech Uluslararası Bilişim ve İletişim Teknolojileri Araştırma, Geliştirme, Danışmanlık, Destek Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. regarding research, development, advisory and improvement services.

Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş., in which the Parent Bank participated with 33.33% shareholding, provides cash transfer services to the Parent Bank.

Information in regard to subordinate loans the Parent Bank received from Parent's Bank is explained in Section 5 Note II. 12.

The Parent Bank offers agency services to Cigna Sağlık, Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş. that is 49.00% jointly controlled for its insurance services.

Prior Period represents March 31, 2020 balance.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

VIII. Other Explanations Related to the Group's Operations

- 1. Disclosure related to subsequent events and transactions that have not been finalized yet, and their impact on the financial statements:
- **1.1** The issuance of The Bank after the balance sheet date are as follows:

Date	Currency	Nominal	Interest Rate (%)	Due Date
02/04/2021	TRY	531,000	19.10%	91
06/04/2021	GBP	15,000	1.70%	97
06/04/2021	TRY	15,000	1.70%	97
09/04/2021	USD	10,000	2.00%	185
12/04/2021	GBP	35,000	2.00%	126
12/04/2021	TRY	35,000	2.00%	126
15/04/2021	GBP	48,200	2.25%	183
16/04/2021	TRY	550,630	19.35%	182
16/04/2021	TRY	83,000	19.00%	89
19/04/2021	GBP	32,675	2.25%	186

2. Information on the effects of significant changes in foreign exchange rates after balance sheet date on the items denominated in foreign currency and financial statements and the Group's operations abroad that would affect decision making process of users and foreign operations of the Bank

There are no significant fluctuations in the currency exchange rates after the balance sheet date that would affect the analysis and decision-making process of the readers of the financial statements.

3. Other matters

In accordance with the Article 11 of the Law No. 7316 on the Procedure for the Collection of Public Receivables and the Law on Amendments to Certain Laws published in the Official Gazette dated April 22, 2021, and with the temporary Article 13 added to the Corporate Tax Law, the corporate tax rate is 25% for the taxation period of 2021 and this rate will be applied as 23% for the taxation period of 2022. In accordance with Article 14 of the Law, the rate to be applied for the year 2021 will start from the declarations to be submitted as of 1 July 2021 and will be valid for the taxation period starting from 1/1/2021. The aforementioned amendment does not have a significant impact on the financial statements dated 31 March 2021.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank has decided to participate in increasing QNB Finans Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.'s paid-in capital from TL 20,000 to TL 45,000 by increasing TL 25,000, and the Parent Bank will cover the entire increase in cash and at once.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SIX

AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on Auditor's Review Report

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2021 have been reviewed by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.. The auditor's review report dated April 29, 2020 is presented preceding the consolidated financial statements.

II. Explanations and Notes Prepared by Independent Auditors

None (December 31, 2020 – None).

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim Consolidated Activity Report that Includes the Assessment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager of Operations

Message by the Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

In the first quarter of 2021, we continued to experience the implications of the pandemic that impacted our lives in 2020. This year, however, we are more confident, that with the rollout of vaccination across the globe, a crucial step in the process has been taken in combatting COVID-19.

As the vaccine rollout accelerates, the international institutions' expectations regarding the economy have also evolved in a positive direction. In its World Economic Outlook report published in early April, the IMF forecasted rapid recovery and high growth in 2021 for both the world and Turkish economy, expressing cautious optimism, while stressing the new virus mutations. The IMF raised its global growth forecast from 5.5% to 6% and maintained its growth forecast for Turkey at 6%. On the other hand, the IMF reiterated that the high uncertainty around the global economic outlook stems from the trajectory of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) and remarked that the continuation of supportive economic policies is key to the prevention of permanent damages to the economies. Turkey mounts a major fight against COVID-19 to protect human health. We reinforce, as all institutions, this fight. At QNB Finansbank, we continue to support the real sector, show our maximum efforts to protect our bankers and customers, and take the necessary measures. The year 2020 has shown us that human health and compassionate governance are key areas of focus in the world and in Turkey.

We will enter a new period after the pandemic. Price stability and trust in the markets will primarily be critical in this period, in which we will face a new economic and social model defined by further digitalization and re-proliferation of e-commerce and rollout of digital life with new working schemes. At QNB Finansbank, we have positioned ourselves among the leading banks in this period with our long-standing investment in digitalization.

As the world continues to fight against COVID-19, we are facing another important issue: global warming. And we must now work even harder to create a sustainable world. To this end, at QNB Finansbank, we fulfill our responsibilities, drawing on our strength as a large organization. In the week of March 8, we signed the Women's Empowerment Principles (WEP), a joint initiative by UN Global Compact and UN Women, and confirmed our commitment to the 7 principles for building our company policies to further promote gender equality.

With the projects under our CSR platform Small Hands Big Dreams, we will continue to prepare our children for the future. We will commit to making the future more livable by embracing the principle of "sustainability for a more livable world".

We have continued to post sustainable growth during the fight against COVID-19 in Q1 2021, as well. We have concluded the first quarter successfully through our robust balance sheet management, as well as our innovative activities in retail and SME banking.

As of 31 March 2021, the total assets of our Group increased by 10%, compared to the end of 2020, reaching to TL 257 billion 667 million, while net loans grew by 6 percent to TL 155 billion 83 million and customer deposits rose by 15 percent to TL 144 billion 511 million. Our Group's net profit in the first quarter of 2021 realized at TL 651 million.

The first quarter of 2021 witnessed some hope, but also some distress for all of us. I would like to once again thank all my colleagues for contributing to this growth with their support and dedication, despite an atmosphere of uncertainty; their families for supporting them throughout the pandemic, and our customers and stakeholders for their contributions.

Kind regards,

Ömer A. Aras Chairman QNB Finansbank A.Ş.

ONB FİNANSBANK ANONİM SİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Message by the CEO

Dear Shareholders and Board Members.

Although we entered the year 2021 with ongoing uncertainties, the developments in the COVID-19 vaccine have raised our hopes going forward. On the back of the recovery in the economic activity, we sustained our steady growth trend in the first quarter of 2021 as well.

As of 31 March 2021, the total assets of QNB Finansbank reached to TL 257 billion 667 million, increasing by 10 percent, compared to the end of 2020, while net loans rose by 6 percent to TL 155 billion 83 million and customer deposits increased by 15 percent to TL 144 billion 511 million in the same period. The Group's net profit in the first quarter of 2021 realized at TL 651 million. As of 31 March 2021, total shareholders' equity reached to TL 19 billion 606 million with a two-percent rise compared to the end of 2020.

QNB Finansbank was the first bank to take measures to protect both its employees and customers from the outbreak of COVID-19 in 2020. Moreover, we have put in maximum sustained effort to support by the healthcare industry needs, to support the real sector and accordingly to contribute to the economy.

Once again, we prioritized the health of our employees and customers in the first quarter of 2021, and further accelerated our efforts aimed at economic growth and recovery of the real sector.

We accelerated our efforts through our banking activities with more digitalization, greater use of technology across all our units, and rapid generation of solutions, as well as business continuity loans, special packages for public servants, and new digital solutions SMEs.

At QNB Finansbank, we made a difference in 2020 with our digital investments and efforts. Our strength in this area now stands out both in corporate and consumer banking.

Alongside our banking operations, we surely maintain our unceasing support for children during the pandemic, and indeed by reaching even more children through our CSR projects taking full account of our responsibility arising from our scale and status in the sector.

"QNB Finansbank TALES Math Museum" has now become an online platform that all children in Turkey can access at no cost. Following the coding training that we pioneered in Turkey, we now conveyed our math support to the digital platform, as well.

Scratch Cup 2021, the coding competition that we co-organize with Habitat Association, was held online this year under the theme "Solution for the World's Problems". We have once again witnessed the children's awareness of technology and a more sustainable world. Over 1800 children and 673 teams applied for the competition. The final took place with the participation of 23 children from 10 teams.

I would like to thank our bankers, customers, and all our strategic business partners and correspondent banks, who reinforce our strength during these challenging period.

Kind regards,

Temel Güzeloğlu CEO QNB Finansbank A.Ş.

ONB FİNANSBANK ANONİM SİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Summary Consolidated Financials Belonging to the Period of March 31, 2021

Principal Financial Indicators (Million TL)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Total Loans	155,083	146,449
Securities	35,902	34,301
Total Assets	257,667	235,020
Customer Deposits	144,511	125,692
Equity	19,606	19,241
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Net Interest Income	2,584	2,483
Net Fee and Commission Income	774	706
Provision for Loans and Other Receivables (-)	626	696
Profit Before Tax	861	928
Tax Provision	(210)	(180)

As of March 31, 2021, compared to 2020 year-end total assets of the Group increased by 10% and realized TL 257 billion and 667 million. At the same period, performing loans increased by 6% and reached TL 155 billion 83 million while customer deposits increased by 15% and reached up to TL 144 billion and 511 million.

Net interest income of the first three-month of year 2021 compared to same period of the prior year, grew by 4% and reached TL 2 billion 584 million. At the same period, net fees and commission income grew by 10% and reached TL 774 million. Consolidated profit of the Group before tax reached TL 861 million and the consolidated net profit for the first three-month came in at TL 651 million.

As of March 31, 2021, total consolidated shareholders' equity grew by 2% compared to the 2020 year-end and reached TL 19 billion 606 million. The capital adequacy ratio of the Group has been realized as 15.23% as of 31 March 2021.

As of March 31,2021, the Group has operated with 467 branches and 11,309 employees.

Information Regarding the Financial Status, Profitability and Solvency of the Bank

Assets:

The Group maintained its customer-oriented activities during year 2020 and continued to grow mainly in corporate banking and retail loans. As of March 31, 2021, total consolidated performing loans increased by 6% and reached TL 155 billion 83 million in 2021 while total consolidated assets increased by 10% and reached TL 257 billion and 667 million compared to the end of 2020. The Parent Bank has maintained developing of corporate based loans (Corporate, Commercial and SMEs) which the Parent Bank has focused strategically during 2020 and corporate based loans has increased by 3%.

Liabilities:

As of March 31, 2021, shareholders' equity of the Group increased by 2% and reached TL 19 billion and 606 million and total customer deposits of the Group increased by 15% and reached TL 144 billion and 511 million compared to year-end of 2020.

Profitability:

In the first three months period of 2021 compared to same period of prior year, the Group's net interest income increased by 4% and reached TL 2 billion and 584 million and net fees and commission income reached TL 774 million. Profit before tax of the Parent Bank reached TL 861 million and the net profit for the period reached TL 651 million.

QNB FİNANSBANK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Solvency:

Due to its strong capital structure and high shareholders' equity profitability, the Parent Bank has a sound financial structure. Parent Bank has been utilizing of its capital efficiently for it banking activities and it maintains its profitability of shareholders' equity. When taking into consideration of its funding structure; Parent Bank is funding its credit facilities both by its large basis of deposits as well as by utilization of long-term external sources. Parent Bank has a quite great cost advantage due to benefiting from such various funding resources and at the same time it is minimizing the risks probable to occur due to differences in the maturity dates.

As having a significant place in the Turkish financial markets; QNB Finansbank with its strong financial structure also proves its credibility by the high ratings it received from the independent rating firms.

General Grants realized during the Period:

General grants realized as of March 31, 2021 was TL 244.

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